

AGENDA
FLUVANNA COUNTY PLANNING COMMISSION
Organizational Meeting
Circuit Courtroom
Fluvanna Courts Building
January 23rd 2013
7:00 p.m.

2013 Organizational Meeting of the Fluvanna County Planning Commission

1-CALL TO ORDER, PLEDGE OF ALLEGIANCE

<u>Election of Chairman and Vice Chairman</u>	<u>V</u>
<u>Selection of Dates for the Commission Meetings</u>	<u>W</u>
<u>Resolution entitled "Organizational Meeting of the Fluvanna County Planning Commission 2013"</u>	<u>XYZ</u>
<u>Adoption of Planning Commission By-Laws and Rules of Procedures</u>	<u>A</u>

AGENDA
FLUVANNA COUNTY PLANNING COMMISSION
Regular Meeting
Circuit Court Room
Fluvanna Courts Building
January 23rd 2013
Immediately following Organizational Meeting

2- PLANNING DIRECTOR'S REPORT

Ms. Allyson Finchum, Director of Planning B

3-PUBLIC COMMENTS #1 (3 minutes each)

4-APPROVAL OF MINUTES:

December 17, 2012 C

5-PRESENTATIONS (normally not to exceed 10-minute limitation)

2012 Development Activity Report D

6-PUBLIC HEARINGS:

7-SITE DEVELOPMENT PLANS:

8-SUBDIVISIONS:

9-UNFINISHED BUSINESS:

10-NEW BUSINESS:

11-PUBLIC COMMENT #2 (3 minutes each)

12-ADJOURN

For the Hearing-Impaired – there is a listening device available at the Circuit Court Room upon request. TTY access number is 711 to make arrangements.

For persons with Disabilities – if you have special needs, please call the County Administrator's Office at 591-1910 and relay your request.

Pledge of Allegiance

I pledge allegiance to the flag
of the United States of America
and to the Republic for which it stands,
one nation, under God, indivisible,
with liberty and justice for all.

ORDER

1. It shall be the duty of the Chairman to maintain order and decorum at meetings. The Chairman shall speak to points of order in preference to all other members.
2. In maintaining decorum and propriety of conduct, the Chairman shall not be challenged and no debate shall be allowed until after the Chairman declares that order has been restored. In the event the Commission wishes to debate the matter of the disorder or the bringing of order; the regular business may be suspended by vote of the Commission to discuss the matter.
3. No member or citizen shall be allowed to use abusive language, excessive noise, or in any way incite persons to use such tactics. The Chairman and/or the County Planner shall be the judge of such breaches, however, the Commission may vote to overrule both.
4. When a person engages in such breaches, the Chairman shall order the person's removal from the building, or may order the person to stand silent, or may, if necessary, order the person removed from the County property.

***FLUVANNA COUNTY PLANNING COMMISSION
PUBLIC HEARING RULES OF PROCEDURE***

1. Purpose:
The purpose of a public hearing is to receive testimony from the public on certain resolutions, ordinances or amendments prior to taking action. A hearing is not a dialog or debate. Its express purpose is to receive additional facts, comments and opinion on subject items.
2. Speakers:
Speakers should approach the lectern so they may be visible and audible to the Commission.
Each speaker should clearly state his/her name and address.
All Comments should be directed to Commission.
Each speaker is limited to three minutes and time may not be donated from other audience members.
All questions should be directed to the Chairman. Members of the Commission are not expected to respond to questions, and response to questions shall be made at the Chairman's discretion. Speakers are encouraged to contact staff regarding unresolved concerns or to receive additional information.
Speakers with questions are encouraged to contact County staff prior to the public hearing.
Speakers should be brief and avoid repetition of previously presented comments.
County residents and taxpayers may be given priority in speaking order.
3. Action:
At the conclusion of the public hearing on each item, the Chairman will close the public hearing. The Commission will proceed with its deliberations and will act on or formally postpone action on such item prior to proceeding to other agenda items. Further public comment after the public hearing has been closed generally will not be permitted.

For the Hearing-Impaired – there is a listening device available at the Circuit Court Room upon request. TTY access number is 711 to make arrangements.

For persons with Disabilities – if you have special needs, please call the County Administrator's Office at 591-1910 and relay your request.

MOTION: I move to elect _____ as Chairman of the Fluvanna County Planning Commission for the calendar year of 2013.

MOTION: I move to elect _____ as Vice Chairman of the Fluvanna County Planning Commission for the calendar year of 2013.

AGENDA PLANNING COMMISSION January 23rd 2013

SUBJECT: Election of Officers

TIMING: Routine

DISCUSSION: As has been your practice in the past, the Planning Director opens the meeting and calls for the nomination and election of the Chairman.

Upon the election of the Chairman, the elected chairman will then call for the nomination and election of the Vice Chairman.

The Annual or Organizational meeting of the Commission will be conducted first and then move to the Regular meeting and conduct of business.

Staff: Lauren Ryalls, Senior Program Support Assistant

Planning Director's Use Only

Allyson Finchum, Planning Director

MOTION: I move the Fluvanna County Planning Commission adopt the Planning Commission 2013 regular Meeting Calendar as presented [which does not include any joint meetings or work sessions].

Staff: Lauren Ryalls, Senior Program Support Assistant

Planning Director's Use Only

Comments:

Allyson Finchum, Planning Director



2013

Suggested
Planning Commission
Meeting Dates
4th Wednesday of each month

- January 23, 2013
- February 27, 2013
- March 27, 2013
- April 24, 2013
- May 22, 2013
- June 26, 2013
- July 24, 2013
- August 28, 2013
- September 25, 2013
- October 23, 2013
- November 18, 2013—Monday!
- December 16, 2013—Monday!

 Planning Commission Meeting Dates

 Holidays

JANUARY

S	M	T	W	T	F	S
		1	2	3	4	5
6	7	8	9	10	11	12
13	14	15	16	17	18	19
20	21	22	23	24	25	26
27	28	29	30	31		

FEBRUARY

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MARCH

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31						

APRIL

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MAY

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JUNE

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JULY

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AUGUST

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31						

SEPTEMBER

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29	30					

OCTOBER

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NOVEMBER

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DECEMBER

S	M	T	W	T	F	S
1	2	3	4	5	6	7
8	9	10	11	12	13	14
15	16	17	18	19	20	21
22	23	24	25	26	27	28
29	30	31				

PLANNING FOR THE FUTURE

FLUVANNA COUNTY PLANNING COMMISSION

132 Main Street
P.O. Box 540
Palmyra, VA 22963

Phone: 434-591-1910
Fax: 434-591-1911

E-mail: afinchum@fluvannacounty.org



**PLANNING COMMISSION
County of Fluvanna
Palmyra, Virginia**

RESOLUTION

At a regular monthly meeting of the Fluvanna County Planning Commission held on Wednesday, January 23rd 2013, in Palmyra, Virginia, the following action was taken:

<u>Present</u>	<u>Vote</u>
Samuel Babbitt	
Barry A. Bibb	
Patricia Eager	
Donald Gaines	
Ed Zimmer	

On a motion by _____, seconded by _____, and carried by a vote of ____ the following resolution was adopted:

Organizational Meeting of the Fluvanna County Planning Commission 2013

WHEREAS, the Code of Virginia requires an annual organizational meeting for the Planning Commission for the election of officers and the conduct of such other business as to meeting times and dates and,

WHEREAS, the Planning Commission does now conduct such an organizational meeting.

NOW, THEREFORE BE IT RESOLVED by the Planning Commission that it does hereby designate the Circuit Courtroom in the Fluvanna Courts Building as its meeting place for regular meetings to be held on the fourth Wednesday of each month at 7:00 p.m. Except in the months of November and December when the meetings shall be on the third Monday at 7:00 p.m. due to the holidays.

Adopted this 23rd day of January 2013
by the Fluvanna County Planning Commission

ATTEST:

Allyson Finchum, Planning Director

January 23rd 2013
Fluvanna County Planning Commission
By-laws and Rules of Practice and Procedures

CREATION

The Fluvanna County Planning Commission, hereinafter called the “Commission”, is an appointed body provided by the Code of Virginia, Section 15.2-2210. The Commission consists of five (5) members, one (1) appointed from each election district and one (1) representative of the Board of Supervisors. The Board of Supervisors representative does not vote by directive of the Board of Supervisors.

PRINCIPAL OFFICE

132 Main Street, Palmyra, Virginia; Mailing Address: P.O. Box 540, Palmyra, VA 22963

CHAIRMAN

At the first meeting of the year, the Commission selects one of its members to serve as Chairman. The Chairman is a voting member and serves for one year.

VICE-CHAIRMAN

At the first meeting of the year, the Commission selects one of its members to serve as Vice-Chairman. The Vice-Chairman is a voting member and serves for one year.

COUNTY PLANNER

The County Planner shall be Clerk to the Commission and his general duty is set forth in the Code of Virginia, Section 15.2-2217. He shall maintain an office at the same address as the Commission.

COUNTY ATTORNEY

The County Attorney assists the Commission in analyzing the facts; provides advice and action in legal matters and represents the Commission in civil actions.

QUORUM FOR THE EXERCISE OF COMMISSION BUSINESS

A majority of the commission shall constitute a quorum for the purpose of conducting Commission business. A vote of the majority of those present is necessary to take action on an issue.

PUBLIC SESSIONS

1. Except as otherwise directed the regular public meeting of the Commission shall be held on the fourth Wednesday of each month at 7:00 p.m. at the Fluvanna Courts Building in the Circuit Courtroom in Palmyra, VA.
2. A special meeting may be held at the call of the Chair or by the application of three members given to the County Planner. There shall be at least seventy-two (72) hours written notice for a special meeting.

MEETING AND ATTENDANCE

1. All meetings and business shall be conducted in accordance with the Code of Virginia, Roberts Rules of Order Revised, and these by-laws.
2. Meetings will be held on the fourth Wednesday of each month. If the fourth Wednesday falls on a holiday, a new meeting date will be scheduled by the Chairman. Meetings shall start at the appointed time, and if the Chairman is not present, the Vice-Chairman shall preside. If neither the chairman nor the Vice-Chairman is present, the County Planner shall call the meeting to order and preside for the election of a Temporary Chairman.
3. Any person making a written presentation or demonstrating a matter by way of a plat, brochure, picture, or similar document for inclusion in the record of the hearing shall provide the County Planner five (5) copies of such item seven (7) days prior to the meeting at which such person wishes to make a presentation.
4. The County Planner shall list all items requested on the agenda. If, in the opinion of the County Planner, an item is not appropriate for consideration by the Commission, he shall inform the Chairman, and if the Chairman is in agreement, the Commission shall first discuss whether to entertain the item.
5. The County Planner and Chairman of the Commission shall allocate time to items on the agenda as is necessary for appropriate consideration
6. The Commission shall consider all items docketed on the agenda before taking any other items unless an undocketed item is brought by consent of the Commission.
7. Time permitting, items not on the agenda shall be heard as the final items of the Commission's business. If time does not, in the opinion of the Chairman of the Commission, permit hearing items on the agenda, they shall be carried over to the next regular or special meeting.
8. The Chairman's vote on all issues before the Commission shall be recorded as being given with the prevailing side, unless the Chairman clearly votes otherwise.
9. Meetings shall be adjourned no later than 11:00 p.m. unless continued by unanimous vote.

CONDUCT OF BUSINESS

1. When the question is called and there is no dispute, the Chairman shall call for the vote.
2. Any member abstaining on a vote shall so indicate following the call for the vote.
3. Exhibits before the Commission shall become the property of the Commission and shall be filed with the County Planner.
4. Citizens shall not speak at a meeting until they are recognized. Citizens shall request recognition by addressing "Mr. Chairman" or Ms. Chairman" (as appropriate) and await acknowledgement. At his or her discretion, the Chairman may permit a dialogue without individual recognition between members of the Commission or between a member and a citizen if such dialogue is orderly and contributes to the expedition of the business. Such discussion will be discouraged.
5. Prior to opening a meeting at which one or more public hearings will be held, the Chairman shall recount the rules under which the hearing shall be operated, but he/she may amend the rules during the hearing by giving notice of the change.
6. At the beginning of the public hearing, the Chairman shall call upon the County Planner or the Chairman of the committee handling the matter at hand or shall recount a description of the issue placed before the hearing.

7. Subject to revocation or extension by the majority of the commission assembled, the Chairman may in all matters establish a maximum time for consideration of the matter, and/or limit the amount of time available to each speaker on a matter and/or limit the number of times each speaker may address the Commission on a matter.
Notwithstanding the foregoing statement, every Commission member shall be entitled to make a statement on every matter before the Commission and the call for the question shall not be entertained until all members who wish to exercise this right shall have done so.
8. All members or citizens shall limit their comments before the Commission. The Chairman has the option of requiring speakers to sign up before being authorized to address the Planning Commission.
9. The Commission has set forth the following rules for presentation time limits:
 - a. Individual presentations placed on the Commission's agenda shall be limited to ten (10) minutes in duration.
 - b. Individual presentation listed under the agenda item "Public Comments" shall be limited to three (3) minutes in duration.
 - c. Statements from the public during the "Public Hearing" on individual agenda items shall be limited to three (3) minutes.
 - d. Complete presentations on Commission action items shall be limited to not more than thirty (30) minutes.
 - e. Either of the above limitations may be extended only by majority consent of the Commission.

ORDER

1. It shall be the duty of the Chairman to maintain order and decorum at meetings. The Chairman shall speak to points of order in preference to all other members.
2. In maintaining decorum and propriety of conduct, the Chairman shall not be challenged and no debate shall be allowed until after the Chairman declares that order has been restored. In the event the Commission wishes to debate the matter of the disorder or the bringing of order, the regular business may be suspended by vote of the Commission to discuss the matter.
3. No member or citizen shall be allowed to use abusive language, excessive noise, or in any way incite persons to use such tactics. The Chairman shall be the judge of such breaches.
4. When a person engages in such a breach, the Chairman may
 - a. Order the person to stand silent,
 - b. Order the person's removal from the building, or,
 - c. Order the person removed from the County Property.

COMMITTEES

There will be no standing committees. Ad Hoc committees will be appointed by the Chairman as needed. Constitutional Officers may be appointed to committees.

RULES

1. The by-laws may be suspended at anytime by a majority vote of the Commission
2. The by-laws may be amended by a majority vote of the Commission, but only at the regular meeting next held after the proposed amendment has been announced at a regular meeting.

RECORD OF THE MEETING

The Clerk of the Commission (or another person acting in the capacity) shall electronically record each regular meeting. Recordings are the property of Fluvanna County. A stenographic record shall not be admissible as evidence of what transpired at a meeting, unless the person taking the record has been sworn prior to making the record. Interested persons may listen to the recordings in the County Planner's office or may obtain copies of the recording or portions of a recording by making appropriate arrangements with the County Planner's office. Costs will be borne by the person making the request. Audio recordings are also available on the county website www.fluvannacounty.org.



COUNTY OF FLUVANNA

"Responsive & Responsible Government"

P.O. Box 540 Palmyra, VA 22963 (434) 591-1910 FAX (434) 591-1911 www.co.fluvanna.va.us

To: Fluvanna County Planning Commission
From: Allyson Finchum, Director of Planning
Date: January 23, 2013
Re: Planning Director's Report

1. Board of Supervisors Actions:

December 19, 2012:

Allyson Finchum appointed Zoning Administrator.

SUP 12:01 - Clear Signal Towers, LLC (Kidds Store)

Deferred (5-0) a request for a Special Use Permit (SUP) to allow for a 195-foot wireless communications tower with respect to 331.29 acres of Tax Map 39, Section A, Parcel 34. The property is zoned A-1 (Agricultural, General) and is located on the south side of West River Road (State Route 6) near its intersection with Rolling Road South (Route 620). The property is located in the Fork Union Election District and is within the Rural Preservation Planning Area. The property is part of the Kidds Store Agricultural and Forestal District (AFD).

January 2, 2013:

None.

January 16, 2013:

Mr. Ed Zimmer appointed to the Planning Commission (Columbia District).

2. Board of Zoning Appeals Actions:

No January Meeting.

3. Technical Review Committee:

ZMP 12:02 - Hotel Street Capital, LLC

An ordinance to amend the Fluvanna County Zoning Map with respect to 222.0 acres of Tax Map 30, Section A, Parcel 110, and 10 acres of Tax Map 19, Section A, Parcel 39C (former Rivanna Resort) to rezone the subject properties from R-3 (Residential, Planned Community) with proffers to PUD (Planned Unit Development). The subject property is located within the Palmyra Election District on the western side of U.S. Route 15 (James Madison Highway) at its intersection with State Route 644 (Friendship Road),

approximately 0.25 miles north of State Route 661 (Rescue Lane). The proposed amendment would allow a maximum of 1,190 residential units (a mixture of single-family detached units, townhouses, and multi-family units) and 110,000 square feet of commercial space. According to the 2009 Comprehensive Plan, the property is located within the Palmyra Community Planning Area.

ZMP 12:03 - Southern Development

An ordinance to amend one (1) proffer associated with ZMP 04:02 of the Fluvanna County Zoning Map with respect to 44.217 acres of Tax Map 9, Section A, Parcels 13, 14, & 14C, zoned R-3, Residential, Planned Community, District. The affected property is located at the southeast corner of Route 618 (Lake Monticello Road) and River Run Drive. The property is located in the Palmyra Election District and is within the Rivanna Community Planning Area.



**FLUVANNA COUNTY BUILDING INSPECTIONS
MONTHLY BUILDING INSPECTION REPORT
DECEMBER 2012**

USE	Dec-11	VALUE	YTD 11	VALUE	Dec-12	VALUE	YTD 12	VALUE	Dec/Diff	VALUE	YTD	
											PERMITS	VALUE
New Homes	3	666,000	58	11,019,939	5	806,000	72	12,968,689	2	140,000	14	1,948,750
Duplex	0	0	0	0	0	-	0	-	0	-	0	-
Single Family (Attached)	0	0	5	510,000	0	-	4	360,000	0	-	-1	(150,000)
Adds&Alterations	21	250,921	238	4,768,313	17	216,486	258	3,945,023	-4	(34,435)	20	(823,290)
Garages & Carports	0	0	10	207,500	0	-	11	225,160	0	-	1	17,660
Accessory Buildings	1	4,100	17	243,008	0	-	8	80,500	-1	(4,100)	-9	(162,508)
Single Wide MH	0	0	4	63,500	0	-	3	18,500	0	-	-1	(45,000)
Swimming Pools	0	0	5	129,000	0	-	9	346,181	0	-	4	217,181
Recreational Bldgs	0	0	0	-	0	-	0	-	0	-	0	-
Business Bldgs	0	0	2	80,000	1	575,000	3	1,394,850	1	575,000	1	1,314,850
Industrial Bldgs	0	0	0	-	0	-	5	1,182,509	0	-	5	1,182,509
Other Buildings	0	0	6	15,820,001	1	2,000,000	10	3,220,219	1	2,000,000	4	(12,599,782)
TOTALS	25	921,021	345	32,841,261	24	3,597,486	383	23,741,631	-1	2,676,465	38	(9,099,630)
FEES	Dec-11	PREV TOT	YTD 11		Dec-12	PREV TOT	YTD 12		DIFFERENCE		DIFFERENCE YTD	
Building Permits	6,124.93	125,818.82	131,943.75		19,529.37	105,549.04	125,078.41		13,404.44		(6,865.34)	
Land Disturb Permits	725.00	28,365.00	29,090.00		875.00	39,045.00	39,920.00		150.00		10,830.00	
Zoning Permits/Proffers					950.00	16,700.00	17,650.00					
TOTALS	6849.93	154,183.82	161,033.75		21,354.37	161,294.04	182,648.41		13554.44		3,964.66	
INSPECTIONS	Dec-11	PREVIOUS	YTD 11		Dec-12	PREVIOUS	YTD 12					
	144	1,633	1,777		138	1,709	1,847		-6		70	

Darius S. Lester
Building Official

() represents a negative

Monthly Approval Report for December 2012

<i>District</i>	<i>Action</i>	<i>ID#</i>	<i>Description</i>	<i>Tax Map</i>	<i>Parcels</i>	<i>Total Acreage</i>	<i>Number of Lots</i>
Columbia							
	<i>Approved</i>						
		SDP 12-016	Site Plan Amendment	10	(A)32	41.64	
		ZUP 12-002	Collocation on Existing Tower	10	(A)32	0	
Fork Union							
	<i>Deferred</i>						
		SUP 12-001	Kidds Store Cell Tower	39	(A)34	331.29	

<i>AFD - Agricultural Forestal District</i>	<i>BSP - Boundary Survey Plat</i>
<i>BZA - Board of Zoning Appeals (Variance)</i>	<i>CCE - Code Compliance Enforcement</i>
<i>CPA - Comprehensive Plan Amendment</i>	<i>SDP - Site Development Plan</i>
<i>SUB - Subdivisions</i>	<i>SUP - Special Use Permits</i>
<i>ZMP - Zoning Map Proposal (Rezoning)</i>	<i>ZTA - Zoning Text Amendment</i>

Code Compliance Enforcement Activity for Director's Report

ID#	Tax Map Parcels	Reported Against	Type of Violation	Status	Status Date
Fork Union					
CCE 12-001	51A (A)22	JWS Enterprises, LLC (James W. Sherril	Misc.	1st Letter Sent	1/12/2012
Palmyra					
CCE 12-002	3 (A)-31, 32	JWS Enterprises, LLC (James W. Sherril	Misc.	Awaiting Action	2/29/2012
CCE 10-013	10 (3)-2B	Eric D. Taylor	SUPs	Awaiting Action	5/8/2012

**FLUVANNA COUNTY PLANNING COMMISSION
REGULAR MEETING MINUTES
Circuit Courtroom
Fluvanna County Courts
December 17, 2012
7:00 p.m.**

MEMBERS PRESENT: Barry Bibb, Chairman
Donald Gaines, Vice-Chairman
Samuel Babbitt
Patricia Eager
Joe Chesser, Board of Supervisors Representative

MEMBERS ABSENT: Carolyn Tinsley

ALSO PRESENT: Frederick Payne, Fluvanna County Attorney
Steven Nichols, Fluvanna County Administrator
Tom Patrick, Fluvanna County Schools Director of Operations
Barbara Horlacher, Finance Director
Eric Dahl, Budget Analyst
Wayne Stephens, Public Works Director
Allyson Finchum, Planning Director
Andrew Pompei, Planner
Lauren Ryalls, Senior Program Support Assistant

CALL TO ORDER

Chairman Bibb called the Planning Commission meeting of December 17, 2012 to order at 7:00 p.m. in the Circuit Court room of the Fluvanna County Courts Building in Palmyra, Virginia. After the meeting was called to order there was moment of silence and then the Pledge of Allegiance was recited.

PLANNING DIRECTOR'S REPORT

Ms. Allyson Finchum, Planning Director, gave the monthly report to the Planning Commission.

- **Board of Supervisors**
 - **December 5, 2012**
 - *None*
- **Board of Zoning Appeals Actions** – *No December Meeting.*
- **Technical Review Committee**– *No December Meeting.*

PUBLIC COMMENTS #1

Chairman Bibb opened the floor for the first section of public comments.

- Mr. George O'Malley, resides on Haden Martin Road, spoke regarding the Capital Improvement Plan for FY2014 - FY2018. Mr. O'Malley was then advised that there would be time during the public hearing for public comment regarding the CIP.

With no one else wishing to speak, Chairman Bibb closed the first section of public comments.

APPROVAL OF MINUTES

MOTION:

Ms. Eager moved to **approve** the November 28, 2012 Planning Commission meeting minutes as presented.

Mr. Gaines seconded. The motion carried with a vote of 3-0-1. AYES: Bibb, Eager, and Gaines. NAYS: None. ABSTAINED: Babbitt. ABSENT: Tinsley.

PUBLIC HEARINGS:

FY2014 – FY2018 Capital Improvement Plan – Review and recommendation of the Capital Improvement Plan (CIP) for fiscal years 2014 through 2018 (FY2014 – FY2018), which is to be submitted in conjunction with the Fluvanna County Budget for fiscal year 2014 (FY2014). The CIP lists major construction and acquisition efforts planned for the next five (5) fiscal years, and describes proposed methods of financing for each project.

Mr. Andrew Pompei, Planner, presented the FY2014 – FY2018 Capital Improvement Plan to the Planning Commission.

Chairman Bibb opened the floor for questions from the Planning Commission to staff regarding the Capital Improvement Plan for FY2014 – FY2018.

Mr. Tom Patrick, Director of Operations for Fluvanna County Public Schools, addressed the questions presented by the Planning Commission concerning items on the CIP including the Heating, Ventilation, and Air-Conditioning (HVAC) system at the Middle School and Abrams building, and the playground at Carysbrook Elementary School.

Ms. Finchum discussed the fire and rescue aspect of the CIP, stating that the protective equipment listed in the CIP should be replaced every ten years by FDA standards. At this time about half of the equipment is within a year of retirement age.

Mr. Tom Patrick returned to the podium, in his capacity as a member of the Parks and Recreation advisory committee, to address questions regarding the Parks and Recreation projects in the CIP. These projects included the athletic fields and fencing, restroom facilities, and amphitheater at Pleasant Grove. Mr. Nichols, County Administrator, elaborated on the amphitheater's ability to attract grant funding and be a revenue generator for the County once complete.

Chairman Bibb opened the public hearing.

- Mr. George O'Malley, resides on Haden Martin Road, spoke regarding the Capital Improvement Plan for FY2014 - FY2018. Mr. O'Malley brought to the attention of the Planning Commission the increase of \$2.7 million since the Planning Commission's last work session and his opposition to the pool and pool house being built at Pleasant Grove. Chairman Bibb explained the discrepancy that some items were missing from the work session that were supposed to be on the CIP.

With no one else wishing to speak, Chairman Bibb closed the public hearing.

The Planning Commission discussed which items to prioritize in the Capital Improvement Plan for Fiscal Years 2014-2018.

MOTION:

Mr. Gaines moved to recommend approval of the FY2014 – FY2018 Capital Improvement Plan (CIP) as presented, with a list of funding priorities listed below.

1. Move the Pleasant Grove athletic field and fencing, listed under Community Services, from FY2014 to FY2015;
2. Move the Pleasant Grove amphitheater, listed under Community Services, from FY2015 to FY2014 and commit \$5,000 to funding from the County and \$46,000 from grants;
3. Move Middle School HVAC system from FY2014 to FY2016, if interest rates are favorable, consider replacing the HVAC system at Fluvanna Middle School in FY2014 and fund through borrowing;

4. Leave MACAA roof replacement and other improvements, listed under Public Works, on FY2014, but do a comprehensive building assessment first.

Ms. Eager seconded. The motion carried with a vote of 4-0. AYES: Babbitt, Bibb, Eager, and Gaines. NAYS: None. ABSENT: Tinsley.

PRESENTATIONS:

None

SITE DEVELOPMENT PLANS:

None

SUBDIVISIONS:

None

UNFINISHED BUSINESS:

None

NEW BUSINESS:

Chairman Bibb reminded the Planning Commission that there will not be a January work session and the next regular meeting is scheduled for Wednesday, January 23rd in the Circuit Court Room at 7:00 p.m.

PUBLIC COMMENTS #2

Chairman Bibb opened the floor for the second section of public comments.

- Janice O'Malley, resides on Haden Martin Road, wanted to know who decides on buying the bonds for the County. Chairman Bibb answered Ms. O'Malley's question by stating that the Board of Supervisors is responsible for buying the bonds.

With no one else wishing to speak, Chairman Bibb closed the second section of public comments.

ADJOURN

There being no further business, Chairman Bibb adjourned the Planning Commission meeting of December 17, 2012 at 8:12 p.m.

Minutes recorded by Lauren Ryalls.

Barry A. Bibb, Chairman
Fluvanna County Planning Commission



FLUVANNA COUNTY, VIRGINIA

2012 DEVELOPMENT ACTIVITY REPORT



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Pictures on Front Cover (from left to right):

Single-Family Dwelling Under Construction in Sycamore Square (Phase IV); Recently-Completed Single-Family Dwelling in Sycamore Square (Phase IV); Single-Family Dwelling Under Construction in Sycamore Square (Phase III); Construction Equipment at the site of the future Goodwill store near Lake Monticello; and Single-Family Dwelling Under Construction in Cunningham Meadows.

INTRODUCTION

The Fluvanna County Department of Planning and Community Development is proud to present the 2012 Development Activity Report (DAR). Development activity in this report has been approved by the Fluvanna County Board of Supervisors and committees appointed or approved by them, including the Planning Commission, Board of Zoning Appeals, and the Department of Planning and Community Development. This report has been prepared to help visualize the growth impacting Fluvanna County, which is reflected by changes in land use. Land use changes are tracked by the Development Information Database (DID), which was used to prepare this report and is maintained by the Department of Planning and Community Development.

The DID is used to track site development plans, subdivisions, code compliance cases, special use permits, variances, zoning map amendments, zoning text amendments, and conservation easements, among other activities. A similar database used by the Building Inspections Department tracks building permits and is used in the residential activity calculations in this report. A direct comparison of the past twelve (12) years worth of land use planning data is also provided throughout this report.

The DAR allows land use comparisons and trends to be seen over time, which provides important clues for future needs, such as new school bus routes and traffic systems. This report reflects the outcome of development by Election District and Land Use Planning Area, and evaluates Fluvanna County's preservation initiatives. In addition, this report allows an analytical observation of the relationship between land use planning and various application requests. For example, proposed growth areas may not achieve the intended results if development requests are granted in areas outside established Community Planning Areas. This report provides a quantitative summary of development throughout 2012, and indicates where this growth is taking place.

In 2012, the recessed economy and housing market continued to have some impact on development in Fluvanna County. Fewer homes were constructed and fewer lots were created in 2012 than in the early 2000s. There are some signs of economic recovery; more homes were constructed and site plans reviewed in 2012 than in 2011.

Although residential growth has dropped considerably since its peak several years ago, new homes are popping up throughout the County. While more than a third of the new homes built in the County were located within the Rivanna Community Planning Area, only a handful were constructed within the gates of Lake Monticello; as the subdivision approaches build-out, new construction is taking place elsewhere. Sycamore Square, Cunningham Meadows, and Needham Village were other subdivisions in the Rivanna Community Planning Area that experienced new construction in 2012. Although few new lots were created, several landowners applied for boundary line adjustments, lot consolidations, and physical survey reviews.

While overall development activity continued to decline in the County, several long-range planning projects were initiated in 2012. Significant changes to the County’s landscaping, tree protection, and parking regulations were approved in August. In late 2012, the Planning Commission re-initiated discussion of the County’s proposed Cash Proffer Policy and rural zoning regulations. The Department of Planning & Community Development has also begun preparing for an in-depth review of the 2009 Comprehensive Plan.

In addition to the future land use map, the 2009 Comprehensive Plan contains 350 strategies for implementing the goals outlined in the plan. Since the adoption of the Comprehensive Plan in March 2009, several of these strategies have been completed, others are on-going actions, and some are in the process of being implemented. Appendix D provides a breakdown of the implementation strategies that have been completed, are in progress, or are on-going. Appendix E includes a list of long-range planning projects scheduled for 2013.



Image 1: Recently-begun renovations and additions to Palmyra United Methodist Church being constructed in accordance with a minor site plan approved in 2012 (SDP 12:011).

EXECUTIVE SUMMARY

Land Use Planning Areas

- Fluvanna County's Comprehensive Plan, adopted in 2009, continues to influence growth and development decisions.
- The Comprehensive Plan's designated growth areas cover 11% (20,000 acres) of the County. The growth areas, known as Community Development Areas, are located near existing population centers and are intended to receive the majority of new development.
- Roughly 89% (165,000 acres) of the County is designated as rural by the Comprehensive Plan. There are two designations for rural areas: Rural Residential and Rural Preservation.

Building Permits

- 77 building permits for new homes were issued in 2012, a 14.9% increase from the 67 permits issued in 2011.
- 34 building permits for new homes (44.2%) were issued within designated growth areas.
- 43 building permits for new homes (55.8%) were issued within rural areas.

Subdivisions

- 26 new lots were approved in 2012, a 18.2% increase from the 22 new lots approved in 2011.
- Eleven (11), or 42.3%, of the new lots approved were within designated growth areas.
- Fifteen (15), or 57.7%, of the new lots approved were within rural areas.
- Most of the new lots approved within rural areas (73.3%) were associated with family subdivisions.

Site Development Plans

- Nineteen (19) site development plans were reviewed in 2012, a 18.8% increase from the sixteen (16) plans reviewed in 2011.
- Approximately half (47.4%) of the site development plans reviewed were located within designated growth areas.

Special Use Permits

- Eight (8) special use permits were reviewed in 2012, a 33.3% increase from the six (6) special use permits reviewed in 2011.
- All of the special use permits reviewed were located outside of designated growth areas.

Zoning

- Two (2) rezoning applications were considered in 2012. One (1) rezoning application was approved, while the other was still under review (as of January 2013).
- Three (3) zoning text amendments were approved in 2012.
- No variances were granted by the Board of Zoning Appeals (BZA) in 2012. The BZA has not considered a variance since March 2, 2010.

Code Compliance

- Eight (8) complaints were investigated in 2012, a 65.2% decrease from the 23 complaints investigated in 2011.
- Six (6) of the code compliance cases initiated in 2012 were resolved, and two (2) are pending resolution.

Land Conservation

- There are 19 Agricultural and Forestal Districts (AFDs) in Fluvanna County, which include 18,037 acres (9.8% of Fluvanna County). AFD enrollment decreased by approximately 570 acres in 2012, with the discontinuance of the Riverside AFD.
- One (1) new conservation easement, totaling 79.7 acres, was recorded in 2012. This easement is held by the Virginia Outdoors Foundation (VOF). As of January 2013, 12,600.3 acres (6.9% of Fluvanna County) are protected by conservation easements held by various organizations.
- In 2012, 111,140 acres (60.5% of Fluvanna County) were enrolled within the Land Use Taxation Program, a reduction of 262 acres from 2011.



Image 2: Newer attached homes in Sycamore Square, a development located within one of the designated growth areas (Rivanna Community Planning Area).

DEVELOPMENT & COUNTY GOVERNMENT: PLANNING & COMMUNITY DEVELOPMENT

To ensure that growth and development occur in an orderly way that does not compromise the health, safety, and welfare of current residents and newcomers, Fluvanna County has its own Department of Planning and Community Development. The department's duties and activities are described below:

Current Planning (Development Administration)

This primary activity involves the daily administration and enforcement of the zoning and subdivision ordinances. Tasks associated with the administration of these ordinances include the processing of subdivision proposals, boundary adjustments, easement plats, site plans, special use permits, rezonings, and variances. County staff also respond to general inquiries and other requests.

The department serves as the primary staff contact for the Planning Commission, Board of Zoning Appeals, Agricultural and Forestal District Advisory Committee, and other ad hoc committees and task forces. Department staff also supports the Board of Supervisors as needed or requested.

Long Range Planning (Project/Policy Development and Management)

Planning recommendations are routinely provided to the Planning Commission and the Board of Supervisors on a wide array of issues. Strategic and long-term planning begins with the preparation and implementation of the Comprehensive Plan, associated comprehensive plan or zoning text amendments, the annual review of the Capital Improvements Plan (CIP) by the Planning Commission, and other local projects. These planning documents provide the foundation for many of the land use and budgetary decisions that are implemented by the County.

The department also manages the Agricultural and Forestal District and the Conservation Easement programs. Staff advises County agencies about regional and local transportation issues and assists in the development of recreational facilities as needed. Geographic Information Systems (GIS) information critical to planning and land use decisions is developed, collected, and maintained by planning staff. Routine contact with other regional planning departments including Cumberland, Goochland, Louisa, and the Thomas Jefferson Planning District Commission (and all of its member localities) is critical to maintaining up-to-date information and invaluable regional connections.

Code Enforcement and Inspections

Code compliance ensures that Fluvanna County’s regulations are enforced consistently and equitably. A wide variety of code issues are reported to the County, including subdivision and zoning ordinance violations, inoperative vehicle and junkyard complaints, and other nuisance and miscellaneous complaints.

Current Staff

The Department of Planning and Community Development consists of four full-time employees and one part-time employee:

Allyson Finchum:	Planning Director/Zoning Administrator
Steve Tugwell:	Senior Planner (Current Development)
Andrew Pompei:	Planner (Long-Range Planning)
Lauren Ryalls:	Senior Program Support Assistant
Scott Miller:	Code Compliance Officer



Image 3: A new Goodwill store is being constructed near Lake Monticello (Rivanna Community Planning Area) in accordance with a major site plan that was approved in 2012 (SDP 12:09).

DEVELOPMENT & COUNTY GOVERNMENT: BUILDING INSPECTIONS

To ensure that structures are built and modified in a safe manner, Fluvanna County has its own Department of Building Inspections. The department's duties and activities are described below:

Building Inspections

The department enforces the Uniform Statewide Building Code for all new structures, additions, and alterations, as required by state law. As part of its enforcement activities, the department reviews plans associated with all new regulated construction; performs the required building, electrical, plumbing, and mechanical inspections; and issues the necessary permits and certificates of occupancy. Inspectors ensure that new construction meets the regulations set forth within the zoning ordinance, including building setbacks. The department is also responsible for assigning addresses to new structures and initiating the street naming process.

Erosion & Sediment Control

The department is responsible for issuing all new land disturbance permits and ensuring that developing sites are in conformance with Chapter 6 (Erosion & Sedimentation Control) of the County Code. As part of their duties, the Erosion and Sediment Control Site Inspectors perform site inspections on a two-week rotation and after all significant rainstorm events.

Current Staff

The Department of Building Inspections consists of four full-time employees:

Darius Lester:	Building Official
Andy Wills:	Building Inspector
Roger Black:	Erosion & Sediment Site Inspector
Amy Helfrich:	Permits Clerk

DEVELOPMENT & COUNTY GOVERNMENT: PLANNING COMMISSION

The Planning Commission is an appointed body charged with promoting the orderly development of the community. Every locality in Virginia is required to have its own Planning Commission (Virginia Code §15.2-2210). Per Virginia law, the Planning Commission is responsible for:

- Preparing the local comprehensive plan;
- Preparing and reviewing amendments to the zoning and subdivision ordinances;
- Reviewing proposed changes to the zoning map;
- Reviewing major site plans and major subdivisions; and
- Preparing the local capital improvement plan (CIP).

The Planning Commission is not a legislative body, but an advisory committee. It makes recommendations to the Board of Supervisors on legislative matters, such as the adoption and amendment of the comprehensive plan, zoning ordinance, and subdivision ordinance.

The Planning Commission consists of five (5) voting members (one from each voting district) and one (1) non-voting representative of the Board of Supervisors. Planning Commission members are appointed to four-year terms by the supervisors representing their election district.

Staff from the Department of Planning and Community Development provide the Planning Commission with technical support.

Planning Commission Members (as of December 31, 2012)

Columbia District:	Carolyn Tinsley
Cunningham District:	Barry Bibb
Fork Union District:	Samuel Babbitt
Palmyra District:	Patricia Eager
Rivanna District:	Donald Gaines
Board of Supervisors Rep.:	Joseph Chesser

2009 COMPREHENSIVE PLAN: LAND USE PLANNING AREAS

The Comprehensive Plan is a guide to the future growth and development of Fluvanna County. The current Comprehensive Plan was adopted in 2009 with subsequent amendments. Since its adoption, the document has influenced land use decisions and County policy. Officials continue to implement strategies that help the County realize the goals described within the plan.

The Comprehensive Plan's Future Land Use Map shows where the County wants to direct new development. Fluvanna County has six (6) Community Planning Areas, which are intended to support higher density, mixed-use development around existing population centers. The Rural Residential areas accommodate low-density, clustered residential development, while the Rural Preservation areas are intended to remain largely undeveloped.

Figure 1: Comprehensive Plan Land Use Planning Areas

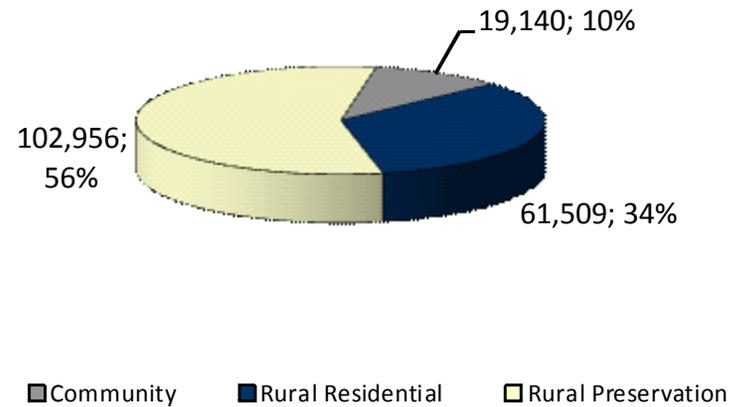


Table 1: Approximate Acreage in Land Use Planning Areas

Planning Area	Number of Parcels	Approximate Acreage	Percentage of Total County Acreage (Approximate)
Community	6,784	19,140	10.4%
Rural Residential	4,298	61,509	33.5%
Rural Preservation	4,800	102,956	56.1%
TOTAL	15,882	183,605	100.0%

Source: Dept. of Planning & Community Development

2009 COMPREHENSIVE PLAN: AMENDMENTS

With the approval of the Board of Supervisors, the Comprehensive Plan may be amended. These amendments should be based upon established goals and sound planning principles. According to Virginia Code, the plan must be reviewed at least once every five (5) years. Occasional revision is essential if the plan is to remain flexible and to continue to serve as a reliable guide for community growth; however, constant amendment of the plan undermines and limits its effectiveness.

Since its adoption in 2009, there have been few amendments to the current Comprehensive Plan. To date, the Board of Supervisors has approved four (4) amendments to the 2009 Comprehensive Plan.

Table 2: Comprehensive Plan Text Amendment Applications (2012)

Applicant Name	Affected Chapters of the Comprehensive Plan	Description of Request
Fluvanna County	Vision	Amend the <i>Vision</i> chapter to better reflect the adopted vision statement of the current Board of Supervisors

Source: Dept. of Planning & Community Development

RESIDENTIAL ACTIVITY: BUILDING PERMITS

Generally, any project that involves building a new structure, altering an existing structure, or demolishing a structure will require a building permit. Fluvanna County issues building permits for all construction within its boundaries. The number of building permits issued for new home construction helps officials understand the rate at which residential growth is occurring and where it is concentrated. In Fluvanna County, most new dwellings constructed are single-family units.

Table 3: Building Permits Issued for New Homes by Type (2012)

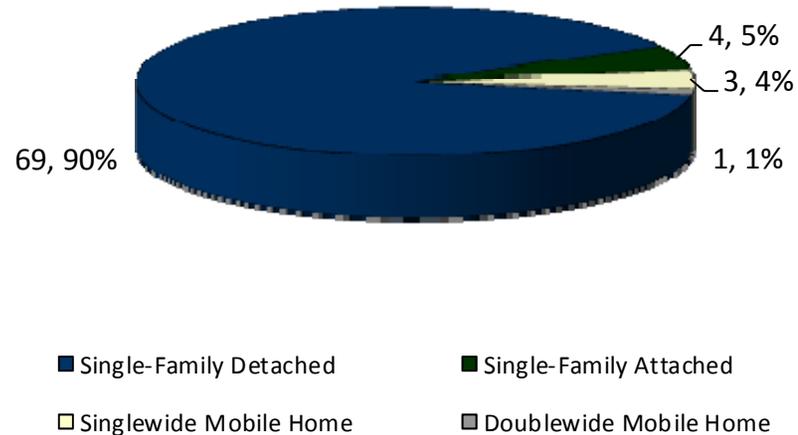
Housing Type	Number of Permits Issued	Percentage of Total
Single-Family Detached	69	89.6%
Single-Family Attached	4	5.2%
Singlewide Mobile Home	3	3.9%
Doublewide Mobile Home	1	1.3%
TOTAL	77	100.0%

Source: Dept. of Building Inspections



Image 4: A new single-family home under construction along State Route 53 in the Cunningham District.

Figure 2: Building Permits by Type (2012)



RESIDENTIAL ACTIVITY: BUILDING PERMITS

Table 4: Building Permits Issued for New Homes by Election District (2012)

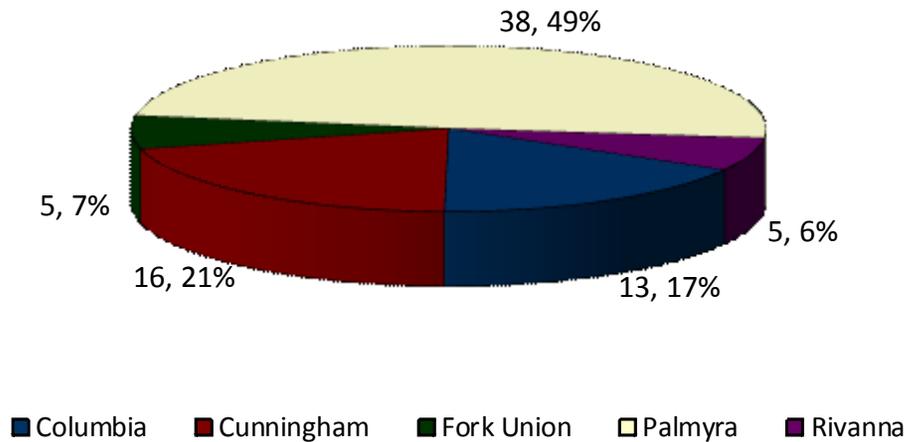
Election District	Number of Permits Issued	Percentage of Total
Columbia	13	16.9%
Cunningham	16	20.8%
Fork Union	5	6.5%
Palmyra	38	49.4%
Rivanna	5	6.5%
TOTAL	77	100.0%

Source: Dept. of Building Inspections



Image 5: Home under construction in Sycamore Square, a subdivision within the Palmyra District.

Figure 3: Building Permits Issued for New Homes by Election District (2012)



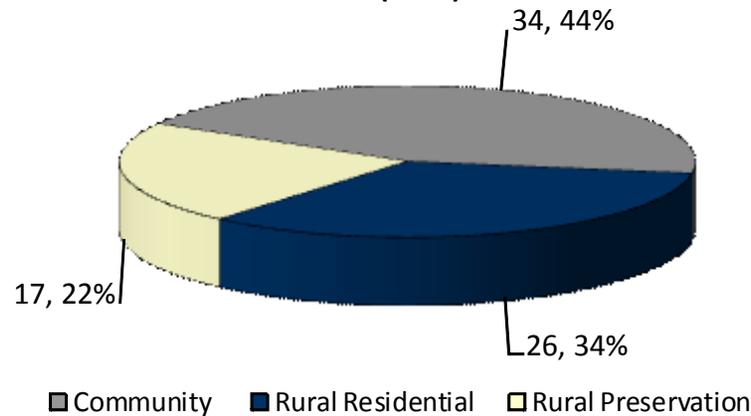
RESIDENTIAL ACTIVITY: BUILDING PERMITS

Table 5: Building Permits Issued for New Homes by Planning Area (2012)

Planning Area	Number of Permits Issued	Percentage of Total
Columbia Community Planning Area	0	0.0%
Fork Union Community Planning Area	0	0.0%
Palmyra Community Planning Area	1	1.3%
Rivanna Community Planning Area	27	35.1%
Scottsville Community Planning Area	1	1.3%
Zion Crossroads Community Planning Area	5	6.5%
Community Planning Area Subtotal	34	44.2%
Rural Residential Subtotal	26	33.8%
Rural Preservation Subtotal	17	22.0%
TOTAL	77	100.0%

Source: Dept. of Building Inspections

Figure 4: Building Permits Issued for New Homes by Planning Area (2012)



RESIDENTIAL ACTIVITY: BUILDING PERMITS

Lake Monticello is Fluvanna County’s largest population center. According to the 2010 census, Lake Monticello housed 9,920 residents, which represents 38.6% of Fluvanna County’s total population (2010 Census: 25,691). Since its establishment in the early 1970s, Lake Monticello has supported most of the County’s residential growth. As the community approaches build-out, new construction has slowed; new homes in Lake Monticello represent only a small portion of all new construction countywide. According to County estimates, 424 of the community’s 4,625 lots are vacant.

Figure 5: Number of Permits Issued Inside versus Outside Lake Monticello (2012)

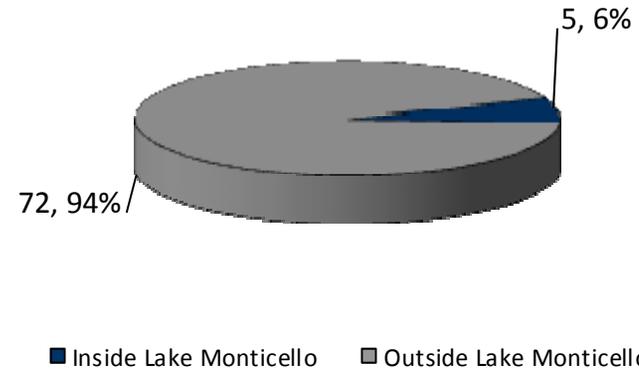


Table 6: Number of Permits Issued for New Homes Inside versus Outside Lake Monticello (2012)

	Inside Lake Monticello	Outside Lake Monticello	County Overall
Number of Permits Issued	5	72	77
Percentage of Total	6.5%	93.5%	100.0%
Average Cost of New Homes	\$284,600	\$164,919	\$172,691
Total Cost of New Homes	\$1,423,000	\$11,874,189	\$13,297,189

Source: Dept. of Building Inspections

RESIDENTIAL ACTIVITY: BUILDING PERMITS

Table 7: Building Permits Issued for New Homes Inside versus Outside Lake Monticello (2012)

Year	Inside Lake Monticello	Outside Lake Monticello	Total Countywide	Percentage Change from Previous Year
2001	282	171	453	30.1%
2002	269	162	431	-4.9%
2003	138	221	359	-16.7%
2004	154	182	336	-6.4%
2005	79	184	263	-21.7%
2006	42	176	218	-17.2%
2007	27	150	177	-18.8%
2008	23	95	118	-33.3%
2009	9	103	112	-5.0%
2010	9	100	109	-2.7%
2011	6	61	67	-38.5%
2012	5	72	77	-16.7%

Source: Dept. of Building Inspections

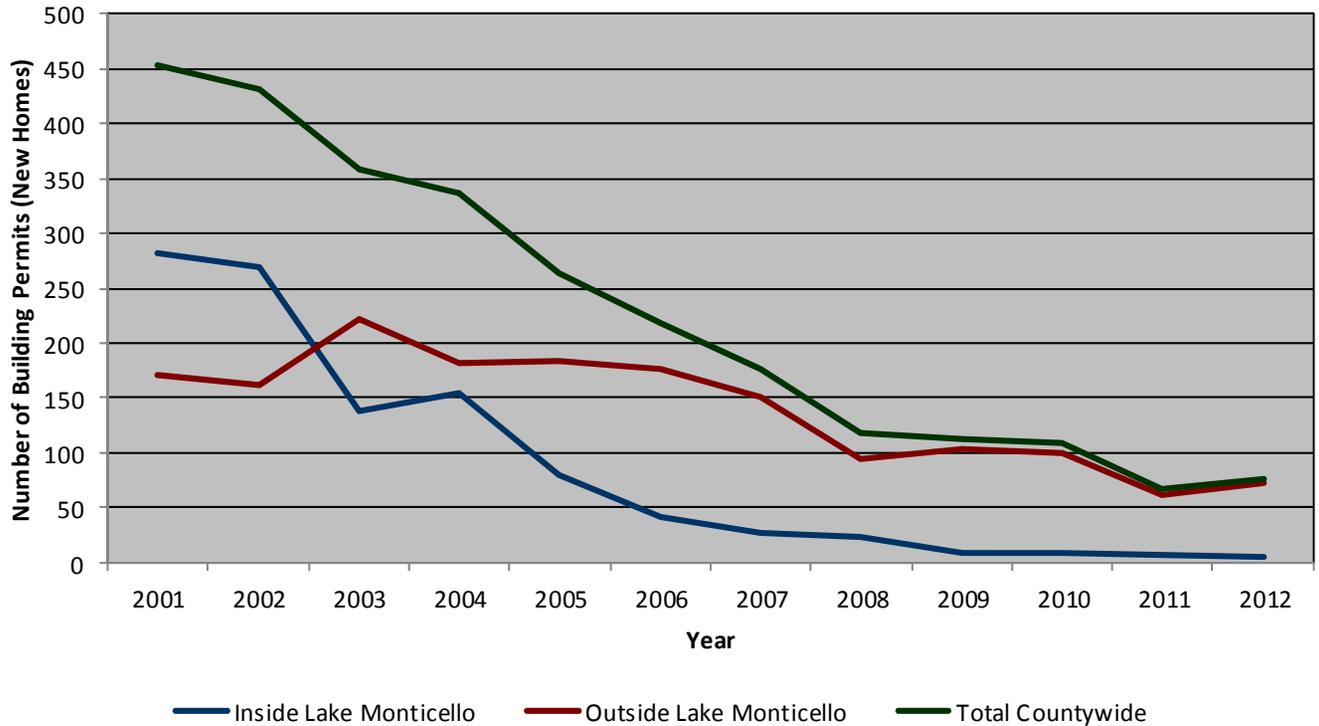


Image 6: A new home under construction in Cunningham Meadows, a rural cluster subdivision within the Rivanna Community Planning Area.

RESIDENTIAL ACTIVITY: BUILDING PERMITS

Since the early 1970s, thousands of homes have been constructed in Lake Monticello, Fluvanna County’s largest subdivision. In the early 2000s, more homes were built in Lake Monticello than in the rest of the County. In 2001, approximately 62.3% of new homes (282 units) constructed in Fluvanna County were located within Lake Monticello. As the community has approached buildout, the number of new homes constructed within Lake Monticello has dropped considerably. From 2009 through 2012, only 29 new homes were built in the community, representing only 7.9% of the housing units constructed countywide during that period.

Figure 6: Building Permits Issued for New Homes Inside and Outside Lake Monticello (2001 - 2012)



Source: Dept. of Building Inspections

RESIDENTIAL ACTIVITY: BUILDING PERMITS

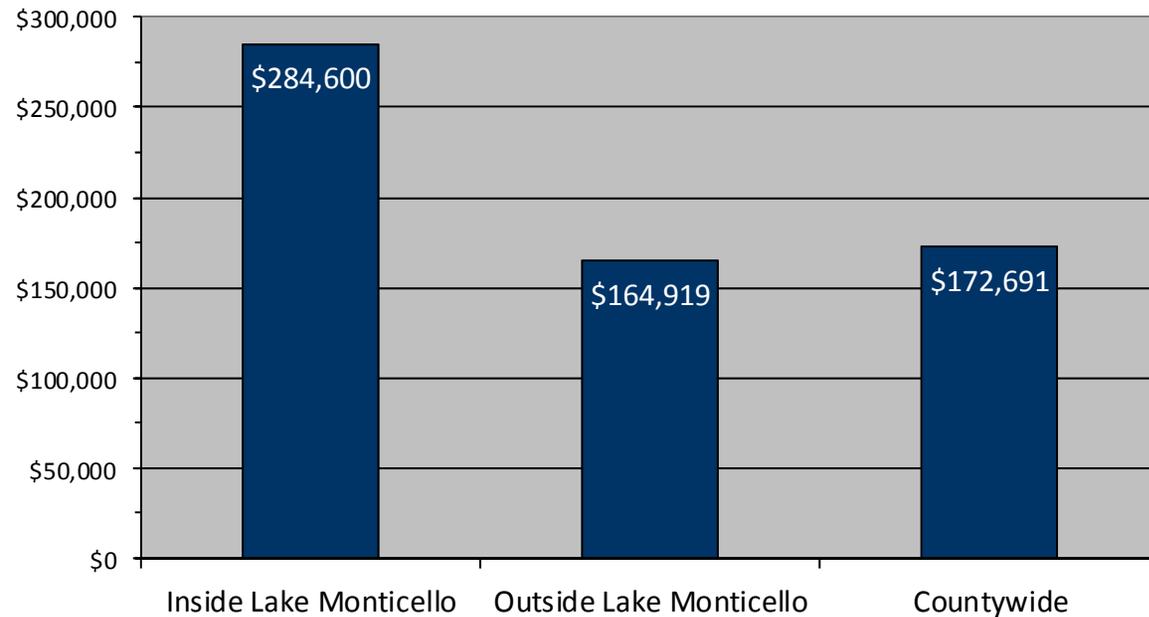
Table 8: Average Construction Cost of New Homes (2012)

	Inside Lake Monticello	Outside Lake Monticello	Countywide
Average Construction Cost of New Homes	\$261,000	\$164,384	\$172,691

When applying for a building permit, builders must provide an estimate of the home’s construction cost. In 2012, the average construction cost of a new home in Fluvanna County was \$172,691. Inside Lake Monticello, the average construction cost for a new home was \$284,600. Outside of Lake Monticello, the average construction cost for a new home was considerably lower (\$164,919).

Note that the average construction cost does not include land costs.

Figure 7: Average Construction Cost of New Homes (2012)



RESIDENTIAL ACTIVITY: BUILDING PERMITS

As the number of new homes constructed in Lake Monticello continues to decline, builders are purchasing lots in other newly-developed communities. Sycamore Square, located near Lake Monticello, had more new building permits (20) issued than any other subdivision (Image 7). The six (6) subdivisions with the highest number of building permits issued for new homes are all located in the northwestern corner of the County, near Lake Monticello and Zion Crossroads.

Table 9: Subdivisions with the Highest Number of Building Permits Issued for New Homes (2012)

Subdivision	Building Permits Issued
Sycamore Square	20
Cunningham Meadows	5
Lake Monticello	5
Sycamore Landing	5
Mountain Meadows	3
Needham Village	3
TOTAL	41

Source: Dept. of Building Inspections



Image 7: Single-Family Homes along Lexie Lane in Sycamore Square.

RESIDENTIAL ACTIVITY: SUBDIVISIONS

As its name implies, the subdivision ordinance regulates the division of land. Regulations within the subdivision ordinance control the dimensions of lots, the extent and nature of required utilities, plat details, and necessary transportation improvements. Virginia Code requires all localities to adopt a subdivision ordinance. The approval of subdivision plans is an administrative process; local planning staff reviews subdivision plans to determine whether or not they meet the provisions of the subdivision ordinance. In Fluvanna County, most new subdivisions are associated with residential development.



Image 8: The Villages of Nahor, a still-developing subdivision approved in 2005, is located within the Rivanna Community Planning Area.

RESIDENTIAL ACTIVITY: SUBDIVISIONS

Table 10: Approved Subdivision Lots by Planning Area (2012)

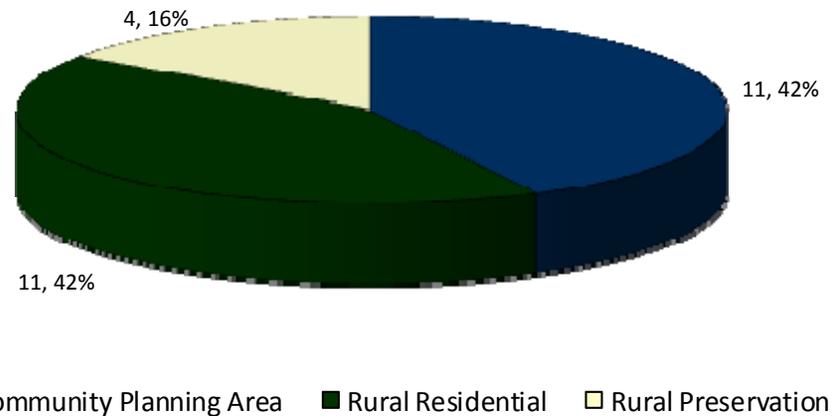
Planning Area	Subdivisions Type and Number of Lots			
Community	Major	Minor	Family	Total
Columbia	0	0	0	0
Fork Union	0	0	0	0
Palmyra	0	5	0	5
Rivanna	0	4	0	4
Scottsville	0	0	0	0
Zion Crossroads	0	2	0	2
Community Planning Area	0	11	0	11
Rural Residential	0	4	7	11
Rural Preservation	0	0	4	4
TOTAL	0	15	11	26

Source: Dept. of Planning & Community Development

In 2012, twenty-six (26) lots were created and approved through the subdivision process. Most of these lots were created as part of *minor subdivisions* (subdivisions with five or fewer lots). Many lots were also associated with *family subdivisions*, which permit the transfer of land to closely-related family members.

Almost of all of the lots created were located within a Community Planning Area or the Rural Residential Planning Area, as designated within the 2009 Comprehensive Plan. Community Planning Areas are intended to accommodate higher-density development near existing communities. The Rural Residential Planning Area is intended to accommodate limited low-density residential development (no more than one unit per two acres) and agricultural uses.

Figure 8: Approved Subdivision Lots by Planning Area (2012)



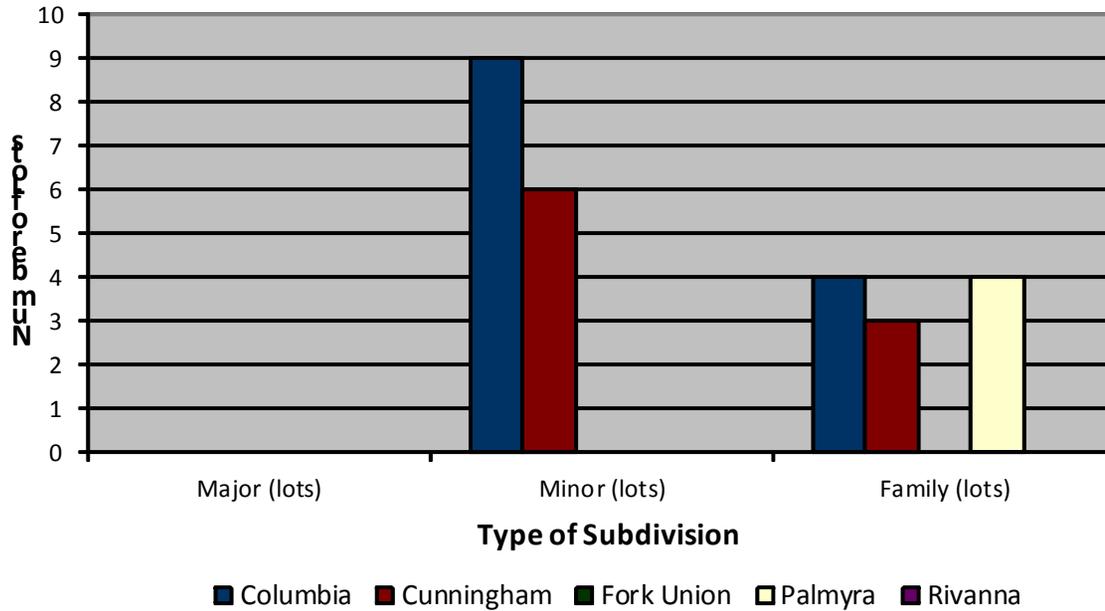
RESIDENTIAL ACTIVITY: SUBDIVISIONS

Table 11: Approved Subdivision Lots by Election District (2012)

Election District	Major (lots)	Minor (lots)	Family (lots)	Total (lots)	% of Total
Columbia	0	9	4	13	50%
Cunningham	0	6	3	9	35%
Fork Union	0	0	0	0	0%
Palmyra	0	0	4	4	15%
Rivanna	0	0	0	0	0%
Total (lots)	0	15	11	26	100%

Source: Dept. of Planning & Community Development

Figure 9: Approved Subdivision Lots by Election District (2012)



RESIDENTIAL ACTIVITY: SUBDIVISIONS

Table 12: Approved Subdivision Lots by Planning Area (2001 - 2012)

Year	Community Planning Area	Primary Residential Planning Area	Rural Residential Planning Area	Rural Preservation Planning Area	Total	% Change from Previous Year
2001	21	70	11	43	145	49.50%
2002	26	69	13	98	206	42.10%
2003	67	40	97	172	376	82.50%
2004	67	63	91	199	420	11.70%
2005	228	102	115	501	946	125.20%
2006	32	44	250	392	718	-24.10%
2007	79	17	75	418	589	-17.97%
2008	80	4	33	33	150	-74.53%
2009	2	N/A*	48	40	90	-40.00%
2010	40	N/A*	45	30	115	21.74%
2011	6	N/A*	2	14	22	-82.61%
2012	11	N/A*	11	4	26	18.18%

*Primary residential planning areas were designated within the 2000 Comprehensive Plan, but were removed from the 2009 Comprehensive Plan

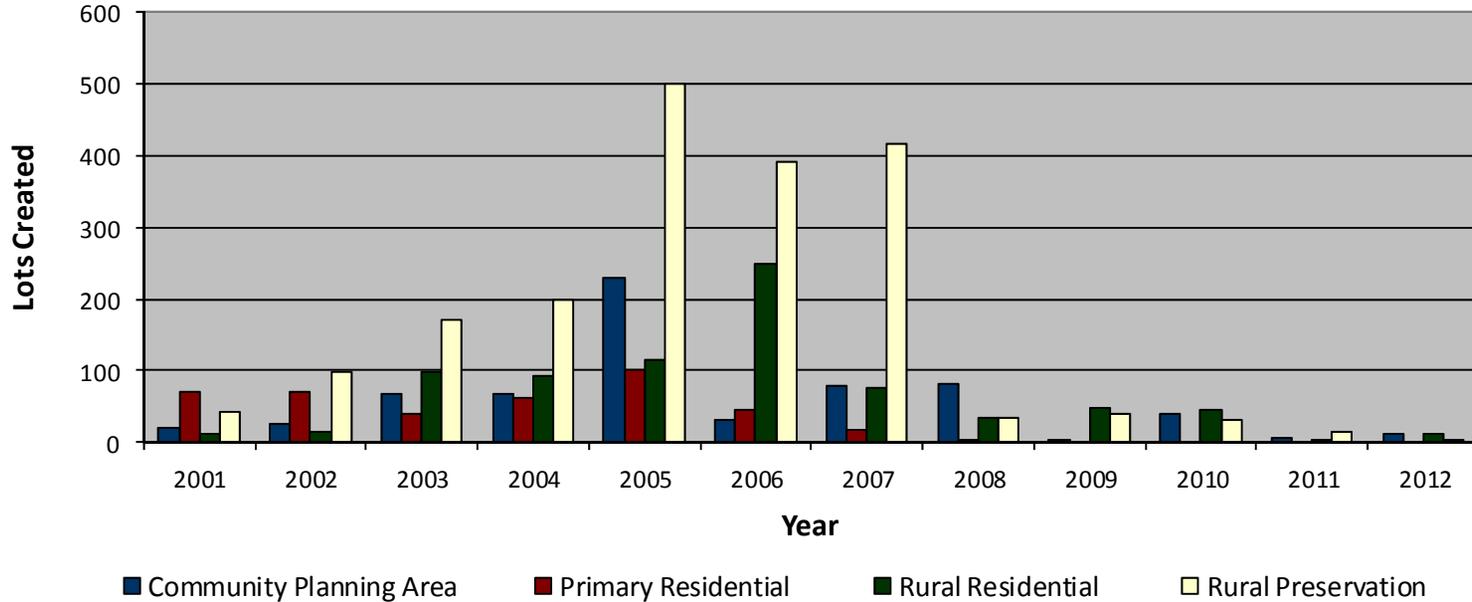


Image 9: A new home built by Fluvanna County Habitat for Humanity in Cedar Ridge. Cedar Ridge is a rural cluster subdivision approved in 2012 in the Palmyra Community Planning Area.

RESIDENTIAL ACTIVITY: SUBDIVISIONS

Subdivision activity has slowed significantly since 2007. In the mid-2000s, thousands of lots were created in Fluvanna County; most of these lots were located in areas designated for rural preservation. After 2007, the number of lots approved annually dropped dramatically. From 2008 to 2012, only 403 new lots were created, about two-thirds the number of lots created in 2007 alone.

Figure 10: Subdivision Lots Created by Planning Area (2001 - 2012)



RESIDENTIAL ACTIVITY: FLUVANNA/LOUISA HOUSING FOUNDATION

As part of the County’s commitment to addressing housing needs, the Fluvanna/Louisa Housing Foundation, a non-profit organization, was established by Fluvanna County residents in 1990 to improve substandard housing countywide. Since its founding, the organization has installed plumbing in over 100 homes, assisted many first-time homebuyers, and performed hundreds of emergency repairs. The organization also manages the Housing Choice voucher program.

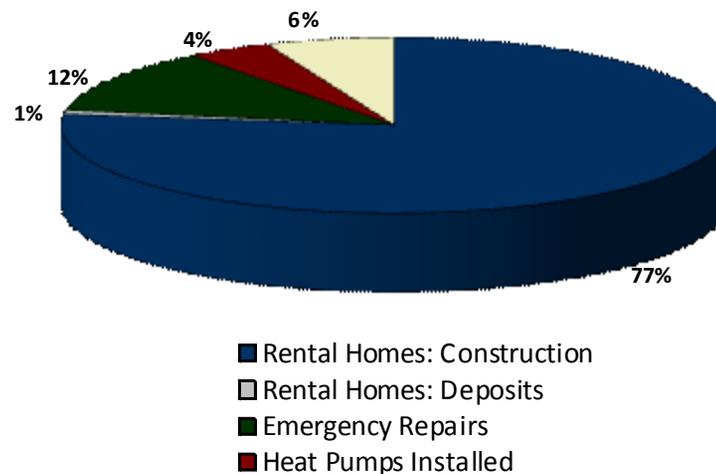
As of July 1, 2012, Fluvanna County no longer provides funding to the Fluvanna/Louisa Housing Foundation.

Table 13: Fluvanna/Louisa Housing Foundation Expenditures on Major Activities (2012)

Type of Activity	Cost
Rental Homes: Construction	\$122,000
Rental Homes: Deposits	\$1,147
Emergency Repairs	\$18,850
Heat Pumps Installed	\$6,550
Assistance to First-Time Homebuyers	\$9,900
TOTAL	\$158,447

Source: Fluvanna/Louisa Housing Foundation

Figure 11: Fluvanna/Louisa Housing Foundation Expenditures on Major Activities (2012)



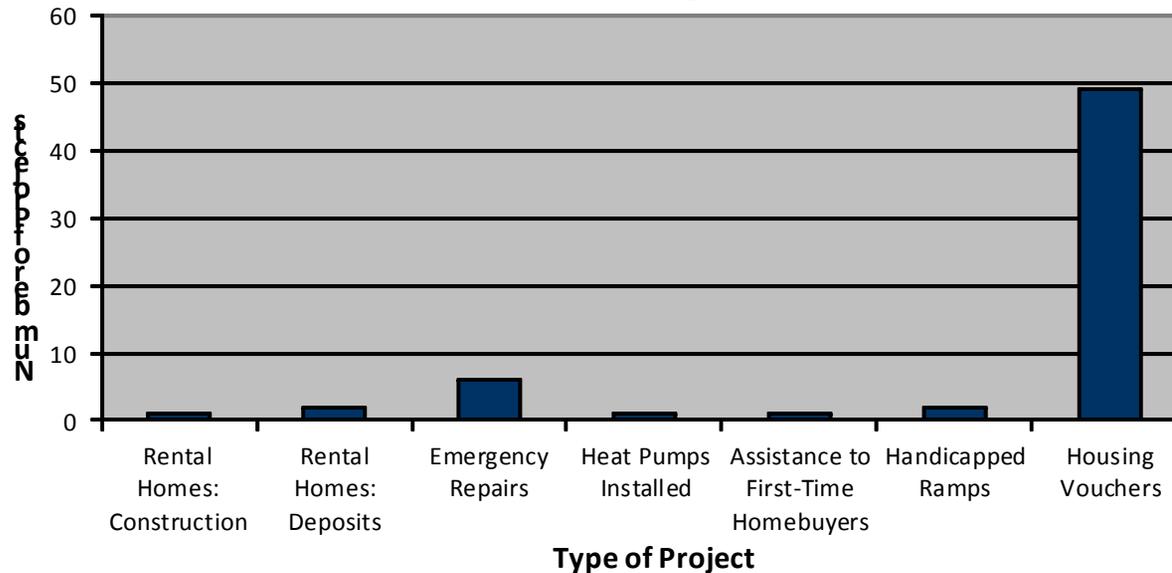
RESIDENTIAL ACTIVITY: FLUVANNA/LOUISA HOUSING FOUNDATION

Table 14: Number of Projects Completed by the Fluvanna/Louisa Housing Foundation (2012)

Project	Number
Rental Homes: Construction	1
Rental Homes: Deposits	2
Emergency Repairs	6
Heat Pumps Installed	1
Assistance to First-Time Homebuyers	1
Handicapped Ramps	2
Housing Vouchers	49
TOTAL	62

Source: Fluvanna/Louisa Housing Foundation

Figure 12: Number of Projects Completed by the Fluvanna/Louisa Housing Foundation (2012)



DEVELOPMENT ACTIVITY: SITE DEVELOPMENT PLANS

Per Fluvanna County’s zoning ordinance (Article 23), site development plans must be submitted whenever there is construction that causes a visible change; “visible change” includes grading, clearing for development, mining, or building improvements that change the traffic circulation on the site. Agricultural and forestry activities, as well as the construction of single-family homes on individual lots, are exempt from site plan requirements. Most site plans are reviewed administratively; sketch plans that preclude major site plans must be reviewed by the Planning Commission.



Image 10: New Construction at the Transcontinental Gas Pipeline Compressor Station is taking place in accordance with a Site Development Plan approved in 2012.

DEVELOPMENT ACTIVITY: SITE DEVELOPMENT PLANS

Table 15: Site Development Plans within Community Planning Areas (2012)

Community Planning Areas							
Planning Area	Project Description	Applicant	Use	Zoning	Election District	Site Plan Type	Status
Fork Union CPA	Convert Building to Church/Retail Space	Chauncey W. Starkey, Jr.	Commercial/ Institutional	B-1	Fork Union	Minor	Under Review
Fork Union CPA	Water Tank: Additional Antennas/ Ground Equipment	Verizon Wireless	Commercial	A-1	Fork Union	Amendment	Approved
Palmyra CPA	Addition to Existing Gas Station	LSF5 Cavalier Investments, LLC	Commercial	B-C	Columbia	Minor	Approved
Palmyra CPA	Addition to Existing Church	Robert Boucheron	Institutional	A-1	Palmyra	Minor	Approved
Rivanna CPA	Addition of Dumpster Enclosure	Jefferson Centre, LLC	Commercial	B-1	Cunningham	Amendment	Approved
Rivanna CPA	Retail Store	Triangle Realtors	Commercial	B-1	Cunningham	Major	Approved
Zion Crossroads CPA	Contractor's Storage Yard	33 Hunters Branch, LLC	Industrial	I-1	Columbia	Major	Under Review
Zion Crossroads CPA	Expansion of Contractor's Storage Yard	Alan G. Dillard	Industrial	I-1/I-2	Palmyra	Amendment	Approved
Zion Crossroads CPA	Daycare/Storage	James Watson	Commercial	B-1	Columbia	Minor	Approved
Zion Crossroads CPA	Contractor's Storage Yard	Virginia Electric Power Company	Industrial	I-1	Palmyra	Major	Approved

DEVELOPMENT ACTIVITY: SITE DEVELOPMENT PLANS

Table 16: Site Development Plans outside Community Planning Areas (2012)

Rural Residential							
Planning Area	Project Description	Applicant	Use	Zoning	Election District	Site Plan Type	Status
Rural Residential	Church	Calvary Chapel Fluvanna	Institutional	A-1	Fork Union	Major	Approved
Rural Residential	Accessory/Storage Building	Calvary Chapel Fluvanna	Institutional	A-1	Fork Union	Amendment	Under Review
Rural Residential	Telecommunications Facility: 195' Monopole	Central States Tower II, LLC	Commercial	A-1	Fork Union	Major	Approved
Rural Residential	Expansion of Existing Small Home Industry	Clifford H. Krammes	Commercial	A-1	Fork Union	Minor	Approved
Rural Residential	Additional Parking/Lighting at Automotive Business	James R. & Kayla Campbell	Commercial	B-1	Columbia	Sketch	Approved
Rural Residential	Telecommunications Facility: Additional Antennas/Ground Equipment	Verizon Wireless	Commercial	B-1	Columbia	Amendment	Approved
Rural Residential	Telecommunications Facility: 195' Monopole	Veterans of Foreign Wars: Post 8169	Commercial	A-1	Cunningham	Major	Under Review
Rural Preservation Areas							
Planning Area	Project Description	Applicant	Use	Zoning	Election District	Site Plan Type	Status
Rural Preservation	Wastewater Treatment Plant Replacement	Fluvanna County Public Schools	Institutional	A-1	Fork Union	Minor	Approved
Rural Preservation	Expansion of Existing Logging Operation	Hurt & Proffitt/Scot Shippee	Commercial	B-1	Fork Union	Major	Approved

DEVELOPMENT ACTIVITY: SITE DEVELOPMENT PLANS

Table 17: Site Development Plans for Commercial Uses (2012)

Commercial							
Use	Project Description	Applicant	Planning Area	Zoning	Election District	Site Plan Type	Status
Commercial	Daycare/Storage	James Watson	Zion Crossroads CPA	B-1	Columbia	Minor	Approved
Commercial	Water Tank: Additional Antennas/Ground Equipment	Verizon Wireless	Fork Union CPA	A-1	Fork Union	Amendment	Approved
Commercial	Addition to Existing Gas Station	LSF5 Cavalier Investments, LLC	Palmyra CPA	B-C	Columbia	Minor	Approved
Commercial	Addition of Dumpster Enclosure	Jefferson Centre, LLC	Rivanna CPA	B-1	Cunningham	Amendment	Approved
Commercial	Retail Store	Triangle Realtors	Rivanna CPA	B-1	Cunningham	Major	Approved
Commercial	Daycare/Storage	James Watson	Zion Crossroads CPA	B-1	Columbia	Minor	Approved
Commercial	Telecommunications Facility: 195' Monopole	Central States Tower II, LLC	Rural Residential	A-1	Fork Union	Major	Approved
Commercial	Expansion of Existing Small Home Industry	Clifford H. Krammes	Rural Residential	A-1	Fork Union	Minor	Approved
Commercial	Additional Parking/Lighting at Automotive Business	James R. & Kayla Campbell	Rural Residential	B-1	Columbia	Sketch	Approved
Commercial	Telecommunications Facility: Additional Antennas/Ground Equipment	Verizon Wireless	Rural Residential	B-1	Columbia	Amendment	Approved
Commercial	Telecommunications Facility: 195' Monopole	Veterans of Foreign Wars: Post 8169	Rural Residential	A-1	Cunningham	Major	Under Review

DEVELOPMENT ACTIVITY: SITE DEVELOPMENT PLANS

Table 18: Site Development Plans for Industrial and Institutional Uses (2012)

Industrial							
Use	Project Description	Applicant	Planning Area	Zoning	Election District	Site Plan Type	Status
Zion Crossroads CPA	Contractor's Storage Yard	33 Hunters Branch, LLC	Industrial	I-1	Columbia	Major	Under Review
Zion Crossroads CPA	Expansion of Contractor's Storage Yard	Alan G. Dillard	Industrial	I-1/I-2	Palmyra	Amendment	Approved
Zion Crossroads CPA	Contractor's Storage Yard	Virginia Electric Power Company	Industrial	I-1	Palmyra	Major	Approved
Institutional							
Use	Project Description	Applicant	Planning Area	Zoning	Election District	Site Plan Type	Status
Institutional	Addition to Existing Church	Robert Boucheron	Palmyra CPA	A-1	Palmyra	Minor	Approved
Institutional	Church	Calvary Chapel Fluvanna	Rural Residential	A-1	Fork Union	Major	Approved
Institutional	Accessory/Storage Building	Calvary Chapel Fluvanna	Rural Residential	A-1	Fork Union	Amendment	Under Review
Institutional	Wastewater Treatment Plant Replacement	Fluvanna County Public Schools	Rural Preservation	A-1	Fork Union	Minor	Approved
Commercial/ Institutional	Convert Building to Church/ Retail Space	Chauncey W. Starkey, Jr.	Fork Union CPA	B-1	Fork Union	Minor	Under Review

DEVELOPMENT ACTIVITY: SITE DEVELOPMENT PLANS

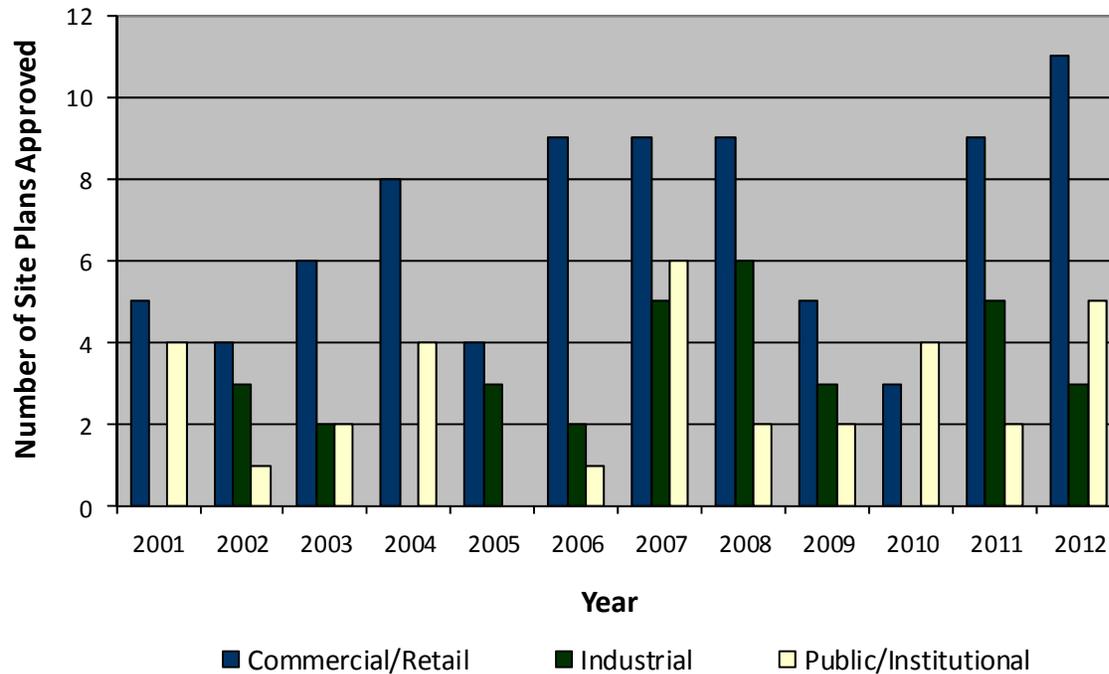
Table 19: Site Development Plans by Project Type (2001 - 2012)

Year	Commercial/Retail	Industrial	Public/Institutional	TOTAL
2001	5	0	4	9
2002	4	3	1	8
2003	6	2	2	10
2004	8	0	4	12
2005	4	3	0	7
2006	9	2	1	12
2007	9	5	6	20
2008	9	6	2	17
2009	5	3	2	10
2010	3	0	4	7
2011	9	5	2	16
2012	11	3	5	19
TOTAL	82	32	33	147

DEVELOPMENT ACTIVITY: SITE DEVELOPMENT PLANS

In 2012, site development plans were submitted for new projects throughout the County. Most of these projects were located within one of the community planning areas. Nineteen (19) site developments were submitted in 2012, the highest number since 2007. The majority of the site development plans submitted accommodated the construction or expansion of commercial uses.

Figure 13: Site Development Plans by Type (2001 - 2012)



ZONING ACTIVITY: ZONING TEXT AMENDMENTS

The zoning ordinance establishes regulations governing the use of land. Fluvanna County’s zoning ordinance includes eleven (11) different districts and describes the allowable uses permitted in each district. It also establishes design standards for new development.

Fluvanna County’s zoning ordinance was first adopted in January 1974. Since that time, its text has been amended to reflect the changing needs of the community. Many, but not all, of the zoning text amendments have been initiated by the Planning Commission or Board of Supervisors.

Table 20: Zoning Text Amendments (2012)

Applicant Name	Applicable Section of County Ordinance	Description of Request
Fluvanna County	Chapter 22: Articles 22, 24, 26	Changes to Regulations regarding Tree Protection, Landscaping, and Off-Street Parking
Fluvanna County	Chapter 19: Articles 7, 8	Changes to Regulations regarding Landscaping and Similar Improvements (Subdivision Ordinance)
Fluvanna County	Chapter 22: Article	Changes to Regulations regarding Landscaping-Related Businesses

Source: Dept. of Planning & Community Development

All of the zoning text amendments reviewed by the Planning Commission and Board of Supervisors in 2012 were ultimately approved. Upon approval, the new language was incorporated into the Fluvanna County Zoning Ordinance.

Note: For tracking purposes, amendments to the zoning and subdivision ordinances are both classified as zoning text amendments (ZTAs).

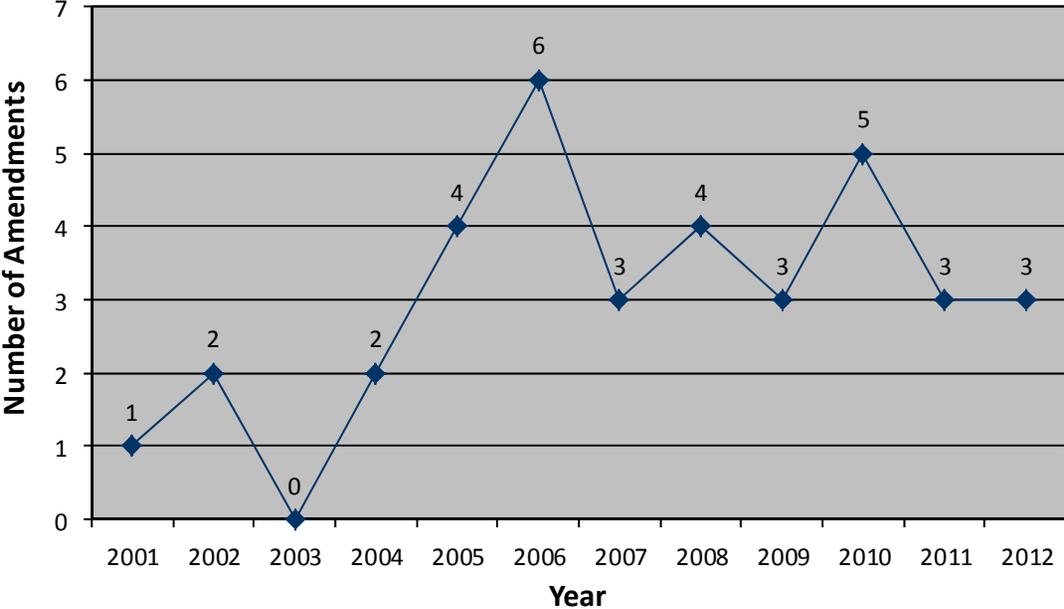
ZONING ACTIVITY: ZONING TEXT AMENDMENTS

Most zoning text amendments have been initiated by the Planning Commission or the Board of Supervisors. Many of these amendments were intended to address changing development patterns, as well as economic, environmental, and public safety concerns. Since the County’s needs are constantly changing, there is usually at least one (1) zoning text amendment annually.

Table 21: Zoning Text Amendments (2001 - 2012)

Year	Number
2001	1
2002	2
2003	0
2004	2
2005	4
2006	6
2007	3
2008	4
2009	3
2010	5
2011	3
2012	3
TOTAL	36

Figure 14: Zoning Text Amendments (2001 - 2012)



ZONING ACTIVITY: ZONING MAP AMENDMENTS

Zoning map amendments are requests to change the zoning of a particular property (rezoning). Requested zoning map amendments must be reviewed by the Planning Commission and approved by the Board of Supervisors. While these requests generally involve changing the property’s zoning classification from one district to another, they may also involve modifications to conditions imposed upon a property as part of a previous rezoning.

There are currently eleven different zoning districts: A-1 (Agricultural), R-1 (Residential, Limited), R-2 (Residential, General), R-3 (Residential, Planned Community), R-4 (Residential, Limited), B-1 (Business, General), B-C (Business, Convenience), I-1 (Industrial, Limited), I-2 (Industrial, General), Mobile Home Park (MHP), and Planned Unit Development (PUD).

Table 22: Zoning Map Amendment Applications by Planning Area (2012)

Planning Area	Applicant	Prior Zoning	New Zoning	Conditional	Status	Acreage
Rivanna Community Planning Area	Southern Holdings, LLC	B-C	B-C (amend proffers)	Yes	Approved	1.43
Palmyra Community Planning Area	Hotel Street Capital, LLC	R-3	PUD	No	Under Review	232.00
TOTAL ACREAGE						233.43

Source: Dept. of Planning & Community Development

Table 23: Zoning Map Amendment Applications by Election District (2012)

Election District	Applicant	Prior Zoning	New Zoning	Conditional	Status	Acreage
Palmyra	Southern Holdings, LLC	B-C	B-C (amend proffers)	Yes	Approved	1.43
Palmyra	Hotel Street Capital, LLC	R-3	PUD	No	Under Review	232.00
TOTAL ACREAGE						233.43

Source: Dept. of Planning & Community Development

ZONING ACTIVITY: ZONING MAP AMENDMENTS

Table 24: Zoning Map Amendments Approved by Planning Area (2001—2012)

Planning Area	Acres Rezoned											
	2001	2002	2003	2004	2005	2006	2007	2008	2009	2010	2011	2012
Columbia	**	**	**	**	**	**	**	**	0	0	0	0
Fork Union	11	0	0	0	0.34	9.52	7.087	0	0	0	0	0
Palmyra	0	0	0	52.1	4.8	52.14	5	0	231.8	0	0	1.43
Rivanna	18.5	116	16.5	42.7	0	11.36	43.74	0	2.89	44.22	1.43	0
Scottsville	**	**	**	**	**	**	**	**	0	0	0	0
Zion Crossroads	2	15.1	27.3	25.2	54.26	67.66	30.87	21.75	0	0	23.92	0
Community Subtotal	20.50	131.10	43.80	67.90	54.26	140.68	86.70	21.75	234.72	44.22	25.35	1.43
Primary Residential	0	0	0	0	0	1.45	0	0	*	*	*	*
Rural Residential	0	0	0	43.8	0	0	0	2	5.3	0	0	0
Rural Preservation	0	0	0	0	12.95	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Total	31.50	131.10	43.80	163.90	72.40	142.13	86.70	23.75	240.02	44.22	25.35	1.43

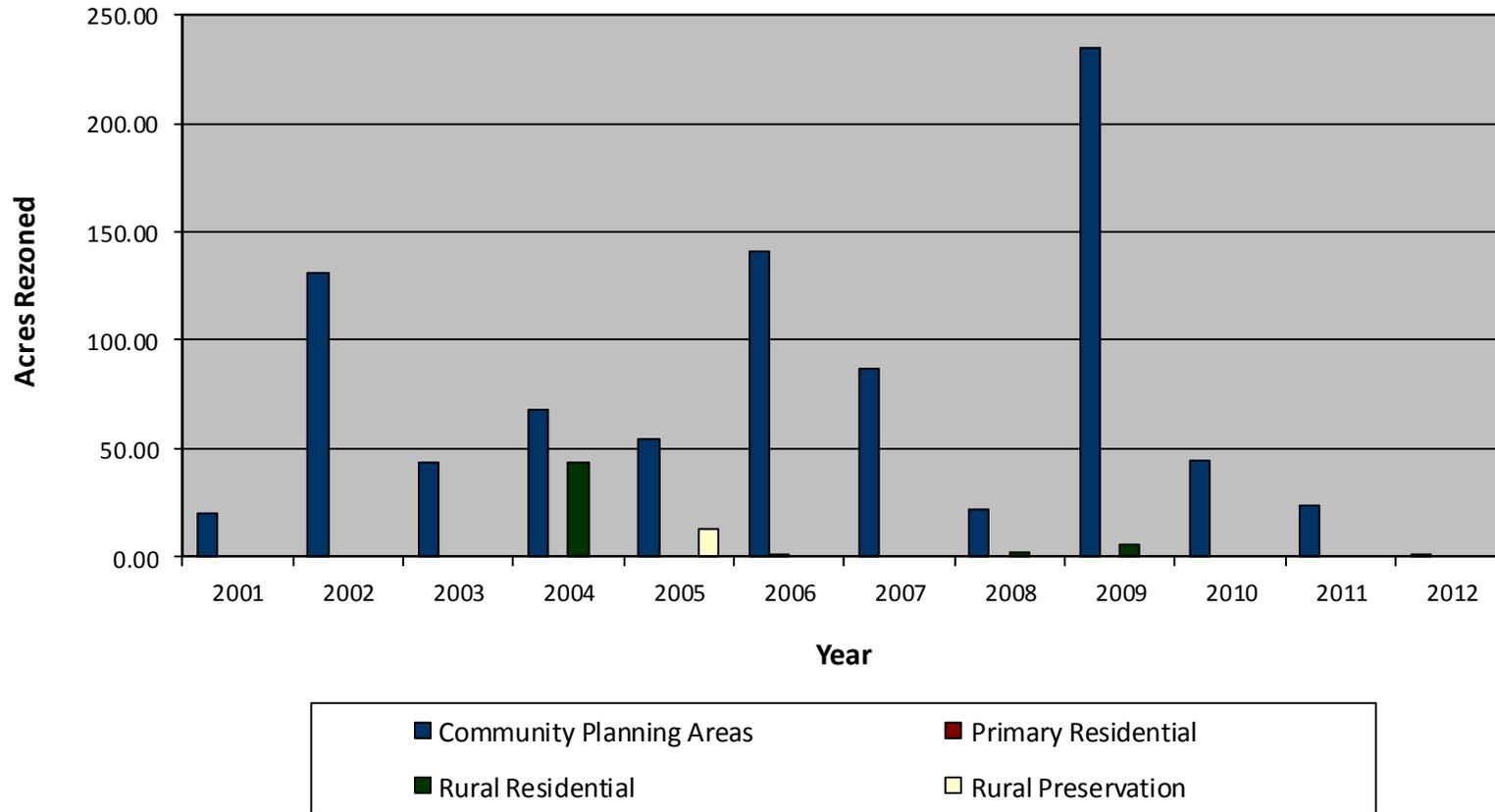
* Primary Residential Planning Area was eliminated.

Source: Dept. of Planning & Community Development

** Columbia CPA and Scottsville CPA were adopted as part of the 2009 Comprehensive Plan.

ZONING ACTIVITY: ZONING MAP AMENDMENTS

**Figure 15: Approved Zoning Map Amendment by Planning Area
(2001 - 2012)**



ZONING ACTIVITY: SPECIAL USE PERMITS

Within the Fluvanna County Zoning Ordinance, certain uses may be permitted in select districts with a special use permit. Uses that require a special use permit may be appropriate in certain locations, but not throughout the entire zoning district. The Planning Commission and the Board of Supervisors review special use permit applications to ensure that the proposed use:

- Does not change the character and established pattern of development in the surrounding location;
- Is compatible with the uses permitted by-right in the zoning district; and
- Does not adversely affect the use or value of neighboring property.

The Board of Supervisors may require that the applicants adhere to certain conditions. If the conditions are not met, the special use permit may be revoked.



Image 11: Grace & Glory Lutheran Church near Palmyra (Cunningham District) was constructed in 2011 and 2012 in accordance with a Special Use Permit (SUP) approved in 2003.

ZONING ACTIVITY: SPECIAL USE PERMITS

Table 25: Special Use Permit (SUP) Applications by Planning Area (2012)

Rural Residential						
Project Type	Description	Applicant	Zoning	Election District	Planning Area	Status
Commercial	Commercial Kennel	Jennifer Miller	A-1	Columbia	Rural Residential	Approved
Commercial	Construction of Tele-communications Tower	Clear Signal Towers, LLC (Weber City)	A-1	Fork Union	Rural Residential	Approved
Commercial	Construction of Tele-communications Tower	Clear Signal Towers, LLC (Hardware River)	A-1	Cunningham	Rural Residential	Approved
Rural Preservation						
Project Type	Description	Applicant	Zoning	Election District	Planning Area	Status
Commercial	Construction of Tele-communications Tower	National Communication Towers, LLC (Rockfish Creek)	A-1	Fork Union	Rural Preservation	Approved
Commercial	Automobile Repair Garage	Michael A. White	A-1	Columbia	Rural Preservation	Withdrawn
Commercial	Educational Facility	Robert S. Hale-MacKinnon	A-1	Columbia	Rural Preservation	Approved
Commercial	Construction of Tele-communications Tower	Clear Signal Towers, LLC (Kidds Store)	A-1	Fork Union	Rural Preservation	Deferred Indefinitely
Commercial	Construction of Tele-communications Tower	Clear Signal Towers, LLC (Cohasset)	A-1	Fork Union	Rural Preservation	Approved

Source: Dept. of Planning & Community Development

ZONING ACTIVITY: SPECIAL USE PERMITS

Table 26: Special Use Permit (SUP) Applications by Use (2012)

Commercial						
Project Type	Description	Applicant	Zoning	Election District	Planning Area	Status
Commercial	Automobile Repair Garage	Michael A. White	A-1	Columbia	Rural Preservation	Withdrawn
Commercial	Commercial Kennel	Jennifer Miller	A-1	Columbia	Rural Residential	Approved
Commercial	Construction of Telecommunications Tower	Clear Signal Towers, LLC (Hardware River)	A-1	Cunningham	Rural Residential	Approved
Commercial	Construction of Telecommunications Tower	Clear Signal Towers, LLC (Weber City)	A-1	Fork Union	Rural Residential	Approved
Commercial	Construction of Telecommunications Tower	National Communication Towers, LLC (Rockfish Creek)	A-1	Fork Union	Rural Preservation	Approved
Commercial	Construction of Telecommunications Tower	Clear Signal Towers, LLC (Kidds Store)	A-1	Fork Union	Rural Preservation	Deferred Indefinitely
Commercial	Construction of Telecommunications Tower	Clear Signal Towers, LLC (Cohasset)	A-1	Fork Union	Rural Preservation	Approved
Commercial	Educational Facility	Robert S. Hale-MacKinnon	A-1	Columbia	Rural Preservation	Approved

Source: Dept. of Planning & Community Development

ZONING ACTIVITY: SPECIAL USE PERMITS

Table 27: Special Use Permit (SUP) Applications by Election District (2001 - 2012)

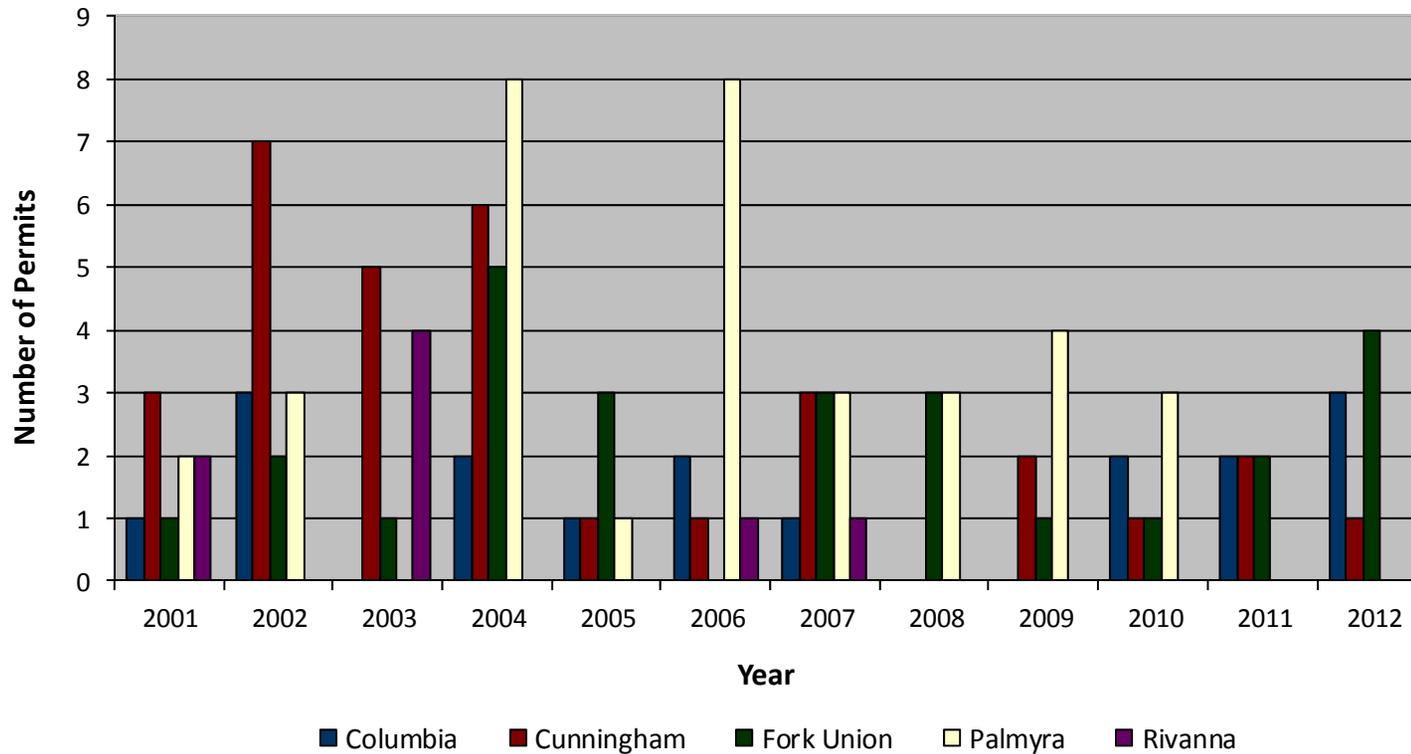
Year	Election District					Total
	Columbia	Cunningham	Fork Union	Palmyra	Rivanna	
2001	1	3	1	2	2	9
2002	3	7	2	3	0	15
2003	0	5	1	0	4	10
2004	2	6	5	8	0	21
2005	1	1	3	1	0	6
2006	2	1	0	8	1	12
2007	1	3	3	3	1	11
2008	0	0	3	3	0	6
2009	0	2	1	4	0	7
2010	2	1	1	3	0	7
2011	2	2	2	0	0	6
2012	3	1	4	0	0	8
Total	17	32	26	35	8	118

Source: Dept. of Planning & Community Development

ZONING ACTIVITY: SPECIAL USE PERMITS

Several applications for special use permits (SUPs) were submitted Countywide. All of the proposals were located in rural parts of the County, outside of community planning areas. Most of these applications were for telecommunications facilities. Seventy-five percent (75%) of the applications for SUPs were approved.

**Figure 16: Special Use Permit (SUP) Applications by Election District
(2001 - 2012)**



ZONING ACTIVITY: CODE COMPLIANCE

The Fluvanna County Zoning Ordinance describes what uses are permitted in each of the zoning districts and how these uses may be conducted. These regulations help promote the health, safety, and general welfare of Fluvanna County residents by designating the types of buildings, businesses, and activities that are acceptable in specific zoning districts. The Code Compliance Officer ensures that the regulations set forth in the zoning ordinance are enforced consistently and equitably. A wide variety of code issues routinely come to the County including subdivision and zoning ordinance violations, inoperative vehicle and junkyard complaints, and other nuisance and miscellaneous complaints. All complaints are investigated quickly, fairly, and thoroughly. Complainant information is kept confidential, but all complaints that are received, anonymous or otherwise, are processed.

In addition to investigating citizen complaints, the Code Compliance Officer completed several other projects:

- Removed illegal signage within road rights-of-way throughout the County;
- Conducted an assessment of driveway entrances along the U.S. Route 15 corridor;
- Monitored existing zoning violations within the Town of Columbia;
- Monitored sound levels within industrial areas;
- Inspected properties with existing Special Use Permits, Zoning Use Permits, and Site Development Plans;
- Accompanied Health Department and Building Department officials on site inspections as requested; and
- Inspected and surveyed properties with problematic erosion and sediment control issues;
- Completed photographic assessments of commercial, residential, and institutional properties; and
- Completed Geographic Information System (GIS) training to assist with map preparation.

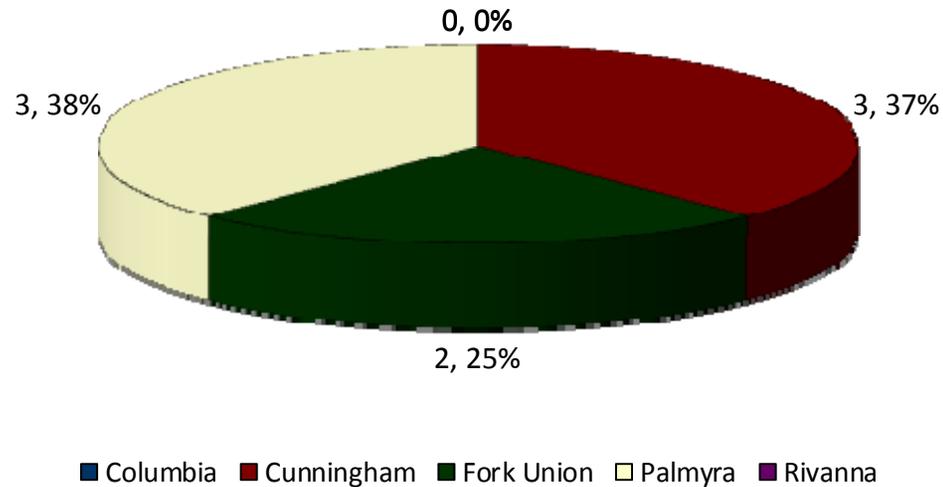
ZONING ACTIVITY: CODE COMPLIANCE

Table 28: Code Compliance Cases by Election District (2012)

Election District	Closed Cases	Pending Cases	Total	% of Total
Columbia	0	0	0	0%
Cunningham	3	0	3	38%
Fork Union	1	1	2	25%
Palmyra	2	1	3	38%
Rivanna	0	0	0	0%
Total	6	2	8	100%

Source: Dept. of Planning & Community Development

Figure 17: Code Compliance Cases by Election District (2012)

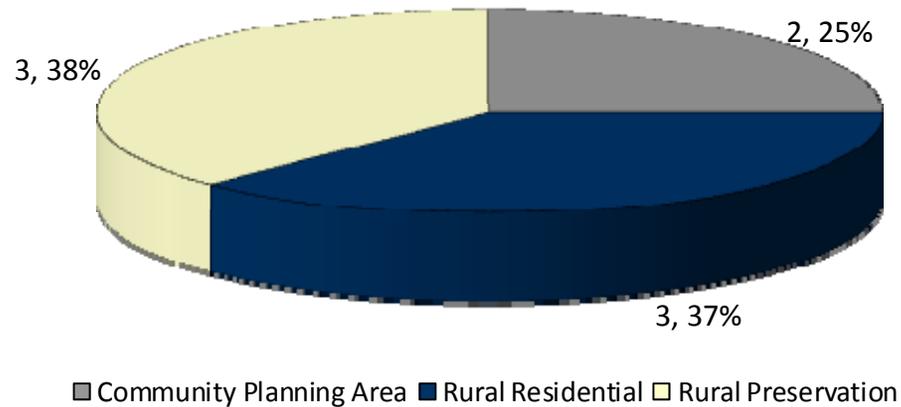


ZONING ACTIVITY: CODE COMPLIANCE

Table 29: Code Compliance Cases by Planning Area (2012)

Planning Area	Case Status		
Community	Closed	Pending	Total
Columbia	0	0	0
Fork Union	0	1	1
Palmyra	0	0	0
Rivanna	0	0	0
Scottsville	0	0	0
Zion Crossroads	1	0	1
Community Planning Area	1	1	2
Rural Residential	2	1	3
Rural Preservation	3	0	3
TOTAL	6	2	8

Figure 18: Code Compliance Cases by Planning Area (2012)



ZONING ACTIVITY: BOARD OF ZONING APPEALS

The Board of Zoning Appeals (BZA) is responsible for hearing appeals from orders, requirements, decisions, or determinations made by the zoning administrator or other local government staff. The BZA is also responsible for granting variances from zoning regulations. Virginia law requires that every locality with a zoning ordinance have a BZA.

There are currently five (5) members appointed to the BZA. The board is scheduled to meet monthly, but only convenes when an item is requested for their consideration. The BZA last met on March 2, 2010.

Figure 19: Zoning Variances by Year (2001 - 2012)

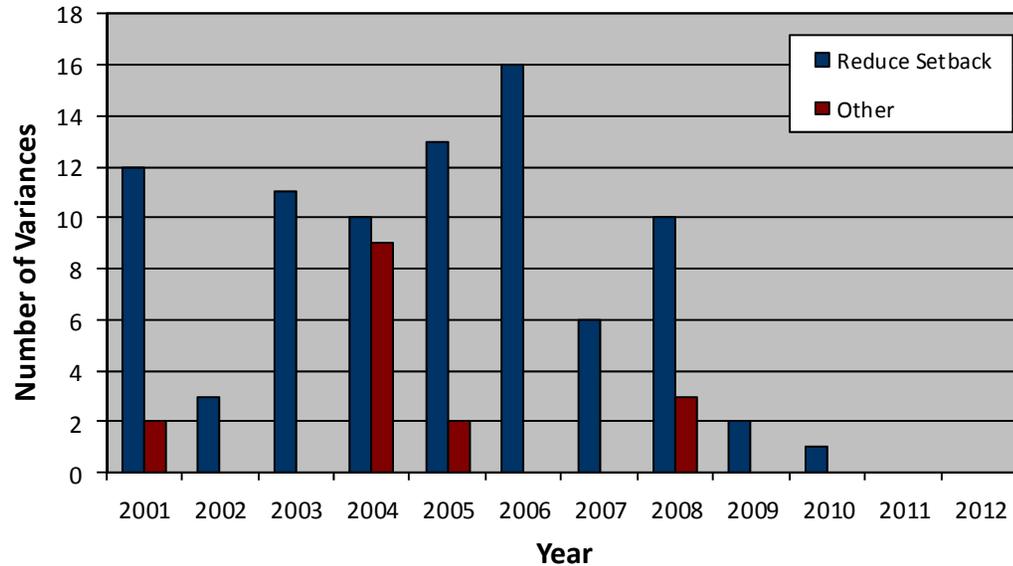


Table 30: Zoning Variances by Year (2001 - 2011)

Type of Variance	Year												Total
	2001	2002	2003	2004	2005	2006	2007	2008	2009	2010	2011	2012	
Reduce Setback	12	3	11	10	13	16	6	10	2	1	0	0	84
Other	2	0	0	9	2	0	0	3	0	0	0	0	16
TOTAL	14	3	11	19	15	16	6	13	2	1	0	0	100

Source: Dept. of Planning & Community Development

ZONING ACTIVITY: BOARD OF ZONING APPEALS

Table 31: Zoning Variances by Election District (2012)

Election District	Type of Variance				TOTAL
	Reduce Setback	Reduce Parking Required	Reduce Public Road Frontage	Other	
Columbia	0	0	0	0	0
Cunningham	0	0	0	0	0
Fork Union	0	0	0	0	0
Palmyra	0	0	0	0	0
Rivanna	0	0	0	0	0
TOTAL	0	0	0	0	0

Source: Dept. of Planning & Community Development

PRESERVATION PROGRAMS: OVERVIEW

Despite experiencing rapid population growth over the past decade, Fluvanna County retains its rural character. To promote the preservation of its rural lands, Fluvanna County has adopted several conservation initiatives.

The Agricultural and Forestal District (AFD) program provides an economic incentive for landowners to retain their property as open space. Landowners who use their property for farming or forestry are eligible, with approval from the Board of Supervisors. Properties enrolled in the program qualify for an agricultural or forestal use-value assessment. While a property is enrolled in the AFD program, it may not be developed to a more intensive use. The program also provides protection from some state actions.

The Land Use Valuation Program allows for the reduction of real estate taxes on parcels used for qualified agricultural, horticultural, forestry, and open space uses. Interested landowners must apply to the Commissioner of the Revenue to enroll in the program.

Several agencies and organizations hold conservation easements throughout the County. In 2006, the Board of Supervisors adopted its own Conservation Easements Program; the first two conservation easements to be held by Fluvanna County were approved in 2007. As of January 2013, 12,600.3 acres were under conservation easements held by public and private entities. The County itself currently holds three (3) conservation easements totaling approximately 250 acres.



Image 12: View of the Rivanna River from the Barber property, which Fluvanna County holds a conservation easement upon.

PRESERVATION PROGRAMS: AGRICULTURAL & FORESTAL DISTRICTS

Table 31: Agricultural & Forestal Districts (2012)

District Name	Planning Area	Approval Date	Review Period	Review Date	Total Acreage
Adams Creek	Rural Residential	5/16/2001	10 Years	May 2011	557.67
Bourne Tract	Rural Preservation	8/4/1999	8 Years	March 2015	271.66
Bowlesville	Rural Preservation	3/17/1999	8 Years	March 2015	897.99
Bremo Recess	Rural Preservation	1/17/2001	10 Years	January 2011	359.67
Byrd Creek	Rural Preservation	7/21/1999	10 Years	July 2009	905.57
Carysbrook	Rural Preservation	7/21/1999	10 Years	July 2009	1,634.74
Cunningham Acres	Rural Preservation & Residential	11/17/1999	10 Years	November 2009	461.97
Dobby Creek	Rural Residential	1/17/2001	10 Years	January 2011	393.16
Glenarvon Farm	Rural Preservation	11/17/1999	10 Years	November 2009	1,524.78
Granite Hills	Rural Preservation	8/4/1999	10 Years	August 2009	771.98
Kidds Store	Rural Preservation	12/15/1999	10 Years	December 2009	1,854.65
Lower Bremo	Rural Preservation	1/17/2001	10 Years	January 2011	800.38
North 640	Rural Preservation	11/17/1999	10 Years	November 2009	2,294.14
Poorhouse	Rural Residential	1/19/2000	10 Years	January 2010	500.48
Sheperds	Rural Preservation	11/15/2000	10 Years	November 2010	703.99
Shores-Hardware	Rural Preservation	1/17/2001	10 Years	January 2011	1,168.11
Stage Junction	Rural Preservation	6/7/2000	10 Years	June 2010	759.93
Union Mills	Rural Preservation	5/15/2002	10 Years	May 2012	324.75
Upper Bremo	Rural Preservation	9/20/2000	10 Years	September 2010	1,851.78
Total Acreage					18,037.39
% of Total County Acreage within Agricultural & Forestal Districts					9.82%

Source: Dept. of Planning & Community Development

PRESERVATION PROGRAMS: AGRICULTURAL & FORESTAL DISTRICTS

Table 32: Acreage Enrolled in Agricultural & Forestal Districts (2001 - 2012)

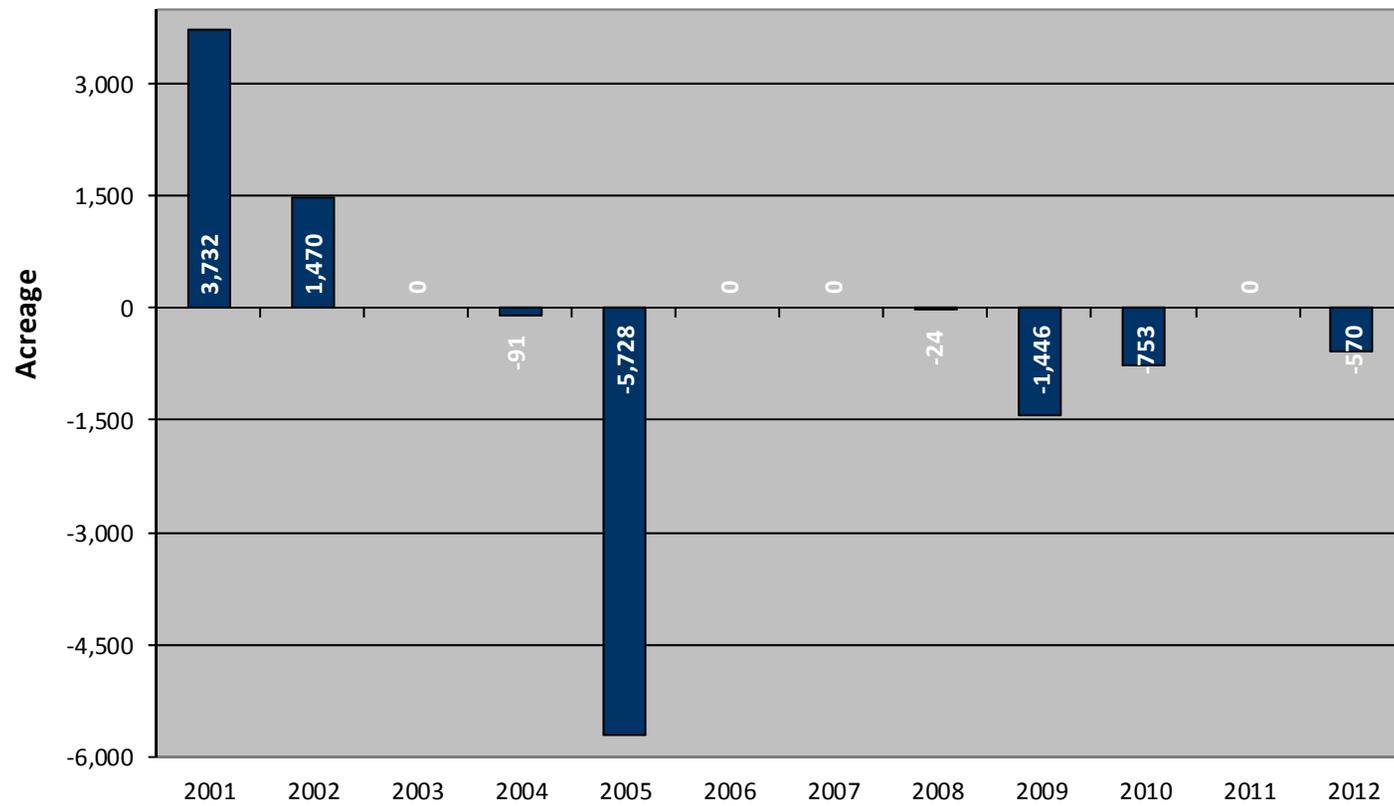
YEAR	DISTRICTS APPROVED/ NULLIFIED	ACREAGE ADDED/ WITHDRAWN
2001	6	3,732
2002	2	1,470
2003	0	0
2004	0	-91
2005	-3	-5,728
2006	0	0
2007	0	0
2008	0	-24
2009	0	-1,446
2010	0	-753
2011	0	0
2012	-1	-570

Source: Dept. of Planning & Community Development

Agricultural & Forestal Districts (2012)	
Total Number of Districts:	19
Total Acreage within Districts:	18,037.39
Total Number of Parcels:	325

PRESERVATION PROGRAMS: AGRICULTURAL & FORESTAL DISTRICTS

Figure 20: Agricultural and Forestal Districts Additions & Withdrawals (2001 - 2012)



PRESERVATION PROGRAMS: LAND USE TAXATION

Table 33: Acreage Under Land Use Taxation (2001 - 2011)

Year	Land Use Type			Total	Percentage of Total County Acreage
	Agriculture	Forestry	Open Space		
2001	32,187	95,282	763	128,232	70%
2002	31,827	98,604	531	130,962	71%
2003	32,283	98,342	577	131,202	71%
2004	31,945	96,608	599	129,152	70%
2005	30,463	92,520	555	123,538	67%
2006	29,846	89,978	482	120,306	65%
2007	31,095	90,098	173	121,366	66%
2008	31,378	90,739	141	122,258	67%
2009	28,380	82,620	89	111,089	60%
2010	28,176	85,134	309	113,619	62%
2011	27,335	83,981	86	111,402	61%
2012	27,186	83,868	86	111,140	60%
				Total Acreage in County	183,808

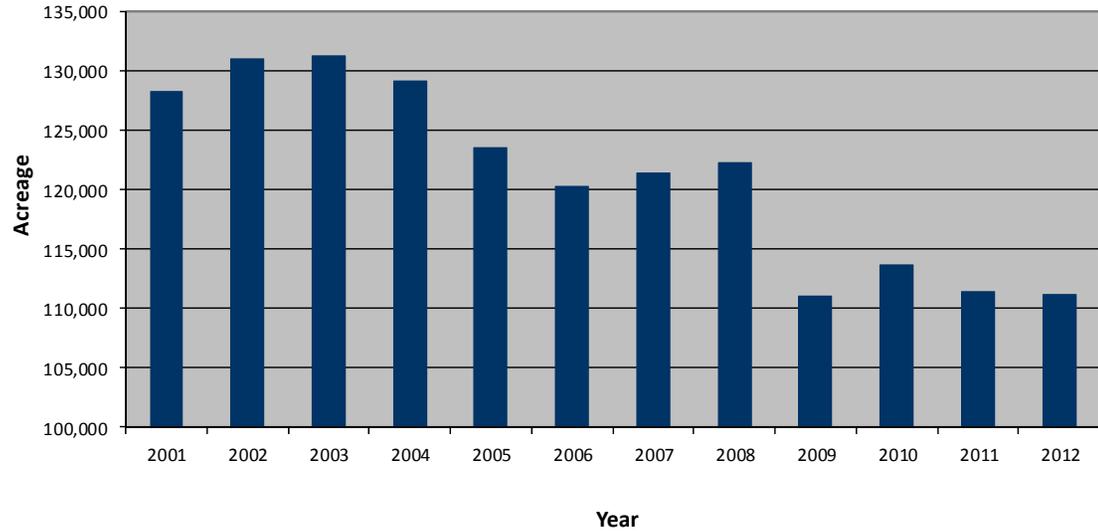
Source: Commissioner of the Revenue

PRESERVATION PROGRAMS: LAND USE TAXATION

Since 2001, the amount of acreage enrolled in the Land Use Valuation Program has generally decreased. In 2003, approximately 71% of the County (131,202 acres) was enrolled in the program; by 2012, only 60% of the County (111,140 acres) was enrolled.

In 2012, 2,291 parcels were enrolled in the Land Use Valuation Program. The average size of these parcels is 48.5 acres.

Figure 21: Acreage Under Land Use Taxation (2001 - 2012)



PRESERVATION PROGRAMS: CONSERVATION & HISTORIC EASEMENTS

As of January 1, 2012, there are 32 conservation and historic easements in Fluvanna County. These easements protect **12,600.4 acres**, or **approximately 6.9% of the County**. The Virginia Department of Forestry (VDOT), Virginia Department of Historic Resources, Virginia Outdoors Foundation, and Fluvanna County itself hold easements countywide. The County itself currently holds three (3) conservation easements totaling approximately 250 acres. Most of the land protected by conservation and historic easements is located in the eastern portions of the County, along or near the Rivanna River (see Appendix C).

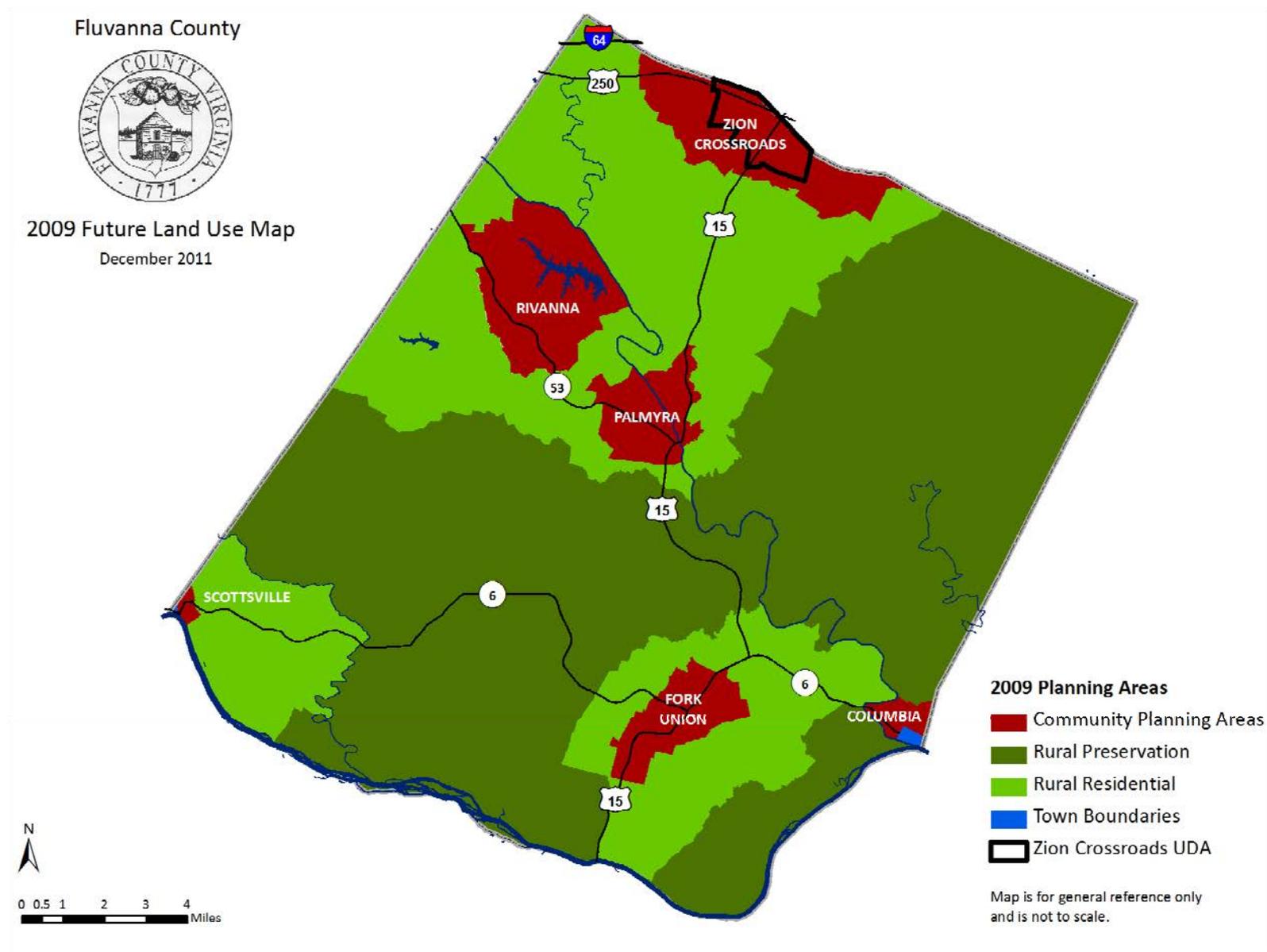
Table 34: Conservation Easements Recorded in Fluvanna County in 2012

Property Name	Easement Holder	Year Placed	Planning Area	Acreage
McGehee Property	VA Outdoors Foundation	2012	Rural Preservation	79.7
Total (2012)				466.1

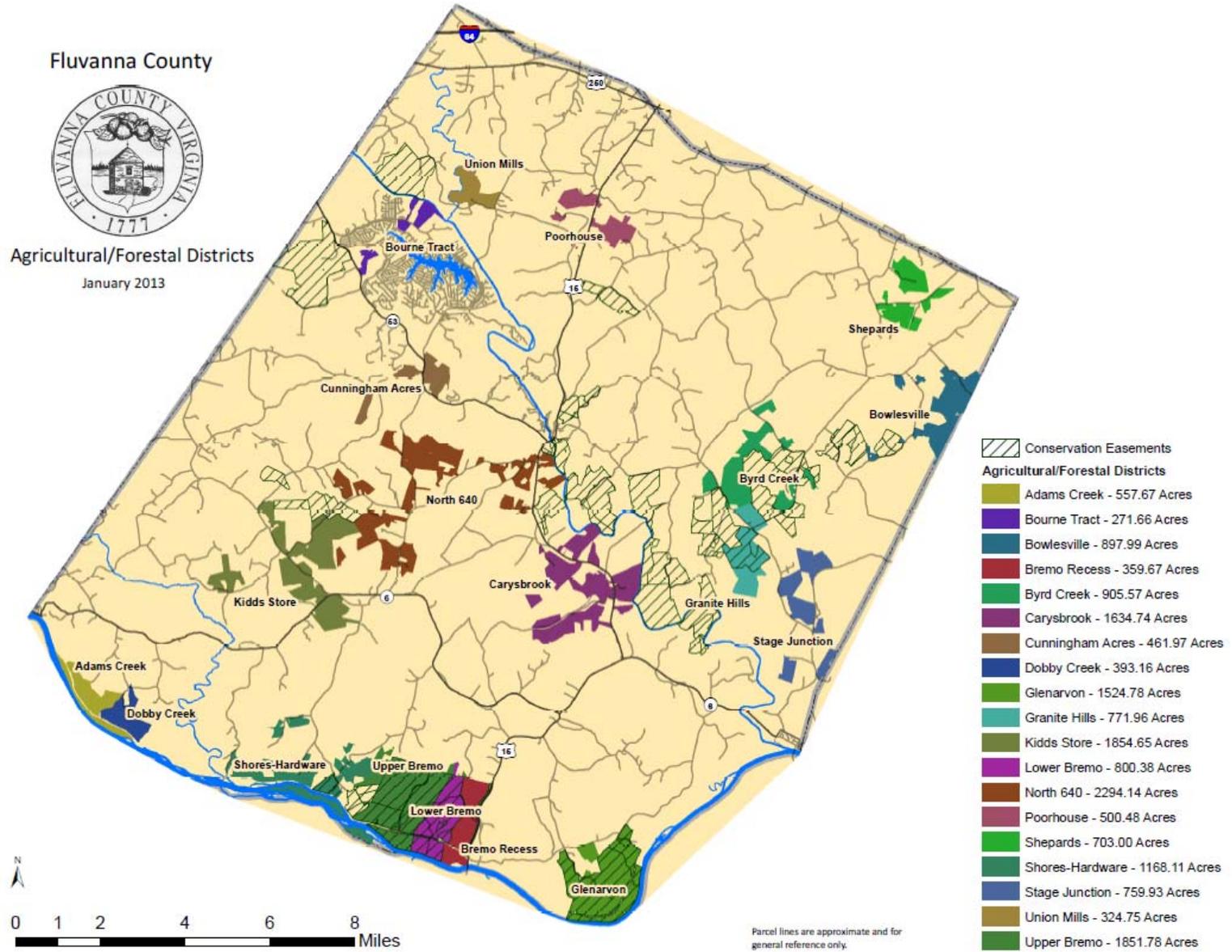


Image 13: View of the Barber Property, one of the first conservation easements accepted by Fluvanna County.

APPENDIX A: 2009 COMPREHENSIVE PLAN FUTURE LAND USE MAP



APPENDIX B: MAP OF AGRICULTURAL & FORESTAL DISTRICTS



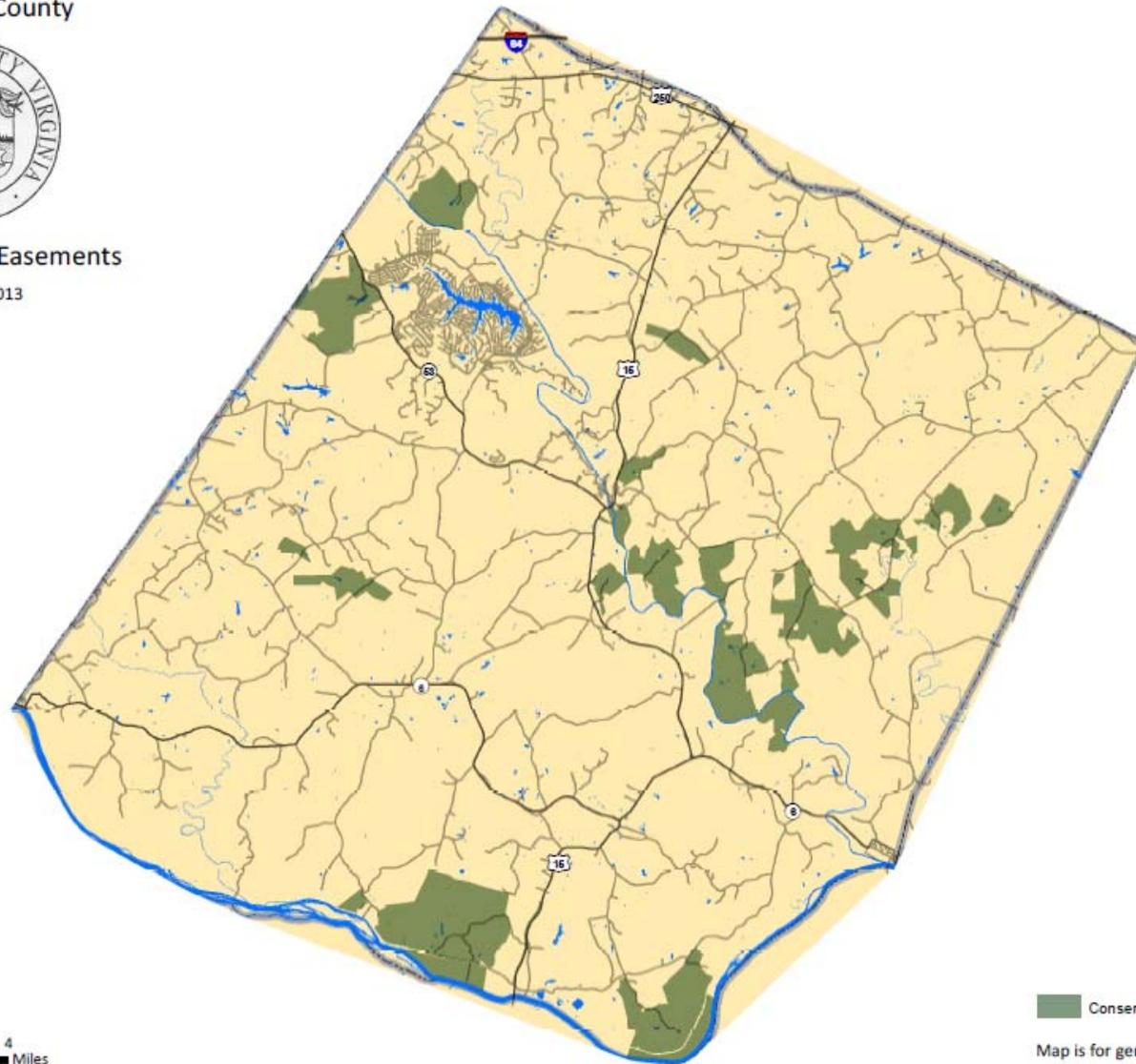
APPENDIX C: MAP OF CONSERVATION EASEMENTS

Fluvanna County



Conservation Easements

January 2013



Conservation Easements

Map is for general reference only and is not to scale.

APPENDIX D: IMPLEMENTATION STRATEGIES (2009 COMPREHENSIVE PLAN)

Chapters	Goals	Implementation Strategy	Strategy Priority	Status
Natural Environment	1: To develop land-use policies and regulations that will preserve and enhance the county's natural environment.	01: Designate, and enable the development of, community planning areas to allow appropriate development to be concentrated in these areas with adequate infrastructure.	High	On-going
Natural Environment	1: To develop land-use policies and regulations that will preserve and enhance the county's natural environment.	02: Utilize planned unit development (PUD) and rural residential zoning districts as an open-space preservation and sustainable development tool.	High	In Progress
Natural Environment	1: To develop land-use policies and regulations that will preserve and enhance the county's natural environment.	03: Require rezoning requests and other development plans to identify any open space or other natural or cultural resource shown by maps or observed through field inspection, and include measures that will mitigate disturbance to these resources.	High	On-going
Natural Environment	1: To develop land-use policies and regulations that will preserve and enhance the county's natural environment.	04: Empower the zoning administrator to ensure that the subdivision of land does not adversely affect adjacent open-space features, and require connections to open spaces within and outside the subdivision, as appropriate.	High	In Progress
Natural Environment	1: To develop land-use policies and regulations that will preserve and enhance the county's natural environment.	05: Protect farm and forest landowners from conflicting adjacent land uses with utilization of buffers, screening, and contiguous tracts of open space.	High	In Progress
Natural Environment	1: To develop land-use policies and regulations that will preserve and enhance the county's natural environment.	06: Review zoning and subdivision regulations to maximize environmental benefits through best management practices such as low impact development, dark-sky lighting, quality and quantity stormwater controls, adequate buffering/screening, etc.	High	In Progress
Natural Environment	1: To develop land-use policies and regulations that will preserve and enhance the county's natural environment.	07: Actively encourage and facilitate conservation easements on land that meets the minimum IRS criteria for easement donation.	Medium	On-going
Natural Environment	1: To develop land-use policies and regulations that will preserve and enhance the county's natural environment.	08: Continue the land-use valuation taxation and other fiscal programs to alleviate economic burdens on owners of land used for agricultural, horticultural, forest, or open-space purposes.	High	On-going

Chapters	Goals	Implementation Strategy	Strategy Priority	Status
Natural Environment	1: To develop land-use policies and regulations that will preserve and enhance the county's natural environment.	09: Evaluate the implementation of a TDR or PDR program, or both, to effectively (and voluntarily) reduce development rights in the rural residential and rural preservation areas, and increase density in the community planning areas.	High	In Progress
Natural Environment	1: To develop land-use policies and regulations that will preserve and enhance the county's natural environment.	10: Require aesthetic landscaping to buffer residential, business, and industrial development from public highways and adjacent rural and residential areas.	High	Completed
Natural Environment	1: To develop land-use policies and regulations that will preserve and enhance the county's natural environment.	11: Improve cluster development regulations to better preserve open space and natural resources, protect rural viewsheds, and buffer existing agricultural uses from development in the agricultural zoning district.	High	In Progress
Natural Environment	1: To develop land-use policies and regulations that will preserve and enhance the county's natural environment.	12: Amend the subdivision ordinance to require new subdivisions to cluster open space with adjacent properties, and minimize the fragmentation of open space within rural clusters.	High	In Progress
Natural Environment	2: To protect environmental resources.	1: Promote development projects that minimize environmental impact through the effective utilization of green infrastructure, low-impact development practices, and other innovative sustainable development practices.	Medium	On-going
Natural Environment	2: To protect environmental resources.	2: Stringently enforce federal, state, and local regulations regarding land use, stormwater, erosion and sediment control, wetlands, litter, and so on.	High	On-going
Natural Environment	2: To protect environmental resources.	3: Evaluate the staffing needed to effectively enforce compliance to stormwater management and erosion and sediment control ordinances to more effectively address quality and quantity of water runoff.	Medium	In Progress
Natural Environment	2: To protect environmental resources.	4: Evaluate the impact of requiring a soil test prior to construction to determine the presence of shrink/swell soils, better locate development on the lot, and minimize any negative impact to the site or proposed structure(s).	Medium	Future

Chapters	Goals	Implementation Strategy	Strategy Priority	Status
Natural Environment	2: To protect environmental resources.	5: Develop a regional water supply plan by 2011 as required by the Virginia Department of Environmental Quality that will include projections of future potable water needs and potential sources.	High	Completed
Natural Environment	2: To protect environmental resources.	6: Work with appropriate state agencies to evaluate the potential impacts of public or private central water systems to extract, treat, and distribute water; and central sewer systems to collect, treat, and discharge treated wastewater.	Low	Future
Natural Environment	3: To manage and protect surface water and groundwater resources.	01: Promote annual testing of residential well water with testing kits available through the Virginia Department of Health.	Low	Future
Natural Environment	3: To manage and protect surface water and groundwater resources.	02: Monitor and mitigate potential groundwater pollution sources, including on-site waste treatment systems and underground storage tanks.	Low	Future
Natural Environment	3: To manage and protect surface water and groundwater resources.	03: Work with the Virginia Dept. of Health to evaluate and develop local regulations for alternative waste treatment systems (e.g. Wisconsin mounds or other systems that alter the natural topography or hydrology).	Low	Future
Natural Environment	3: To manage and protect surface water and groundwater resources.	04: Participate in, and cooperate with, federal and state groundwater protection programs, including sole-source aquifer designation for important drinking water supplies.	Medium	Future
Natural Environment	3: To manage and protect surface water and groundwater resources.	05: Evaluate and adopt a more stringent standard than the Dept. of Health's one-gallon-per-minute requirement for well yield, especially for larger developments.	Medium	Future
Natural Environment	3: To manage and protect surface water and groundwater resources.	06: Incorporate the well-drilling logs provided by the Virginia Dept. of Environmental Quality into the county's geographic information system (GIS).	Medium	Future
Natural Environment	3: To manage and protect surface water and groundwater resources.	07: Support and cooperate with state agencies, local governments, nongovernmental organizations, nonprofit organizations, and combinations thereof to evaluate the watersheds along major rivers and streams, including the Hardware, James and Rivanna rivers.	Medium	In Progress

Chapters	Goals	Implementation Strategy	Strategy Priority	Status
Natural Environment	3: To manage and protect surface water and groundwater resources.	08: Require riparian buffers adjacent to waterways to protect local and regional water resources such as perennial streams, floodplains, wetlands, steep slopes, and highly erodible soils.	Medium	Completed
Natural Environment	3: To manage and protect surface water and groundwater resources.	09: Proactively educate the public on the values and benefits of preserving river and stream corridors.	Medium	On-going
Natural Environment	3: To manage and protect surface water and groundwater resources.	10: Pursue the state designation of the Hardware River as a Tier 3 stream, classifying it as exceptional surface water not subject to degradation.	Low	Future
Natural Environment	3: To manage and protect surface water and groundwater resources.	11: Promote fencing of livestock away from streams, and the creation of ponds and reservoirs for farm use to protect streams, watersheds, and the water table.	Medium	On-going
Natural Environment	3: To manage and protect surface water and groundwater resources.	12: Recognize and reward landowners who protect streams from pollution by employing best management practices (BMPs) as identified by state university professionals.	Medium	Future
Natural Environment	3: To manage and protect surface water and groundwater resources.	13: Promote BMPs, particularly those recommended by the Rivanna River Basin Commission, to reduce non-point-source pollution from development, farming, and other sources.	Medium	On-going
Natural Environment	4: To effectively use floodplains to protect human life and property, as well as water quality.	1: Permit only nonstructural open-space uses that are least subject to loss of life and property damage in hundred-year floodplains (e.g., trails, multiuse fields).	Medium	Future
Natural Environment	4: To effectively use floodplains to protect human life and property, as well as water quality.	2: Enforce floodplain management regulations for residents to continue to be eligible for flood insurance.	Medium	On-going
Natural Environment	4: To effectively use floodplains to protect human life and property, as well as water quality.	3: Work with FEMA to develop an accurate description of the hundred-year floodplain and ten-year floodways.	Medium	In Progress
Natural Environment	4: To effectively use floodplains to protect human life and property, as well as water quality.	4: Improve access to streams and rivers through the creation of greenways, trails, and other facilities that will protect the future integrity of the floodplain.	Medium	On-going

Chapters	Goals	Implementation Strategy	Strategy Priority	Status
Natural Environment	5: To promote energy efficiency throughout the county to improve air quality and reduce the county's dependence on fossil fuels.	1: Promote energy efficiency in developments and throughout the community including the use of solar, geothermal, wind, and other decentralized energy technologies, as well as the use of state-of-the-art development techniques.	High	Future
Natural Environment	5: To promote energy efficiency throughout the county to improve air quality and reduce the county's dependence on fossil fuels.	2: Direct infill onto vacant parcels in the developed portions of the county's community planning areas, where suitable, to further reduce transportation energy requirements associated with sprawl development.	High	On-going
Natural Environment	5: To promote energy efficiency throughout the county to improve air quality and reduce the county's dependence on fossil fuels.	3: During the site plan review process, encourage developers and designers to incorporate energy-efficient design, environmental lighting, and mass transit provisions in commercial and residential developments.	High	Future
Natural Environment	5: To promote energy efficiency throughout the county to improve air quality and reduce the county's dependence on fossil fuels.	4: Promote greenways, bikeways, and walkways as viable forms of recreation and transportation, and require those amenities as appropriate.	High	On-going
Natural Environment	5: To promote energy efficiency throughout the county to improve air quality and reduce the county's dependence on fossil fuels.	5: Encourage and support renewable energy generation by allowing such uses in the zoning ordinance (windmills, solar panels, biofuel production, and so on).	Medium	Future
Natural Environment	5: To promote energy efficiency throughout the county to improve air quality and reduce the county's dependence on fossil fuels.	6: Build new and remodeled county buildings to an established energy efficiency standard such as Energy Star or LEED.	Medium	On-going
Natural Environment	5: To promote energy efficiency throughout the county to improve air quality and reduce the county's dependence on fossil fuels.	7: Begin converting county-owned vehicles to alternative fuel sources to reduce dependence on fossil fuels and to promote energy efficiency by example.	Medium	Future
Natural Environment	5: To promote energy efficiency throughout the county to improve air quality and reduce the county's dependence on fossil fuels.	8: Expand regional transit service to the county by working with JAUNT and Charlottesville Transit to develop viable commuter routes and times.	Medium	In Progress

Chapters	Goals	Implementation Strategy	Strategy Priority	Status
Land Use	1: To effectively implement the Comprehensive Plan land-use strategies and the Future Land Use Map.	1: Establish a portion of the Zion Crossroads Community Planning Area as the county's designated urban development area on the Future Land Use Map.	High	Completed
Land Use	1: To effectively implement the Comprehensive Plan land-use strategies and the Future Land Use Map.	2: Create a PUD zoning district to allow for the efficient implementation of the seven community planning elements in the context of traditional neighborhood development (TND) within the UDA and each of the community planning areas.	High	Completed
Land Use	1: To effectively implement the Comprehensive Plan land-use strategies and the Future Land Use Map.	3: Amend the current R-3 zoning district to allow for TND, and other neotraditional planning concepts, within the community planning areas as appropriate.	Medium	Future
Land Use	1: To effectively implement the Comprehensive Plan land-use strategies and the Future Land Use Map.	4: Revise the county's zoning and subdivision ordinances so those land-use tools are consistent with the Comprehensive Plan's goals and strategies.	High	In Progress
Land Use	1: To effectively implement the Comprehensive Plan land-use strategies and the Future Land Use Map.	5: Develop new zoning and subdivision regulations that will further the desired growth patterns and property uses, as well as help to protect the rural preservation area (e.g., subdivisions with density of less than one unit per five acres, and so on).	High	In Progress
Land Use	1: To effectively implement the Comprehensive Plan land-use strategies and the Future Land Use Map.	6: Construct a public water line to the county's UDA and community planning areas as feasible, and require development projects to provide any necessary infrastructure such as waste treatment facilities, telecommunication services, road improvements, etc.	High	In Progress
Land Use	2: To enable well-planned, coordinated, and sustainable development to occur throughout the county.	1: Amend the subdivision ordinance to require that new developments provide easements for connection to future developments, including utilities, transportation, and recreation/open space.	Medium	Future
Land Use	2: To enable well-planned, coordinated, and sustainable development to occur throughout the county.	2: Establish a utility service district(s) for water and sewer infrastructure in appropriate community planning areas to encourage development to occur in areas where public services are provided.	High	In Progress

Chapters	Goals	Implementation Strategy	Strategy Priority	Status
Land Use	2: To enable well-planned, coordinated, and sustainable development to occur throughout the county.	3: Require new development within service districts to install necessary infrastructure for the project to county standards and for potential public ownership and operation.	Medium	Future
Land Use	2: To enable well-planned, coordinated, and sustainable development to occur throughout the county.	4: Employ fiscal impact modeling and studies to evaluate future land use changes prior to rezoning approvals. Appropriate planning/phasing of development to match the service/infrastructure availability and capacity should also be established.	Medium	Future
Land Use	2: To enable well-planned, coordinated, and sustainable development to occur throughout the county.	5: Develop either a cash proffer ordinance, impact fee ordinance, level-of-services standards, or all three, in accordance with state code to fairly assess the fiscal impact of development on public services and infrastructure.	High	In Progress
Land Use	2: To enable well-planned, coordinated, and sustainable development to occur throughout the county.	6: Examine the merit of collecting cash proffers or impact fees with the approval of the final plat as opposed to the building permit application process.	Medium	Future
Land Use	2: To enable well-planned, coordinated, and sustainable development to occur throughout the county.	7: Ensure that both centralized and decentralized sewerage systems, and other utility infrastructure as needed, are in compliance with all state and local laws and regulations in order to facilitate sustainable and environmentally responsible development.	High	In Progress
Land Use	2: To enable well-planned, coordinated, and sustainable development to occur throughout the county.	8: Discourage centralized water and sewer utilities in the rural preservation area.	High	In Progress
Land Use	3: To promote infill development in existing communities.	1: Develop village-style regulations in keeping with traditional development patterns to ensure that new development is consistent with existing design and development patterns in the community.	Medium	In Progress

Chapters	Goals	Implementation Strategy	Strategy Priority	Status
Land Use	3: To promote infill development in existing communities.	2: Ensure adequate infrastructure is constructed or upgraded to support development in existing communities.	High	Future
Land Use	4: To develop a transfer of development rights (TDR) or purchase of development rights (PDR) program.	1: Enact TDR or PDR regulations to provide incentives for property owners to preserve land in identified areas (e.g., the rural preservation and rural residential areas) by providing enough development right value to make them marketable.	Medium	In Progress
Land Use	4: To develop a transfer of development rights (TDR) or purchase of development rights (PDR) program.	2: Seek special legislation from the General Assembly to allow the same TDR banking rights recently granted to Albemarle County.	Medium	Future
Land Use	4: To develop a transfer of development rights (TDR) or purchase of development rights (PDR) program.	3: Create density bonuses for identified receiving areas to provide economic incentives for developers to purchase and transfer development rights.	Medium	In Progress
Land Use	4: To develop a transfer of development rights (TDR) or purchase of development rights (PDR) program.	4: Establish a PDR policy that allows the county to purchase development rights for property that has been identified as being in the public interest to preserve.	Medium	In Progress
Land Use	5: To actively preserve and promote open space.	1: Promote the county's Conservation Easement Program, along with other open-space preservation alternatives (e.g. Virginia Outdoors Foundation).	Medium	On-Going
Land Use	5: To actively preserve and promote open space.	2: Require open-space preservation in major cluster developments, as well as other major subdivisions including commercial and industrial projects.	Medium	Completed
Land Use	5: To actively preserve and promote open space.	3: Require new development to include trails, parks, or other open space that will be either publicly or privately owned, and directly serve the farming or wildlife and recreational needs of the project, and with consideration given to surrounding areas.	Medium	Completed
Land Use	5: To actively preserve and promote open space.	4: Evaluate the use of open space for utilities (e.g., septic fields, reserve areas, wells, and so on).	Medium	In Progress
Land Use	5: To actively preserve and promote open space.	5: Evaluate the long-term viability of a development's dedicated open space as a private, individual lot that is restricted from further divisions.	Medium	In Progress

Chapters	Goals	Implementation Strategy	Strategy Priority	Status
Land Use	5: To actively preserve and promote open space.	6: Require the location of a subdivision's open space to further the rural character of the area, and require open space to be designed for connectivity to other open spaces of adjacent developments, and to act as a buffer to agricultural activities.	Medium	In Progress
Community Design	1: To preserve and enhance Fluvanna's unique identity and rural character.	01: Continue to enhance the cluster development provisions in the subdivision and zoning ordinances, particularly with regard to density and open-space orientation and utilization, among other considerations.	High	In Progress
Community Design	1: To preserve and enhance Fluvanna's unique identity and rural character.	02: Examine the differences and impacts of large-lot developments versus rural cluster developments, and amend the zoning and subdivision ordinances as appropriate.	High	In Progress
Community Design	1: To preserve and enhance Fluvanna's unique identity and rural character.	03: Discourage large subdivisions in the rural preservation area and control the density and size of major subdivisions in the rural residential areas.	High	In Progress
Community Design	1: To preserve and enhance Fluvanna's unique identity and rural character.	04: Require vegetated buffer zones between existing agricultural land and new developments to protect the interests of both the active farmer and the future residents.	Medium	Future
Community Design	1: To preserve and enhance Fluvanna's unique identity and rural character.	05: Enhance the county's alternative transportation systems through the development process.	Medium	Future
Community Design	1: To preserve and enhance Fluvanna's unique identity and rural character.	06: Promote energy-efficient building practices to reduce the life cycle cost of development and increase sustainability.	Medium	Future
Community Design	1: To preserve and enhance Fluvanna's unique identity and rural character.	07: Support and promote federal and state incentives for net-zero-energy buildings.	Medium	Future
Community Design	1: To preserve and enhance Fluvanna's unique identity and rural character.	08: Protect the forest, wildlife habitats, and the rural community landscape as part of a development's green infrastructure.	High	On-going

Chapters	Goals	Implementation Strategy	Strategy Priority	Status
Community Design	1: To preserve and enhance Fluvanna's unique identity and rural character.	09: Require developments located in fire-prone areas such as pine plantations to implement Firewise practices and other defensible space techniques as recommended by the Virginia Dept. of Forestry and local public safety officials.	Medium	Future
Community Design	1: To preserve and enhance Fluvanna's unique identity and rural character.	10: Maintain and enhance primary gateways to ensure a positive identity.	Medium	In Progress
Community Design	1: To preserve and enhance Fluvanna's unique identity and rural character.	11: Develop a master plan for telecommunication technology.	High	Completed
Community Design	1: To preserve and enhance Fluvanna's unique identity and rural character.	12: Promote rehabilitation of run-down areas by enforcing building maintenance code and providing tax incentives for rehabilitated properties.	Low	Future
Community Design	1: To preserve and enhance Fluvanna's unique identity and rural character.	13: Work with electric power companies to facilitate the replacement of current overhead facilities with underground lines, and require all new lines to be placed underground.	Medium	In Progress
Community Design	2: To develop higher-density, walkable, mixed-use communities in the identified growth areas of the county.	1: Amend and adopt zoning and subdivision regulations that allow for higher-density, compact developments for the community planning areas.	High	Completed
Community Design	2: To develop higher-density, walkable, mixed-use communities in the identified growth areas of the county.	2: Develop and implement land-use tools and incentive programs such as transfer of development rights (TDR) to encourage developers to build in the community planning areas of the county.	Medium	Future
Community Design	2: To develop higher-density, walkable, mixed-use communities in the identified growth areas of the county.	3: Ensure appropriate infrastructure is available to support mixed-use development (i.e., water, sewer, roads, trails, telecommunications, stormwater, and so on).	High	In Progress
Community Design	2: To develop higher-density, walkable, mixed-use communities in the identified growth areas of the county.	4: Integrate a variety of transportation options, including pedestrian, bicycle, and vehicular.	High	In Progress
Community Design	3: To promote village-scaled development in the Palmyra and Fork Union communities.	1: Concentrate development around the existing village "downtown" to preserve the rural character of the surrounding areas.	High	In Progress

Chapters	Goals	Implementation Strategy	Strategy Priority	Status
Community Design	3: To promote village-scaled development in the Palmyra and Fork Union communities.	2: Improve the streetscape of the village communities by installing traffic-calming measures, improving existing sidewalks, and installing new sidewalks, street lighting, and so on.	Medium	In Progress
Community Design	3: To promote village-scaled development in the Palmyra and Fork Union communities.	3: Encourage the establishment of new local businesses and support existing local business in village cores.	High	In Progress
Community Design	4: To preserve and enhance historic areas and properties of the county.	1: Develop historic overlay districts to establish and implement design guidelines for new developments in historic areas of the county.	Medium	Future
Community Design	4: To preserve and enhance historic areas and properties of the county.	2: Continue to encourage the creation and establishment of historic easements on historic properties.	Medium	In Progress
Infrastructure	1: To protect the county's natural and historic resources and critical wildlife habitats by the effective utilization of green infrastructure in all development projects.	1: Work with developers to minimize the impact of development by preserving wildlife corridors, wetlands, and other sensitive areas through the creation of greenways, trails, parks, and other open spaces.	Medium	On-going
Infrastructure	1: To protect the county's natural and historic resources and critical wildlife habitats by the effective utilization of green infrastructure in all development projects.	2: Partner with developers to receive land dedications, as appropriate, to be owned and operated by the county as public parks and greenways.	Medium	On-going
Infrastructure	1: To protect the county's natural and historic resources and critical wildlife habitats by the effective utilization of green infrastructure in all development projects.	3: Require that open space dedications that are to be privately maintained are adequately protected and may not be further developed as part of the associated project, or without further public or legal discussion and formal action.	Medium	In Progress
Infrastructure	1: To protect the county's natural and historic resources and critical wildlife habitats by the effective utilization of green infrastructure in all development projects.	4: Encourage and support renewable energy generation by allowing such facilities in the zoning ordinance (e.g., wind mills, solar panels, biofuel production, and so on).	Medium	Future

Chapters	Goals	Implementation Strategy	Strategy Priority	Status
Infrastructure	1: To protect the county's natural and historic resources and critical wildlife habitats by the effective utilization of green infrastructure in all development projects.	5: Build new and remodeled county buildings to an established energy efficiency standard such as Energy Star or LEED.	Medium	On-going
Infrastructure	2: To develop a comprehensive public water system to serve the county's community planning areas.	1: Design and construct a water line from the James River to the Zion Crossroads UDA in cooperation with Louisa County.	High	On Hold
Infrastructure	2: To develop a comprehensive public water system to serve the county's community planning areas.	2: Establish a water service authority to serve Louisa and Fluvanna counties to provide adequate water supply, primarily for the Zion Crossroads UDA.	High	Completed
Infrastructure	2: To develop a comprehensive public water system to serve the county's community planning areas.	3: Allocate a portion of the James River water line to serve the Rivanna, Palmyra, and Fork Union community planning areas.	High	Completed
Infrastructure	2: To develop a comprehensive public water system to serve the county's community planning areas.	4: Complete the state-mandated water supply plan in order to identify sources for the county's long-term water needs, particularly for each of its community planning areas.	High	Completed
Infrastructure	2: To develop a comprehensive public water system to serve the county's community planning areas.	5: Provide additional water resources for the Columbia community planning area as part of a large, comprehensive, well-planned mixed-use development project (or projects) to revitalize the area.	Medium	Future
Infrastructure	2: To develop a comprehensive public water system to serve the county's community planning areas.	6: Establish a unified structure for the operation of public water utilities.	High	Future
Infrastructure	2: To develop a comprehensive public water system to serve the county's community planning areas.	7: Consider requiring a hydrogeological study to determine groundwater capacity for development that proposes to use wells to serve the project.	Medium	Future
Infrastructure	2: To develop a comprehensive public water system to serve the county's community planning areas.	8: Discourage connections to, or extensions of, the public water line into the rural residential and rural preservation planning areas.	High	On-going
Infrastructure	2: To develop a comprehensive public water system to serve the county's community planning areas.	9: Construct water storage facilities to increase both the volume and pressurization of water for emergency conditions such as extended power outages, drought, floods, and other natural disasters.	Medium	Future

Chapters	Goals	Implementation Strategy	Strategy Priority	Status
Infrastructure	3: To provide central sewer to the community planning areas.	1: Provide central sewer service in the Zion Crossroads UDA in partnership with both Louisa County and private developers.	Medium	In Progress
Infrastructure	3: To provide central sewer to the community planning areas.	2: Extend the collection line of the Palmyra sewer system to connect the infrastructure on Pleasant Grove to the sewer plant. This should include the proposed high school that is planned to be built on the western side of Pleasant Grove.	High	Completed
Infrastructure	3: To provide central sewer to the community planning areas.	3: Expand the 40,000 gallons-per-day public sewer system for the Palmyra community planning area as needed.	Medium	Future
Infrastructure	3: To provide central sewer to the community planning areas.	4: Work with the private sector to develop a public sewer system to serve the Fork Union community planning area to enable future growth in this area, and to assist current residents with their aging (and increasingly failing) septic systems.	Medium	Future
Infrastructure	3: To provide central sewer to the community planning areas.	5: Work with development projects in all community planning areas for the provision of central sewer, whether publicly or privately owned and operated.	Medium	Future
Infrastructure	3: To provide central sewer to the community planning areas.	6: Utilize the unified structure for the operation of public water utilities for public sewer as well.	High	Future
Infrastructure	4: To regulate private utilities, whether centralized or decentralized.	1: Require development to determine future septic suitability and groundwater resources for the proposed project, and its potential impact on surrounding wells.	Medium	Future
Infrastructure	4: To regulate private utilities, whether centralized or decentralized.	2: Develop enforceable maintenance requirements for alternative sewer systems to ensure their proper and continued operation and maintenance.	Medium	Future
Infrastructure	4: To regulate private utilities, whether centralized or decentralized.	3: Discourage the use of new septic systems within community planning areas and require the connection to central sewer as existing systems fail.	Medium	Future
Infrastructure	4: To regulate private utilities, whether centralized or decentralized.	4: Revise zoning and subdivision regulations to ensure proper maintenance of all permitted wastewater systems, both centralized and decentralized.	Medium	Future

Chapters	Goals	Implementation Strategy	Strategy Priority	Status
Infrastructure	4: To regulate private utilities, whether centralized or decentralized.	5: Discourage the use of central sewer in the rural preservation areas and carefully limit its use in the rural residential areas to primarily cluster developments.	Medium	Future
Infrastructure	5: To maintain a comprehensive, long-range solid waste management program.	1: Continue the annual collection of household hazardous waste and publicize the importance of the program.	Low	Future
Infrastructure	5: To maintain a comprehensive, long-range solid waste management program.	2: Establish a yard waste composting program on a regional basis in partnership with other public or private utilities.	Medium	Future
Infrastructure	5: To maintain a comprehensive, long-range solid waste management program.	3: Continue a countywide education program on the advantages of waste reduction, recycling, and reuse, as well as the continued use of the recycle center at the county landfill site.	Medium	Future
Infrastructure	5: To maintain a comprehensive, long-range solid waste management program.	4: Examine the feasibility of establishing recycling and refuse collection sites throughout the county.	Medium	Future
Infrastructure	6: To facilitate the deployment of a comprehensive communications network that ensures the reliability of public safety, wireless and broadband services.	1: Adopt a comprehensive telecommunications master plan that establishes location criteria that reflects the priorities and goals of the county's residents and stakeholders.	High	Completed
Infrastructure	6: To facilitate the deployment of a comprehensive communications network that ensures the reliability of public safety, wireless and broadband services.	2: Increase access to high-speed broadband for residences and businesses throughout the county.	High	In Progress
Infrastructure	6: To facilitate the deployment of a comprehensive communications network that ensures the reliability of public safety, wireless and broadband services.	3: Give priority for towers on publicly owned land, as appropriate, including sites owned by the Fork Union Sanitary District, among others.	High	Completed

Chapters	Goals	Implementation Strategy	Strategy Priority	Status
Infrastructure	6: To facilitate the deployment of a comprehensive communications network that ensures the reliability of public safety, wireless and broadband services.	4: Install conduit in the ground for future fiber-optic lines or other high-tech cable uses whenever and wherever the installation of other utility lines is under way, particularly main lines that connect community planning areas.	Medium	Future
Infrastructure	7: To evaluate private developments and public investments, such as capital improvement projects, within a fiscal framework as approved by the Board of Supervisors.	1: Provide a fiscal impact statement, including an examination of alternative solutions and their costs and benefits, for all capital improvements over \$100,000.	Medium	Future
Infrastructure	7: To evaluate private developments and public investments, such as capital improvement projects, within a fiscal framework as approved by the Board of Supervisors.	2: Analyze capital project costs, including the debt service over the life of the loan period, to accurately project the financial (tax) impact.	Medium	On-going
Infrastructure	7: To evaluate private developments and public investments, such as capital improvement projects, within a fiscal framework as approved by the Board of Supervisors.	3: Amend the Comprehensive Plan as needed to include all projects that are projected in the capital improvements program (CIP).	Medium	Future
Infrastructure	7: To evaluate private developments and public investments, such as capital improvement projects, within a fiscal framework as approved by the Board of Supervisors.	4: Adopt a system of cash proffers, impact fees, level-of-service standards or some combination thereof, and collect at the earliest possible time while allowing for feasible implementation of the project.	High	In Progress
Transportation	1: To make needed improvements to primary roads.	1: Replace the Hardware River Bridge (West River Road) and the Rivanna River Bridge (East River Road) on Route 6.	Medium	In Progress
Transportation	1: To make needed improvements to primary roads.	2: Prioritize all unsafe intersections with secondary roads and schedule for implementation accordingly, including adding guard rails where necessary.	Medium	Future

Chapters	Goals	Implementation Strategy	Strategy Priority	Status
Transportation	1: To make needed improvements to primary roads.	3: Encourage the straightening of Route 6 west from Route 773 (The Cross Road). Any improvements to Route 6 should be compatible with its status as a Scenic Byway.	Medium	Future
Transportation	1: To make needed improvements to primary roads.	4: Development along state Scenic Byways and bicycle routes should be carefully screened to ensure that development is compatible with the scenic character and tourist value of the route.	Medium	On-going
Transportation	1: To make needed improvements to primary roads.	5: Upgrade or replace the Route 15 intersections at Dixie and at Camp Friendship.	Medium	Future
Transportation	1: To make needed improvements to primary roads.	6: Nominate Route 53 as a state Scenic Byway.	Medium	Future
Transportation	1: To make needed improvements to primary roads.	7: Identify and construct priority access controls such as parallel service roads, especially in commercial areas.	Medium	Future
Transportation	1: To make needed improvements to primary roads.	8: Work with VDOT and adjacent counties to plan for and design necessary improvements to U.S. Route 250.	Medium	Future
Transportation	1: To make needed improvements to primary roads.	9: Evaluate potential need for traffic-calming measures such as traffic lights, roundabouts, and so on at certain intersections.	Medium	Future
Transportation	2: To improve secondary roads with the assistance of VDOT.	1: The county should develop its "priority secondary road corridors" and ensure that its priorities conform to the six-year plan (e.g., Route 659 from Kents Store to Ferncliff).	Medium	Future
Transportation	2: To improve secondary roads with the assistance of VDOT.	2: Prioritize the marking of centerlines and pavement edges on all secondary road corridors for increased safety, and implement accordingly.	Medium	Future
Transportation	2: To improve secondary roads with the assistance of VDOT.	3: Continue to cooperate with VDOT to cut foliage back from alongside roadways.	Low	On-going
Transportation	2: To improve secondary roads with the assistance of VDOT.	4: Lead cooperative efforts with adjoining localities in upgrading roadways.	Medium	Future
Transportation	2: To improve secondary roads with the assistance of VDOT.	5: Identify how to make all secondary roads safely passable to school buses and all emergency vehicles, and then prioritize and implement accordingly.	High	Future
Transportation	2: To improve secondary roads with the assistance of VDOT.	6: Reconstruct intersections that have obstructed vision or unsafe angles.	Medium	Future

Chapters	Goals	Implementation Strategy	Strategy Priority	Status
Transportation	2: To improve secondary roads with the assistance of VDOT.	7: Follow up the Board of Supervisors request of VDOT to widen and mark centerlines and pavement edges for Route 600 from Route 618 to Route 250 and for Route 633 from the intersection with Route 600 to Route 250.	High	Future
Transportation	2: To improve secondary roads with the assistance of VDOT.	8: Accept proffers of road right-of-way and widening from developers whose projects will significantly increase traffic on secondary roads.	High	In Progress
Transportation	2: To improve secondary roads with the assistance of VDOT.	9: Identify key traffic bottlenecks, such as one-lane bridges serving two-lane roads, and prioritize improvements needed to eliminate such bottlenecks.	Medium	Future
Transportation	3: To improve pedestrian and bicycle access to roads and provide off-road trails and walkways.	1: Require the development of alternative transportation infrastructure such as sidewalks and trails in new major subdivisions in commercial areas. Multiuse trails should link neighborhoods and commercial centers, particularly within the planning areas.	Medium	On-going
Transportation	3: To improve pedestrian and bicycle access to roads and provide off-road trails and walkways.	2: When improvements to roadways that are recognized as "present need" are conducted, every effort should be made to also encourage the development of off-road walking and/or biking paths on those roads which are also noted as potential bike routes.	Medium	Future
Transportation	3: To improve pedestrian and bicycle access to roads and provide off-road trails and walkways.	3: Erect cautionary signs to alert motorists where frequent bicycle travel exists.	Medium	Future
Transportation	3: To improve pedestrian and bicycle access to roads and provide off-road trails and walkways.	4: Mark bicycle lanes on all bridges and roads (even short stretches) that are wide enough to provide such lanes.	Medium	Future
Transportation	3: To improve pedestrian and bicycle access to roads and provide off-road trails and walkways.	5: Clearly mark U.S. Bicycle Route 76 for the safety of bicycle riders.	Medium	Future
Transportation	3: To improve pedestrian and bicycle access to roads and provide off-road trails and walkways.	6: Install secure bicycle racks at all park and ride locations and at strategic JAUNT locations.	Medium	Future
Transportation	4: To improve the availability and quality of public transportation in the county.	1: Increase regional transit including JAUNT funding and routes when and where appropriate. Also, explore partnerships with Charlottesville Transit.	Medium	Future

Chapters	Goals	Implementation Strategy	Strategy Priority	Status
Transportation	4: To improve the availability and quality of public transportation in the county.	2: Support the Thomas Jefferson Planning District Commission's RideShare program.	Medium	On-going
Transportation	4: To improve the availability and quality of public transportation in the county.	3: Construct park-and-ride lots on public and private property selected so as to minimize automobile trips on public roads.	Medium	Future
Transportation	4: To improve the availability and quality of public transportation in the county.	4: Require all major residential subdivisions to provide park-and-ride lots for their property owners, and for identified park-and-ride partners with those owners, in appropriate areas of the county.	Medium	Future
Transportation	4: To improve the availability and quality of public transportation in the county.	5: Improve access procedures for public transportation to gated communities.	Medium	Future
Transportation	4: To improve the availability and quality of public transportation in the county.	6: Continue to work with the Thomas Jefferson Planning District Commission and JAUNT to provide transportation opportunities for people with special needs.	Medium	On-going
Transportation	4: To improve the availability and quality of public transportation in the county.	7: Appoint a coordinator to utilize regional, public, and volunteer resources to provide transportation, and to assist citizens with finding carpools and other group or public transportation resources.	Medium	Future
Transportation	4: To improve the availability and quality of public transportation in the county.	8: Provide affordable mass transit to employment centers and commercial areas.	Medium	Future
Transportation	4: To improve the availability and quality of public transportation in the county.	9: Provide secure bicycle storage shelters at all public facilities, and require or give parking space credits for commercial developments.	Medium	Future
Transportation	5: To ensure the delivery of railroad services in the county.	1: Preserve existing sidings and rights-of-way.	Low	Future
Transportation	5: To ensure the delivery of railroad services in the county.	2: Designate sufficient upland area in proximity to existing rail facilities for commercial and industrial development.	Low	Future
Transportation	5: To ensure the delivery of railroad services in the county.	3: Pursue economic development based on the availability of rail facilities.	Low	Future

Chapters	Goals	Implementation Strategy	Strategy Priority	Status
Transportation	6: To support road construction and maintenance.	1: Draft a consistent and coherent primary road plan, and present the plan well at VDOT's annual Culpeper districting meeting. The Board of Supervisors should pursue identified projects with members of the General Assembly to ensure their implementation.	High	Future
Transportation	6: To support road construction and maintenance.	2: Concentrate resources on rebuilding secondary corridors rather than on further improving minor roads.	Medium	Future
Transportation	6: To support road construction and maintenance.	3: Establish a traffic impact fee ordinance and cash proffer policy to help fund traffic and road improvements.	High	In Progress
Transportation	6: To support road construction and maintenance.	4: Private roads should be built to designated specifications based upon the level of trips generated by the development.	High	Future
Transportation	6: To support road construction and maintenance.	5: Work with VDOT to evaluate the use of cul-de-sacs in subdivisions and amend the subdivision ordinance accordingly.	Medium	Future
Transportation	6: To support road construction and maintenance.	6: Include major traffic and road improvements in the capital improvement program (CIP) to become eligible for any cash proffer fees collected.	High	On-going
Transportation	6: To support road construction and maintenance.	7: Work with VDOT to effectively implement the state's Chapter 527 regulations for all qualifying development projects to identify and mitigate the projected traffic impacts.	Medium	On-going
Transportation	6: To support road construction and maintenance.	8: Work with the Board of Supervisors to periodically reevaluate this chapter of the Comprehensive Plan, particularly with regard to prioritizing recommended improvements to the state's six-year Transportation Improvement Program.	High	Future
Transportation	6: To support road construction and maintenance.	9: Lobby the General Assembly, in coordination with the Thomas Jefferson Planning District Commission, to give localities the authority to utilize alternative funding sources to help locally fund road improvements.	High	Future
Transportation	7: To control litter.	1: Actively support ongoing litter control programs and seek the formation of new initiatives to maintain litter-free roads.	Medium	Future

Chapters	Goals	Implementation Strategy	Strategy Priority	Status
Transportation	7: To control litter.	2: Encourage residents to utilize VDOT's adopt-a-highway program.	Medium	Future
Economic Development	1: To strengthen and clarify the county's commitment to economic development.	1: The Economic Development Commission (EDC) will actively engage the Board of Supervisors and Planning Commission to keep the lines of communication open, and the goals and strategies used to achieve the economic development vision current.	Medium	On-going
Economic Development	1: To strengthen and clarify the county's commitment to economic development.	2: Work with the EDC, EDA, and other entities as applicable, to implement the goals and strategies identified in the Comprehensive Plan, or otherwise adopted by the Board of Supervisors.	High	In Progress
Economic Development	1: To strengthen and clarify the county's commitment to economic development.	3: Create a full-time position, with support staff, to focus on economic development issues by working with the EDC, EDA, Planning Commission, and other related entities, and advancing the adopted goals and strategies of the Board of Supervisors.	Medium	Completed
Economic Development	1: To strengthen and clarify the county's commitment to economic development.	4: Work with the EDC to develop an economic development business plan to more specifically guide the implementation of the vision, goals, and strategies discussed in the Comprehensive Plan.	High	Completed
Economic Development	1: To strengthen and clarify the county's commitment to economic development.	5: Revamp the county's Web site, and utilize other media, to professionally and effectively promote Fluvanna County.	High	In Progress
Economic Development	2: To implement the county's community planning areas, as shown on the Future Land Use Map.	1: Adopt at least a portion of the Zion Crossroads community planning area as the county's urban development area, as recommended in chapter 2, "Land Use."	High	Completed
Economic Development	2: To implement the county's community planning areas, as shown on the Future Land Use Map.	2: Create a PUD zoning district to allow for increased flexibility for commercial, industrial, and residential uses, as well as increased residential density within well-planned, mixed-use communities within the community planning areas.	High	Completed

Chapters	Goals	Implementation Strategy	Strategy Priority	Status
Economic Development	2: To implement the county's community planning areas, as shown on the Future Land Use Map.	3: Construct a water line to the UDA along with necessary waste treatment facilities, broadband and cellular services, and road improvements to provide infrastructure necessary for healthy, successful community planning areas.	High	In Progress
Economic Development	2: To implement the county's community planning areas, as shown on the Future Land Use Map.	4: Create financial incentives to encourage the relocation of non-tax generating uses from land within the community planning areas, particularly prime industrial and commercial land.	Medium	Future
Economic Development	3: To protect rural areas through economic development.	1: Work with large landowners to utilize their land for larger-scale agricultural, horticultural, or forestal activities that will economically benefit the county, landowner, and business, and help preserve the rural character of the county.	Medium	On-going
Economic Development	3: To protect rural areas through economic development.	2: Utilize the county's natural resources, culture, and historic and recreational sites to capitalize on heritage, ecological, and recreational tourism, as well as attract other visitors.	Medium	On-going
Economic Development	3: To protect rural areas through economic development.	3: Support the development of local economies, locally owned businesses, and entrepreneurial opportunities, particularly those that are of rural character and will require little provision of infrastructure.	Medium	On-going
Economic Development	3: To protect rural areas through economic development.	4: Offer incentives for building mixed-income housing in the community planning areas to maximize the use of existing transportation corridors, creating the level of density needed for attracting mixed-use development and creating diverse neighborhoods.	Medium	Completed
Economic Development	3: To protect rural areas through economic development.	5: Promote local and regional markets for value-added agricultural and forestry enterprises and products.	Medium	On-going
Economic Development	4: To diversify and strengthen the county's tax base.	1: Retain existing businesses by creating an economic development team and then implementing a program such as Business First that will keep in contact with businesses.	High	On-going

Chapters	Goals	Implementation Strategy	Strategy Priority	Status
Economic Development	4: To diversify and strengthen the county's tax base.	2: Retain existing businesses by working with organizations such as the Chamber of Commerce and identify sources of help for those businesses, supporting the expansion of local businesses, and assisting with any other needs that arise.	High	On-going
Economic Development	4: To diversify and strengthen the county's tax base.	3: Recruit new businesses through the Economic Development Business Plan by identifying Fluvanna's competitive advantages, skilled workforce, necessary infrastructure, and effective marketing strategies.	High	On-going
Economic Development	4: To diversify and strengthen the county's tax base.	4: Streamline the application and permitting process by working with businesses to help them locate in the appropriate areas of the county.	Medium	Future
Economic Development	4: To diversify and strengthen the county's tax base.	5: Clearly articulate the county's development standards and requirements to the development community.	High	In Progress
Economic Development	4: To diversify and strengthen the county's tax base.	6: Provide a more educated and skilled workforce through cooperative efforts with the Fluvanna County school system and the local technical schools, community colleges, and universities.	High	On-going
Economic Development	5: To develop a stronger regional presence.	1: Enhance the county's role in regional economic development activities.	Medium	On-going
Economic Development	5: To develop a stronger regional presence.	2: Coordinate development activity at Fluvanna's border with Louisa County.	High	On-going
Economic Development	5: To develop a stronger regional presence.	3: Coordinate with surrounding economic development organizations.	Medium	On-going
Historic Preservation	1: To protect and conserve the county's historic and cultural resources.	1: Assess the value and impact of zoning overly districts that would create "historic conservation zones," to include natural and built attributes, scenic byways, and corridors.	Medium	Future
Historic Preservation	1: To protect and conserve the county's historic and cultural resources.	2: Evaluate the potential costs and benefits of zoning overlay districts for individual community planning areas that would help preserve and protect the renovation of existing structures, and establish design criteria for new and infill development.	Medium	Future

Chapters	Goals	Implementation Strategy	Strategy Priority	Status
Historic Preservation	1: To protect and conserve the county's historic and cultural resources.	3: Study the enactment of ordinances that would provide alternative solutions to the demolition of a significant (contributing) building or alteration of a natural site within a defined historic conservation zone.	Medium	Future
Historic Preservation	1: To protect and conserve the county's historic and cultural resources.	4. Educate the community regarding the history of the county, the benefits of historical easements or registries, and the potential economic benefits resulting from historic preservation including the use of tax incentive programs.	Medium	On-going
Historic Preservation	1: To protect and conserve the county's historic and cultural resources.	5: Install appropriate signage that designates a historic district, landmark, or other structure.	Medium	On-going
Historic Preservation	1: To protect and conserve the county's historic and cultural resources.	6: Enhance historic areas with streetscape or other infrastructure improvements consistent with the period and style.	Medium	Future
Historic Preservation	1: To protect and conserve the county's historic and cultural resources.	7: Enact further zoning to facilitate historic preservation, to discourage inappropriate demolition of structures, and to ensure that new development in historic areas is consistent with scale, period, and type of historic structures.	Medium	Future
Historic Preservation	2: To identify and classify significant historic resources.	1: Identify historic sites throughout the county on the county's geographic information system (GIS) in order to better protect them from new or infill development (e.g., by placing open space around the area to be protected).	Medium	Completed
Historic Preservation	2: To identify and classify significant historic resources.	2: Classify sites in the GIS inventory according to individual properties and districts: on the National Register; qualified for the National Register; of state and local significance; or potentially significant.	Medium	Completed
Historic Preservation	2: To identify and classify significant historic resources.	3: Support Fluvanna County Historical Society efforts to document sites and include information in the society's archives, and adjust classifications accordingly.	Medium	On-going
Historic Preservation	2: To identify and classify significant historic resources.	4: Seek partnerships with higher education that will aid in the identification and possible rehabilitation of historic resources.	Medium	Future

Chapters	Goals	Implementation Strategy	Strategy Priority	Status
Historic Preservation	3: To identify areas with tourism potential based on historic, cultural, recreational and other relevant resources.	1: Work with the Fluvanna County Historical Society, the Economic Development Commission, the Chamber of Commerce, and other interested parties to develop and promote a heritage tourism industry for Fluvanna.	Medium	On-going
Historic Preservation	3: To identify areas with tourism potential based on historic, cultural, recreational and other relevant resources.	2: Market the historic qualities of Fluvanna and the surrounding area to encourage heritage tourism in the region.	Medium	On-going
Historic Preservation	3: To identify areas with tourism potential based on historic, cultural, recreational and other relevant resources.	3: Promote the improvement, maintenance, and appropriate use of historic buildings.	Medium	On-going
Historic Preservation	3: To identify areas with tourism potential based on historic, cultural, recreational and other relevant resources.	4: Enhance tourism potential through the development of high-quality projects that are appropriate for and compatible with surrounding historic sites.	Medium	On-going
Historic Preservation	3: To identify areas with tourism potential based on historic, cultural, recreational and other relevant resources.	5: Include the rehabilitation or restoration of historic, cultural, or recreational resources as part of development projects, and through the establishment of other partnerships.	Medium	Future
Parks and Recreation	1: To upgrade or maintain existing facilities to allow for effective program delivery and community use.	1: Carysbrook should remain an important part of the county's recreational offerings, with a greater effort toward providing varied activities for all ages: upgrade the fitness center equipment; replace the gym floor; improve the HVAC system.	Medium	Future
Parks and Recreation	1: To upgrade or maintain existing facilities to allow for effective program delivery and community use.	2: FCCC should continue to serve the Fork Union area as a community center and community park. Design a park plan for the 100 acres surrounding the community center.	Medium	Future
Parks and Recreation	1: To upgrade or maintain existing facilities to allow for effective program delivery and community use.	3: Bremono should continue to serve the Fork Union area as a community center and community park.	Medium	Future

Chapters	Goals	Implementation Strategy	Strategy Priority	Status
Parks and Recreation	1: To upgrade or maintain existing facilities to allow for effective program delivery and community use.	4: Continue to utilize Pleasant Grove as a primary location for major new facilities, using the Pleasant Grove Master Plan as a guide for the development of recreational amenities at Pleasant Grove.	High	On-going
Parks and Recreation	1: To upgrade or maintain existing facilities to allow for effective program delivery and community use.	5: Continue to adequately maintain facilities to ensure healthy and safe environments for recreational activities and programs, through interagency cooperation.	Medium	Future
Parks and Recreation	2: To continue the phased development of Pleasant Grove as a regional park that serves the identified recreational needs of Fluvanna citizens.	1: Renovate the historic Manor House at Pleasant Grove for a visitor's center, and a multi-use facility for receptions, reunions, and County office space.	High	In Progress
Parks and Recreation	2: To continue the phased development of Pleasant Grove as a regional park that serves the identified recreational needs of Fluvanna citizens.	2: Expand the athletic fields and courts at the Pleasant Grove Sports Park per the master plan.	High	In Progress
Parks and Recreation	2: To continue the phased development of Pleasant Grove as a regional park that serves the identified recreational needs of Fluvanna citizens.	3: Develop a revenue-generating aquatic facility that will accommodate identified program and recreational needs for the high school and community at large.	Medium	Future
Parks and Recreation	2: To continue the phased development of Pleasant Grove as a regional park that serves the identified recreational needs of Fluvanna citizens.	4: Install athletic field lighting to expand program capacity, particularly during fall and winter months, and to alleviate some activity on the Carysbrook fields.	Medium	In Progress
Parks and Recreation	2: To continue the phased development of Pleasant Grove as a regional park that serves the identified recreational needs of Fluvanna citizens.	5: Renovate or replace the pole barns, in partnership with the Fluvanna County Historical Society and Virginia Cooperative Extension, for use as an exhibit hall for agricultural and equestrian programs.	Medium	In Progress

Chapters	Goals	Implementation Strategy	Strategy Priority	Status
Parks and Recreation	2: To continue the phased development of Pleasant Grove as a regional park that serves the identified recreational needs of Fluvanna citizens.	6: Work with local equestrian enthusiasts to enhance the equestrian trails and amenities at Pleasant Grove.	Medium	On-going
Parks and Recreation	2: To continue the phased development of Pleasant Grove as a regional park that serves the identified recreational needs of Fluvanna citizens.	7: Renovate the existing caretaker's house to provide an outdoor recreation center that would include camping and other wilderness-based activities and associated equipment (e.g., tents, sleeping bags, canoes, kayaks, oars, and so on).	Medium	Future
Parks and Recreation	2: To continue the phased development of Pleasant Grove as a regional park that serves the identified recreational needs of Fluvanna citizens.	8: Construct accessory sports park amenities such as restrooms, concession stands, and pavilions for participants and spectators.	High	In Progress
Parks and Recreation	2: To continue the phased development of Pleasant Grove as a regional park that serves the identified recreational needs of Fluvanna citizens.	9: Develop a wildlife management and natural resource plan for Pleasant Grove to conserve and protect the open space and passive recreational opportunities.	Medium	Future
Parks and Recreation	3: To plan and construct additional recreational facilities that will diversify and strengthen the existing parks and programs.	1: Amend the subdivision ordinance to require the development of neighborhood playgrounds in cluster and higher density developments.	Medium	Future
Parks and Recreation	3: To plan and construct additional recreational facilities that will diversify and strengthen the existing parks and programs.	2: Develop zoning districts that either provide incentives or require recreational facilities as part of the planned development.	High	In Progress
Parks and Recreation	3: To plan and construct additional recreational facilities that will diversify and strengthen the existing parks and programs.	3: Master plan the area surrounding the Fluvanna County Community Center for renovation and expansion.	Medium	Future

Chapters	Goals	Implementation Strategy	Strategy Priority	Status
Parks and Recreation	3: To plan and construct additional recreational facilities that will diversify and strengthen the existing parks and programs.	4: Construct a fitness loop trail between the Western Heritage Trail comfort station and the sports fields.	Medium	Future
Parks and Recreation	3: To plan and construct additional recreational facilities that will diversify and strengthen the existing parks and programs.	5: Provide a public swim beach area at Ruritan Lake in cooperation with the Virginia Department of Game and Inland Fisheries.	Medium	Future
Parks and Recreation	3: To plan and construct additional recreational facilities that will diversify and strengthen the existing parks and programs.	6: Design and construct a multigenerational recreation center that would expand indoor programming activities (e.g., indoor playground, game room, kitchen, meeting space).	Medium	Future
Parks and Recreation	3: To plan and construct additional recreational facilities that will diversify and strengthen the existing parks and programs.	7: Develop a greenway and parks master plan that will coordinate and plan for an integrated open space network that includes multiuse trails, bikeways, and walkways that function as both recreational and alternative transportation amenities.	Medium	Future
Parks and Recreation	4: To increase recreational programming opportunities for all age groups and special populations.	1: Expand after school recreational program opportunities for at-risk and not-at-risk youth populations.	Medium	Future
Parks and Recreation	4: To increase recreational programming opportunities for all age groups and special populations.	2: Develop a supervised after school youth center and mentoring program for school-age children from sixth to twelfth grade.	Medium	Future
Parks and Recreation	4: To increase recreational programming opportunities for all age groups and special populations.	3: Continue to explore and offer nontraditional recreational activities that will appeal to segments of the population not represented by traditional recreation and sports.	Medium	Future
Parks and Recreation	4: To increase recreational programming opportunities for all age groups and special populations.	4: Identify special hunting days for youth and the physically disabled.	High	Future
Parks and Recreation	4: To increase recreational programming opportunities for all age groups and special populations.	5: Develop an outdoor sports and recreation program.	Medium	Future

Chapters	Goals	Implementation Strategy	Strategy Priority	Status
Parks and Recreation	5: To foster public-private partnerships with recreation-based organizations or other interested parties, for facility construction and program implementation.	1: Provide organized transportation for children to allow better access to recreational programs and facilities.	Medium	Future
Parks and Recreation	5: To foster public-private partnerships with recreation-based organizations or other interested parties, for facility construction and program implementation.	2: Coordinate with county-based sports organizations to plan for the development and maintenance of sport fields and their amenities.	High	Future
Parks and Recreation	5: To foster public-private partnerships with recreation-based organizations or other interested parties, for facility construction and program implementation.	3: Work with the Department of Game and Inland Fisheries, or other interested parties, to develop comprehensive wildlife management practices to protect and conserve critical open space and habitats.	High	In Progress
Parks and Recreation	5: To foster public-private partnerships with recreation-based organizations or other interested parties, for facility construction and program implementation.	4: Provide increased access to swimming opportunities, including local rivers, lakes and pools.	Medium	On-going
Parks and Recreation	5: To foster public-private partnerships with recreation-based organizations or other interested parties, for facility construction and program implementation.	5: Maintain a partnership with the school system for shared use of county- and school-owned facilities.	High	On-going
Housing	1: To provide for most of the county's future housing needs within the community planning areas.	1: Provide adequate infrastructure including, but not limited to, water, sewer, transportation, and communications in the designated growth areas served.	High	On-going
Housing	1: To provide for most of the county's future housing needs within the community planning areas.	2: Create zoning that enables increased residential density in the growth areas, and allows for mixed-use and mixed income developments.	High	Completed

Chapters	Goals	Implementation Strategy	Strategy Priority	Status
Housing	1: To provide for most of the county's future housing needs within the community planning areas.	3: Approve well-planned, holistic developments within growth areas and near supporting infrastructure in order to create balanced communities, maximize land use, and minimize negative environmental impacts.	High	On-going
Housing	1: To provide for most of the county's future housing needs within the community planning areas.	4: Cluster housing adjacent to commercial development so that the need for transportation to work is lessened.	High	On-going
Housing	2: To provide a variety of well-planned housing choices.	1: Amend the zoning and subdivision ordinances to allow for varying lot sizes from small clustered lots to large parcels suitable for continued farming and rural living.	High	In Progress
Housing	2: To provide a variety of well-planned housing choices.	2: Allow for a mix of housing types and densities in individual developments (single and multifamily) as appropriate for the area and existing or planned infrastructure.	High	In Progress
Housing	2: To provide a variety of well-planned housing choices.	3: Create ordinances that allow for market flexibility, yet achieve the objectives set by the county regarding its housing and affordability priorities	High	In Progress
Housing	2: To provide a variety of well-planned housing choices.	4: Create density bonus incentives for residential mixed-income developments.	Medium	In Progress
Housing	2: To provide a variety of well-planned housing choices.	5: Create a planned unit development (PUD) zoning district to allow for higher density in the community planning areas.	High	Completed
Housing	2: To provide a variety of well-planned housing choices.	6: Allow for housing for senior populations and continuous care facilities, particularly within the community planning areas.	Medium	Completed
Housing	2: To provide a variety of well-planned housing choices.	7: Allow for manufactured housing parks only in areas with appropriate infrastructure.	Medium	Future
Housing	3: To increase the affordability of both new and existing housing stock for low- and moderate-income individuals and families.	1: Continue to support local nonprofit organizations such as the Louisa/Fluvanna Housing Foundation and Habitat for Humanity.	High	On-Going
Housing	3: To increase the affordability of both new and existing housing stock for low- and moderate-income individuals and families.	2: Create a homebuyers' assistance program for qualifying low- and moderate-income persons to provide low- or no-interest loans for downpayment assistance (e.g., cash proffers dedicated for affordable housing assistance).	High	Future

Chapters	Goals	Implementation Strategy	Strategy Priority	Status
Housing	3: To increase the affordability of both new and existing housing stock for low- and moderate-income individuals and families.	3: Encourage proffers that achieve a target of 20 percent affordable units for developments with residential housing.	High	Future
Housing	3: To increase the affordability of both new and existing housing stock for low- and moderate-income individuals and families.	4: Amend the zoning ordinance to allow for accessory apartments in order to increase affordable rental units in the county, and allow for added income to homeowners.	High	Completed
Housing	3: To increase the affordability of both new and existing housing stock for low- and moderate-income individuals and families.	5: Encourage the provision of low- or no-cost land for affordable housing.	High	Future
Housing	3: To increase the affordability of both new and existing housing stock for low- and moderate-income individuals and families.	6: Appoint an affordable housing committee to make policy recommendations to the Board of Supervisors and keep up-to-date on the provision and quality of housing in the county.	High	Future
Housing	3: To increase the affordability of both new and existing housing stock for low- and moderate-income individuals and families.	7: Work with the Thomas Jefferson Planning District to lobby the General Assembly to allow all localities to more effectively address affordable housing issues.	High	Future
Housing	3: To increase the affordability of both new and existing housing stock for low- and moderate-income individuals and families.	8: Provide other affordable housing incentives in all appropriate zoning districts.	High	In Progress
Housing	4: To improve Fluvanna County's housing database and available information to facilitate the planning process.	1: Create a comprehensive repository of county housing information in cooperation with all public and private agencies that collect and use housing data.	Medium	Future
Housing	4: To improve Fluvanna County's housing database and available information to facilitate the planning process.	2: Utilize the annual Development Activity Report to report housing data to the community.	Medium	On-going

Chapters	Goals	Implementation Strategy	Strategy Priority	Status
Housing	4: To improve Fluvanna County's housing database and available information to facilitate the planning process.	3: Utilize GIS to assist the above programs as both technology and housing data and policies continue to evolve.	Medium	Future
Human Services	1: To provide a single point of entry for human services information/referral.	1: Renovate the human services offices at Carysbrook to create space for additional staff and programming.	Medium	Completed
Human Services	1: To provide a single point of entry for human services information/referral.	2: Improve the coordination of volunteers for community service activities and sharing of public resources.	High	Future
Human Services	1: To provide a single point of entry for human services information/referral.	3: Partner with the United Way, and other identified agencies, to improve volunteer opportunities, and more effectively publicize programs.	Medium	In Progress
Human Services	2: To provide adequate funding and staffing to ensure that human service needs of citizens are met.	1: Seek grant funding available from state, federal, and private sources to meet identified agency needs.	High	Future
Human Services	2: To provide adequate funding and staffing to ensure that human service needs of citizens are met.	2: Reduce Social Service case backlog by at least 25% with additional staff.	Medium	Future
Human Services	2: To provide adequate funding and staffing to ensure that human service needs of citizens are met.	3: Continue and expand programs offered by the Virginia Cooperative Extension.	High	On-going
Human Services	3: To provide adequate services for adolescent and teen populations.	1: Establish an adolescent/teen multi-program center that offers opportunities for enrichment and social interaction.	Medium	Future
Human Services	3: To provide adequate services for adolescent and teen populations.	2: Create programs and opportunities for multigenerational interaction at the center for mentoring and enrichment of both ages.	Medium	Future
Human Services	3: To provide adequate services for adolescent and teen populations.	3: Expand programming for children and youth so that 10% of school-age children are involved in 4-H programs.	Medium	Future
Human Services	3: To provide adequate services for adolescent and teen populations.	4: Develop a list of available youth and family activities and services.	Medium	Future

Chapters	Goals	Implementation Strategy	Strategy Priority	Status
Human Services	3: To provide adequate services for adolescent and teen populations.	5: Create a statistical resource to be used for periodic assessment of what county youth are accomplishing and what barriers to success exist, allowing the results of the assessment to guide the development and expansion of new and existing services.	Medium	Future
Human Services	3: To provide adequate services for adolescent and teen populations.	6: Conduct surveys on an annual basis to assess the needs and concerns of youth throughout Fluvanna.	Medium	Future
Human Services	4: To provide adequate services for elderly, disabled, and mentally ill or impaired citizens.	1: Develop a variety of housing options for aging citizens.	Medium	On-going
Human Services	4: To provide adequate services for elderly, disabled, and mentally ill or impaired citizens.	2: Expand the development of nursing home facilities to meet the needs of the growing population.	Medium	Future
Human Services	4: To provide adequate services for elderly, disabled, and mentally ill or impaired citizens.	3: Establish passive, active, and therapeutic activities for the senior, disabled, and mentally ill populations.	Medium	Future
Human Services	4: To provide adequate services for elderly, disabled, and mentally ill or impaired citizens.	4: Develop partnerships with public or private provider(s) to make health visits to homebound individuals who do not have insurance to provide these types of services.	Medium	Future
Human Services	4: To provide adequate services for elderly, disabled, and mentally ill or impaired citizens.	5: Continue to support the Meals-on-Wheels program in Fluvanna.	Medium	On-going
Human Services	4: To provide adequate services for elderly, disabled, and mentally ill or impaired citizens.	6: Establish a program to teach computer skills and provide space for their ongoing use.	Medium	Future
Human Services	5: To provide high-quality and affordable child-care services.	1: Expand after-school care programs to adequately serve an expanding population.	Medium	Future
Human Services	5: To provide high-quality and affordable child-care services.	2: Expand parent education and support programs for families.	Medium	Future
Human Services	6: To prevent drug and substance abuse.	1: Provide education to the citizens of Fluvanna regarding drug and substance abuse.	Medium	Future
Human Services	6: To prevent drug and substance abuse.	2: Provide proper treatment for drug and substance abuse.	Medium	Future
Human Services	6: To prevent drug and substance abuse.	3: Establish services and support groups that target specific needs.	Medium	Future

Chapters	Goals	Implementation Strategy	Strategy Priority	Status
Human Services	7: To provide appropriate and adequate medical, health, and safety service facilities that are available to all populations.	1: Provide an adequate supply of medical and dental care providers in the county.	Medium	Future
Human Services	7: To provide appropriate and adequate medical, health, and safety service facilities that are available to all populations.	2: Expand medical transport services in the county to ensure adequate service for an aging population.	Medium	Future
Human Services	7: To provide appropriate and adequate medical, health, and safety service facilities that are available to all populations.	3: Work with interested health providers to establish a regional emergency services center to serve the area's residents.	Medium	Future
Human Services	7: To provide appropriate and adequate medical, health, and safety service facilities that are available to all populations.	4: Educate the public on communicable and zoonotic diseases, and the importance of proper immunizations of humans and companion animals.	Medium	Future
Human Services	7: To provide appropriate and adequate medical, health, and safety service facilities that are available to all populations.	5: Actively support county volunteers who provide medical care and rescue services.	Medium	On-going
Human Services	8: To provide for the safety and well-being of our citizens.	1: Maintain and update annually a health disaster plan.	Medium	Future
Human Services	8: To provide for the safety and well-being of our citizens.	2: Inform the citizens of these plans through local media.	Medium	Future
Human Services	8: To provide for the safety and well-being of our citizens.	3: Maintain the emergency shelter at Carysbrook and provide necessary facilities (i.e. showers, generator, food supply).	Medium	Future
Human Services	8: To provide for the safety and well-being of our citizens.	4: Support the use of low-cost rabies vaccinations for companion animals as needed.	Medium	Future
Human Services	8: To provide for the safety and well-being of our citizens.	5: Continue to develop and sustain a volunteer base for fire and rescue services.	Medium	On-going
Education	1: To provide instructional programs supporting the Standards of Learning (SOLs).	01: Maintain a student-teacher ration of 18 to 1 in grades K-1, and 22 to 1 in grades 2-12.	High	On-going

Chapters	Goals	Implementation Strategy	Strategy Priority	Status
Education	1: To provide instructional programs supporting the Standards of Learning (SOLs).	02: Evaluate SOL implementation annually, and revise as needed.	High	On-going
Education	1: To provide instructional programs supporting the Standards of Learning (SOLs).	03: Develop plans to meet or exceed the minimum pass rates needed for accreditation and to make adequate yearly progress (AYP).	High	On-going
Education	1: To provide instructional programs supporting the Standards of Learning (SOLs).	04: Continue effective components of reading instruction in K-3 that include phonemic awareness, phonics, fluency, vocabulary development, and text comprehension.	High	On-going
Education	1: To provide instructional programs supporting the Standards of Learning (SOLs).	05: Continue instruction in grades K-12 that emphasizes reading, writing, speaking, math concepts and computations, computer and related technology proficiency, and scientific concepts and processes; essential skills and concepts of citizenship, etc.	High	On-going
Education	1: To provide instructional programs supporting the Standards of Learning (SOLs).	06: Review program of studies for grades K-12 and adjust as needed.	Medium	On-going
Education	1: To provide instructional programs supporting the Standards of Learning (SOLs).	07: Continue oversight by administrators to ensure instructional delivery and focus, curriculum alignment, and monitoring of individual student progress.	High	On-going
Education	1: To provide instructional programs supporting the Standards of Learning (SOLs).	08: Continue use of remedial plans and strategies for students not performing at or above grade level.	High	On-going
Education	1: To provide instructional programs supporting the Standards of Learning (SOLs).	09: Continue implementation of an extended day program, including transportation, for a period of time prior to SOL testing.	High	On-going
Education	1: To provide instructional programs supporting the Standards of Learning (SOLs).	10: Maintain full accreditation for all Fluvanna County schools.	High	On-going
Education	1: To provide instructional programs supporting the Standards of Learning (SOLs).	11: Continue implementation of a four-year-old program.	High	In Progress

Chapters	Goals	Implementation Strategy	Strategy Priority	Status
Education	1: To provide instructional programs supporting the Standards of Learning (SOLs).	12: Continue programs based on prevention, intervention, or remediation to increase the number of students who earn a high school diploma or general education development (GED) certificate, and to prevent students from dropping out of school.	High	On-going
Education	1: To provide instructional programs supporting the Standards of Learning (SOLs).	13: Work with area school systems to effectively promote the teaching profession, equitable salaries and benefits, and necessary training opportunities.	High	On-going
Education	2: To continue career and technical education programs that emphasize the advantages of completing school with marketable skills, and that promote knowledge of careers along with all types of employment opportunities.	1: Strengthen regional partnerships to make available a wider range of vocational offerings along with apprenticeships and entrepreneurships.	Medium	Future
Education	2: To continue career and technical education programs that emphasize the advantages of completing school with marketable skills, and that promote knowledge of careers along with all types of employment opportunities.	2: Continue specific career exploration opportunities in the middle school grades.	Medium	On-going
Education	2: To continue career and technical education programs that emphasize the advantages of completing school with marketable skills, and that promote knowledge of careers along with all types of employment opportunities.	3: Continue implementation of competency-based career and technical education programs according to the career and technical education plan.	High	On-going

Chapters	Goals	Implementation Strategy	Strategy Priority	Status
Education	2: To continue career and technical education programs that emphasize the advantages of completing school with marketable skills, and that promote knowledge of careers along with all types of employment opportunities.	4: Continue relationship between Fluvanna County Public Schools and Piedmont Futures for career mentoring and job placement.	Medium	On-going
Education	2: To continue career and technical education programs that emphasize the advantages of completing school with marketable skills, and that promote knowledge of careers along with all types of employment opportunities.	5: Continue to offer career and technical opportunities at Fluvanna County High School, Charlottesville-Albemarle Technical Center (CATEC), J. Sargeant Reynolds Community College, and Piedmont Virginia Community College.	High	On-going
Education	2: To continue career and technical education programs that emphasize the advantages of completing school with marketable skills, and that promote knowledge of careers along with all types of employment opportunities.	6: Continue to promote higher education as a viable path to professions such as physicians, scientists, engineers, journalists, and other careers that require an advanced degree or degree(s).	High	On-going
Education	3: To provide adult education and family literacy programs.	1: Continue providing day and evening Adult Basic Education, General Adult Education, and Families Learning Together programs.	High	On-going
Education	3: To provide adult education and family literacy programs.	2: Continue coordination of adult education services, including counseling of adults, across local government agencies.	High	On-going
Education	4: To plan for capital improvements and additions in cooperation with the Board of Supervisors and appropriate County staff through the annual CIP process.	1: Plan for at least two replacement buses and two new buses (as needed) annually and project in the CIP accordingly.	Medium	On-going

Chapters	Goals	Implementation Strategy	Strategy Priority	Status
Education	4: To plan for capital improvements and additions in cooperation with the Board of Supervisors and appropriate County staff through the annual CIP process.	2: Plan for any renovations, replacements, or capital repairs in the "out" years of the CIP.	Medium	On-going
Education	4: To plan for capital improvements and additions in cooperation with the Board of Supervisors and appropriate County staff through the annual CIP process.	3: Plan for the conversion of the existing high school to the middle school.	High	Completed
Education	4: To plan for capital improvements and additions in cooperation with the Board of Supervisors and appropriate County staff through the annual CIP process.	4: Plan for the renovation of the existing middle school to an upper elementary school.	High	Completed
Education	4: To plan for capital improvements and additions in cooperation with the Board of Supervisors and appropriate County staff through the annual CIP process.	5: Plan to renovate the Abrams Building for continued educational use.	Medium	Future
Public Safety	1: To improve public safety infrastructure and operability in order to provide excellent service and protection to County residents.	1: Upgrade the public safety radio communications system to accommodate narrow band technology and improve internal and external communication.	High	In Progress
Public Safety	1: To improve public safety infrastructure and operability in order to provide excellent service and protection to County residents.	2: Maintain E-911 call center equipment and software.	High	On-going
Public Safety	1: To improve public safety infrastructure and operability in order to provide excellent service and protection to County residents.	3: Relocate and replace the Fork Union firehouse.	High	In Progress

Chapters	Goals	Implementation Strategy	Strategy Priority	Status
Public Safety	1: To improve public safety infrastructure and operability in order to provide excellent service and protection to County residents.	4: Renovate and expand, or replace, the Kents Store firehouse.	High	Completed
Public Safety	1: To improve public safety infrastructure and operability in order to provide excellent service and protection to County residents.	5: Provide police, fire, rescue and water rescue personnel with state-of-the-art equipment.	High	On-going
Public Safety	1: To improve public safety infrastructure and operability in order to provide excellent service and protection to County residents.	6: Plan for the replacement of vehicles and other capital items through the CIP.	High	On-going
Public Safety	1: To improve public safety infrastructure and operability in order to provide excellent service and protection to County residents.	7: Utilize the fire fighter auxiliary to supplement county resources, increase community involvement, and to raise money for the fire fighters equipment, protective gear, and improvements needed for the fire houses.	High	On-going
Public Safety	1: To improve public safety infrastructure and operability in order to provide excellent service and protection to County residents.	8: Provide funding for emergency preparedness training and administration.	High	On-going
Public Safety	1: To improve public safety infrastructure and operability in order to provide excellent service and protection to County residents.	9: Implement a cost recovery program, at no cost to the tax payer, to help offset the increased costs associated with paid fire and rescue personnel and county-owned equipment.	High	Future
Public Safety	2: To promote the effectiveness of community-based programs.	1: Hire crime prevention specialist officer in order to initiate a community policing program throughout the county.	Medium	Future
Public Safety	2: To promote the effectiveness of community-based programs.	2: Community policing will foster Neighborhood Watch programs to enhance security within neighborhoods.	Medium	Future
Public Safety	2: To promote the effectiveness of community-based programs.	3: Maintain a high level of communication between the Sheriff's Office, and other emergency services, and the ARES/RACES community resources to ensure a redundant and robust emergency communications system.	Medium	Future

Chapters	Goals	Implementation Strategy	Strategy Priority	Status
Public Safety	2: To promote the effectiveness of community-based programs.	4: Conduct hunter safety classes in cooperation with the Game Warden or other local law enforcement officials at least twice a year through the Parks Department at no charge.	Medium	Future
Public Safety	2: To promote the effectiveness of community-based programs.	5: Advance the dialogue between law enforcement and the community concerning the need to reduce adult and juvenile crime rates through education and citizen participation at county events such as the county fair, Old Farm Day, Senior Citizen Day, etc.	Medium	Future
Public Safety	2: To promote the effectiveness of community-based programs.	6: Enhance the community's disaster preparedness and response capability through increased education and training programs, and expanded partnerships with area business, nonprofit, and faith-based organizations.	Medium	On-going
Public Safety	3: To strengthen the human capital component of emergency services.	1: Support fire and rescue volunteers with open communication between the county government and volunteer organizations.	Medium	On-going
Public Safety	3: To strengthen the human capital component of emergency services.	2: Hire a director of public safety to enhance Fluvanna's emergency preparedness, provide assistance to the fire chiefs and rescue captains, and provide coordination between emergency services, government agencies, citizens, and state and federal agencies.	Medium	Future
Public Safety	3: To strengthen the human capital component of emergency services.	3: Create paid positions for fire and rescue operations.	Medium	Future
Public Safety	3: To strengthen the human capital component of emergency services.	4: Maintain a school resource officer in the middle and high schools to provide safer campuses and additional resources for school officials.	Medium	Future
Public Safety	3: To strengthen the human capital component of emergency services.	5: Establish and maintain funding levels that are competitive within the region, and for Fluvanna's population and growth rate, in order to provide the most efficient and effective public safety services.	Medium	Future
Public Safety	4: To integrate the provision of emergency services with other county and regional policies.	1: Amend the subdivision ordinance to restrict the construction of hammer-head roads.	Medium	Future

Chapters	Goals	Implementation Strategy	Strategy Priority	Status
Public Safety	4: To integrate the provision of emergency services with other county and regional policies.	2: Modify fire code and ordinances to require notification of intent to burn brush.	Medium	Future
Public Safety	4: To integrate the provision of emergency services with other county and regional policies.	3: Amend the subdivision ordinance to require defensible space provisions as recommended by the Virginia Department of Forestry.	Medium	Future
Public Safety	4: To integrate the provision of emergency services with other county and regional policies.	4: Educate citizens on existing health and disaster plans, such as the state mandated Hazard Mitigation Plan.	Medium	On-going
Financial Sustainability	1: Synchronize the Capital Improvements Program (CIP) with the Comprehensive Plan, level-of-services standards, and impact fee/proffer programs.	1: Ensure that the County's Capital Improvements Program (CIP) is consistent with the Comprehensive Plan.	High	On-going
Financial Sustainability	1: Synchronize the Capital Improvements Program (CIP) with the Comprehensive Plan, level-of-services standards, and impact fee/proffer programs.	2: Align the CIP with level-of-services standards and impact fee/proffer programs so that development helps to finance public services and improvements that it will require, resulting in a revenue neutral or positive impact to the County.	High	Future
Financial Sustainability	1: Synchronize the Capital Improvements Program (CIP) with the Comprehensive Plan, level-of-services standards, and impact fee/proffer programs.	3: Expand CIP form to include justification as to how each agency request supports the Comprehensive Plan.	High	Completed
Financial Sustainability	2: Seek to maximize revenue streams from new development.	1: Establish level-of-services standards that must be met by every residential, commercial and industrial development as a condition of rezoning.	Medium	Future
Financial Sustainability	2: Seek to maximize revenue streams from new development.	2: Develop a comprehensive policy with guidelines regarding proffers (cash or otherwise) and/or impact fees to mitigate capital and services costs, as appropriate, to minimize the impact on County resources.	High	In Progress
Financial Sustainability	2: Seek to maximize revenue streams from new development.	3: Reward development in the designated growth areas with higher density and access to public infrastructure.	High	In Progress

Chapters	Goals	Implementation Strategy	Strategy Priority	Status
Financial Sustainability	3: Achieve maximum cost savings through efficiency and effectiveness in County operations.	1: Continue to use budgeting techniques that minimize waste and maximize economic efficiencies within all agencies.	High	On-going
Financial Sustainability	3: Achieve maximum cost savings through efficiency and effectiveness in County operations.	2: Fully fund the Comprehensive Classification, Pay and Benefits Study and update current procedures to reduce costs and reduce costly turnover.	High	Future
Financial Sustainability	3: Achieve maximum cost savings through efficiency and effectiveness in County operations.	3: Establish a Financial Sustainability Task Force, consisting of County officials and citizens, to identify and develop best practices necessary to ensure County operations and policies are, and remain, cost-effective.	High	Future

APPENDIX E: LONG-RANGE PLANNING SCHEDULE (2013)

Project	Research/Preparation	Work Sessions/Draft Revisions	Planning Commission Public Hearing
Amend A-1 zoning district, create new rural zoning district	January—May	May—June	July
Cash Proffers	January—February	March—April	May
TDR/PDR (To be discussed with rural zoning issues, however, to develop specific program policies will take additional research and discussion)	May—July	July-August	September
Comprehensive Plan Review	March—August	August—October	November